

IBM Systems - iSeries
Networking
REXEC





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Networking
REXEC

Version 5 Release 4

Note Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices," on page 11.

Fifth Edition (February 2006)

This edition applies to version 5, release 4, modification 0 of IBM i5/OS (product number 5722–SS1) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions. This version does not run on all reduced instruction set computer (RISC) models nor does it run on CISC models.

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REXEC

The Remote Execution (REXEC) server is a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

- I application that allows a client user to submit system commands to a remote server system. The Remote
- Execution Protocol (REXEC) allows processing of these commands or programs on any host in the
- I network. The local host then receives the results of the command processing.

The user's client program sends the user identifier, password, and command to run to the server. The server validates the user, runs the requested command, and returns the results of the command to the client.

Commands submitted to the iSeries[™] host fall into following categories:

i5/OS[™] command processor

You run i5/OS command processor commands by specifying QCAPCMD as the target of the client REXEC.

Qshell command interpreter (i5/OS option 30)

You can use the Qshell interpreter by specifying qsh as the target of client REXEC.

"Spawned paths"

You can run any iSeries program in a "child" (spawned) job by specifying the complete path to the program or shell script as the target of the REXEC command.

Related information

iSeries Navigator

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Change attributes

The Change REXEC Attributes (CHGRXCA) command changes the REXEC server attributes.

Note: You must have *IOSYSCFG special authority to make changes to the REXEC attributes with the CHGRXCA command.

The following are two ways to get to this command prompt:

- Specify the CHGRXCA command.
- Select Option 17 on the Configure TCP/IP Applications (CFGTCPAPP) display.

```
Change REXEC Attributes (CHGRXCA)

Type choices, press Enter.

Autostart server . . . . . . *YES *YES, *NO, *SAME
Number of initial servers . . . 2 1-20, *SAME, *DFT
Inactivity timeout . . . . . 300 1-2147483647, *SAME, *DFT
Coded character set identifier 00437 1-65533, *SAME, *DFT
```

Figure 1. Change REXEC Attributes (CHGRXCA)

REXEC command considerations

This topic describes items to be aware of when you use the REXEC command.

The REXEC server is restricted to running commands that are allowed in batch jobs. The command must have *BATCH as one of the *Where allowed to run* values.

The maximum length of a command that the REXEC server can process is 4000 bytes. Some REXEC clients limit the command to a smaller length.

For spawned paths, the program that runs in the child process must be either a program object in the QSYS.LIB file system (*PGM object) or a shell script. You must specify the path with the correct syntax for the file system in which the file exists.

For Qshell commands, you can put the same commands that you enter at an interactive command line into a noninteractive shell script.

Select a command processor

This topic explains command processors you can select for the REXEC server.

You can use the REXEC server command processing selection exit program (QIBM_QTMX_SVR_SELECT) to select which command processor the REXEC server uses to run the submitted command. (If you do not use an exit program, the REXEC server uses the Control Language (QCAPCMD) processor.) The allowed command processors are:

- Control Language (QCAPCMD)
- Qshell interpreter
- Spawned path (a shell script or program object)

Because data conversion is optional for the Qshell and spawn options, the exit program also selects whether the REXEC server performs ASCII-EBCDIC conversions on the stdin, stdout, and stderr streams.

REXEC connection usage

The REXEC protocol allows an REXEC client to specify whether to use one or two connections for returning data.

For i5/OS CL command processing

View this topic to understand CL command processing.

If you choose i5/OS CL command processing and two connections, normal output returns on the first connection, and error output returns on the second connection. The REXEC server returns all spooled data that is written to the default printer file (*PRTF). This includes data that is written to the screen if the command is run in an interactive job. Any messages written to the job log return to the client on the second connection.

If the client specifies that all data returns on a single connection, the job log messages are returned first, followed by any spooled output.

For Qshell and spawned path command processing

Read this information to see how Qshell and spawned path command processing works.

For Qshell or spawned path command processing, the REXEC server by default returns normal output on the first connection and error output on the second connection. (The REXEC stdin, stdout, and stderr streams are mapped to file descriptors 0, 1, and 2. The QIBM_USE_DESCRIPTOR_STDIO environment variable is set to Y.) These options allow you to redirect input and output.

Choosing the Qshell command processor sets these environment variables:

- TERMINAL TYPE=REMOTE
- PATH=/usr/bin
- LOGNAME= *user*, where *user* is the user profile
- HOME=homedir, where homedir is the user's home directory

The child job inherits any other environment variables that the exit program sets.

Spawned child processes are batch jobs or prestart jobs. They cannot do interactive I/O. See WebSphere®

Development Studio: ILE C/C++ Programmer's Guide * for complete details on this support.

Spooled output considerations

View this topic to understand how the REXEC server processes spooled files.

The REXEC server overrides the default printer file (*PRTF) to capture spooled output. Any resulting spooled files are tagged with the user data field set to REXECSVR. After the REXEC server runs the specified command, each spooled file with this user data tag is retrieved, returned to the client, and then deleted. If more than one spooled file is created, the files are processed in the order created, as determined by the spooled file number.

If the command or program run through REXEC performs its own print file override and changes the user data, the REXEC server is unable to capture and return the resulting spooled data.

Note: These considerations apply only to i5/OS CL commands.

Client considerations

This topic describes items to be aware of when you work with REXEC client.

The iSeries REXEC client (RUNRMTCMD) uses a single connection for returned data, which is written to a spooled file on the client system.

The UNIX®, OS/2®, and Windows® REXEC clients all use two connections, returning the normal output to the stdout stream and the error output to the stderr stream.

The VM REXEC client uses a single connection for the returned data, which is written to the console of the user.

REXEC server jobs and job names

This topic includes information about REXEC server jobs and job names.

REXEC server jobs start when you run the STRTCP command and set the REXEC AUTOSTART parameter to *YES. You can also start REXEC server jobs by running the STRTCPSVR command with a SERVER parameter of *REXEC or *ALL. These jobs run in the QSYSWRK subsystem. Their purpose is monitoring and processing requests from REXEC client users. The format for the names of these jobs is QTRXCnnnnn, where nnnnn is a 5-digit decimal number.

To work with jobs in the QSYSWRK subsystem, including REXEC server jobs, specify the following command:

WRKSBSJOB SBS(QSYSWRK)

If you choose to have commands processed by the Qshell command interpreter, you start Qshell by using the spawn() application programming interface (API) to create a child job.

If you choose to have commands interpreted as spawn path names, the REXEC server treats command strings as path names and passes them to the spawn() API. Spawned child processes are batch jobs or prestart jobs. Shell scripts are allowed for the child process. If you specify a shell script, the appropriate shell interpreter program is called. The shell script must be a text file and must contain this format on the first line of the file: #!interpreter_path <options>.

Create REXEC server spooled job logs

Use this information to create REXEC server spooled job logs.

The REXEC server automatically writes a server job log to a spooled file when it ends with an error.

To have a spooled job log produced at the end of each REXEC session and each time the REXEC server ends, use the CHGJOBD command as follows:

CHGJOBD JOBD(QTCP/QTMXRXCS) LOG(4 00 *SECLVL)

To obtain a spooled job log only when a server ends, use the CHGJOBD command as follows: CHGJOBD JOBD(QTCP/QTMXRXCS) LOG(4 00 *NOLIST)

Exit points for controlling REXEC server

This topic includes information about exit points that can be used for controlling REXEC server.

With the use of exit programs, the experienced programmer can create customized processing during an application. If the REXEC server finds a program registered to one of the exit points for the server, it calls that program using parameters that are defined by the exit point.

An exit point is a specific point in the REXEC program where control can pass to an exit program. An exit program is a program to which the exit point passes control.

For each exit point, there is an associated programming interface, called an exit point interface. The exit point uses this interface to pass information between the REXEC application and the exit program. Each exit point has a unique name. Each exit point interface has an exit point format name that defines how information is passed between the REXEC application and the customer-written exit program.

Different exit points can share the same exit point interface. When this is the case, multiple exit points can call a single exit program.

Exit point performance

The following table lists exit points that give you additional control over the REXEC server.

Table 1. TCP/IP exit points

TCP/IP exit points	Brief description	Exit points formats used
QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_REQ	The TCP/IP request validation exit point provides additional control for restricting an operation.	VLRQ0100
QIBM_QTMX_SVR_LOGON ¹	The TCP/IP server logon exit point provides additional control over authenticating a user and setting up the user's environment for the REXEC server.	TCPL0100 TCPL0300
QIBM_QTMX_SVR_SELECT	The REXEC server command processing selection exit point allows you to specify which command processor the REXEC server uses for interpreting and running your commands.	"RXCS0100"

¹An exit point might have more than one format, but an exit program can only be registered for one of the exit point formats. Examine each of these formats, and then choose the one most appropriate for your system.

Notes:

- The same interface format is used for request validation for the FTP client, FTP server, REXEC server, and TFTP server. This allows the use of one exit program for request validation of any combination of these applications.
- The same interface format is used for server log-on processing for the FTP server and REXEC server applications. This allows the use of one exit program to process log-on requests for both of these applications.

Related information

Use server exit programs VLRQ0100 TCPL0100 TCPL0300

RXCS0100

The REXEC server command processing selection (RXCS0100) exit point allows you to specify which command processor the REXEC server uses for interpreting and running your commands.

- The RXCS0100 exit program enables you to select:
- Which command processor runs the command that the REXEC client user provides
- Whether the REXEC server converts data between ASCII and EBCDIC (for Qshell commands or spawn path names)

Table 2. Required parameter group

Parameter	Description	Input or output	Type and length
1	User profile	Input	Char(10)
2	Remote IP address	Input	Char(*)
3	Length of remote IP address	Input	Binary(4)
4	Command string	Input	Char(*)
5	Length of command string	Input	Binary(4)
6	Command processor identifier	Output	Binary(4)
7	Character conversion option	Output	Binary(4)

Exit point format name: RXCS0100

Exit point name: QIBM_QTMF_SVR_SELECT

Note: Character data passes to the exit program in the coded character set identifier (CCSID) of the job. If the job CCSID is 65535, the server uses the default CCSID of the job.

Required parameter group

User profile

INPUT; CHAR(10) The user profile under which the requested operations is run.

Remote IP address

INPUT; CHAR(*) The Internet protocol (IP) address of the REXEC client system. This string is in dotted decimal format, left justified.

Length of remote IP address

INPUT; BINARY(4) Indicates the length (in bytes) of the remote IP address.

Command string

INPUT; CHAR(*) The command to be run as specified by the REXEC client.

Length of command string

INPUT; BINARY(4) Indicates the length (in bytes) of the command string.

Command processor identifier

OUTPUT; BINARY(4) Indicates the command processor that you want the server to use for interpreting and running the command. The following values are valid:

Table 3. Valid values

Value	Operation
0	i5/OS control language — The server processes the command as an i5/OS control language (CL) command. This is the default value.
1	Qshell command — The Qshell command interpreter processes the command. The server uses the spawn() application programming interface (API) to call Qshell as a child job.
2	Spawn path name — The server treats the command name as a path name and passes it to the spawn() application programming interface (API), which runs as the child job.

Character conversion option

OUTPUT; BINARY(4) Indicates whether the REXEC server performs ASCII-EBCDIC character conversion for data that is passed on the stdin, stdout, and stderr streams. These values are valid:

Table 4. Valid values

Value	Operation	
0	Do not convert data. The server transfers all data on the stdin, stdout, and stderr streams without converting it.	
1	Convert data. This is the default.	
	• The server converts data in the stdin stream from the ASCII CCSID that the CHGRXCA command specifies to the job CCSID. If the job CCSID is 65535, the server uses the default CCSID of the job.	
	• The server converts data in the stdout and stderr streams from the job CCSID to the ASCII CCSID that the CHGRXCA command specifies. If the job CCSID is 65535, the server uses the default CCSID of the job.	

Usage notes

- If you add exit programs to both the QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_REQ and QIBM_QTMX_SVR_SELECT exit points, REXEC server first calls the exit program that you add to the QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_REQ exit point. If this program allows the operation, the server then calls the exit program that you add to the QIBM_QTMX_SVR_SELECT exit point.
- When you set the Command processor identifier parameter to 0 (i5/OS control language command), the conversion option is ignored. The server always performs character conversion for the CL commands.
- When you set the command processor identifier to 1 (Qshell Command), the server sets these environment variables:
 - TERMINAL_TYPE=REMOTE
 - PATH= /usr/bin:
 - LOGNAME= user (where user is the user profile)
 - HOME= homedir (where homedir is the user's home directory)

Determine problems with REXEC

Read the following information to learn how to determine problems with REXEC.

If you detect a problem when using the REXEC server, you can use the following flow chart and cause lists to identify potential problems. However, you may be having problems with general TCP/IP connectivity. In that case, it may be beneficial to first use the TCP/IP troubleshooting topic to identify basic TCP/IP problems before using the REXEC flow chart for more localized problems.

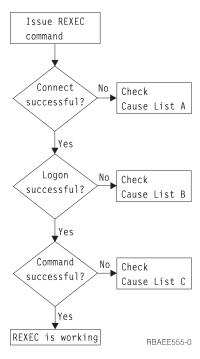


Figure 2. REXEC Server Problem Analysis

Cause List A

- 1. Check to see that the REXEC server is running. If not, start it with the STRTCPSVR SERVER(*REXEC) command.
- 2. If the message "Connection refused" is returned to the REXEC client, check the exit program associated with the exit point QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_REQ. This exit program has either specified that the connection should be rejected, returned a value that is not correct for the Allow Operation parameter, or ended abnormally. Examine the REXEC server job log for messages. Resolve any problems with the exit program and install the corrected version.

· Cause List B

- 1. Check your user ID and password by logging on to the system. If you are unable to do so, contact the system administrator to verify that your user ID and password are correct.
- 2. Check the exit program associated with exit point QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_LOGON (if any). This exit program has either specified that the connection should be rejected, returned a value this is not correct for the Allow Operation parameter, or ended abnormally. Examine the REXEC server job log for messages.

· Cause List C

- 1. Check for any job log messages returned to the REXEC client. Resolve any indicated problems and try the command again.
- 2. If the message "Command Rejected" is returned to the REXEC client, check the exit program associated with the exit point QIBM_QTMX_SERVER_REQ. This exit program may be specifying that the command should be rejected, returning a value this is not correct for the Allow Operation parameter, or ending abnormally. Examine the REXEC server job log for messages. Resolve any problems with the exit program and install the corrected version.
- 3. Verify that the correct ASCII CCSID is configured for the REXEC server. If not, set the correct CCSID with the CHGRXCA command.

Materials required for reporting REXEC problems

This information specifies materials required for reporting REXEC problems.

Any REXEC problem reported to IBM® should include the following information:

- A communications trace from the time of the failure (Request TCP/IP data only) formatted for ASCII.
- If the REXEC server has logged software error data, submit this information.

Note: The system value QSFWERRLOG must be set to *LOG for software error logging to take place. If an error occurs while QSFWERRLOG is set to *NOLOG, change the value to *LOG, try to re-create the error, and submit the logged software error data. If logged software error data is submitted, there is no need to perform a trace of the REXEC server.

The QTCPIP and any REXEC server job logs.

Related information

Communications trace

Get a copy of a REXEC server job log

To get a copy of the REXEC server job log, you need to create it.

To have the REXEC server save job logs, see "Create REXEC server spooled job logs" on page 4.

Trace the REXEC server

The REXEC server can be traced by creating a data area. Note that running the REXEC server with trace running may cause a significant performance impact.

To trace the REXEC server, follow these steps:

- Create the data area using the following command: CRTDTAARA DTAARA(QUSRSYS/QTMXRXCDBG) TYPE(*LGL) LEN(1)
- 2. Perform the REXEC operation that you want to trace.
- 3. Delete the data area using the following command: DLTDTAARA DTAARA(QUSRSYS/QTMXRXCDBG)
- 4. Enter the following command to find the output queue:

DSPSYSVAL QPRTDEV

For example, the following display appears:

```
Display System Value

System value . . . : QPRTDEV

Description . . . : Printer device description

Printer device . . : PRT01 Name
```

Figure 3. Display System Value Display

The printer device is also the name of the default system output queue.

- 5. Record the name of the printer device. In this example, PRT01 is the printer device.
- 6. Press F12 (Cancel) to return to the display where you entered the DSPSYSVAL command.
- 7. Type the following command:

WRKOUTQ OUTQ(printer-device)

Replace printer-device with the printer device recorded in the previous display. PRT01 is the output queue in this example. For example, the following display appears:

```
Work with Output Queue
Queue: PRT01
                      Library: QGPL
                                                Status: RLS
Type options, press Enter.
 1=Send 2=Change 3=Hold 4=Delete 5=Display 6=Release 7=Messages
8=Attributes 9=Work with printing status
 8=Attributes
               User
QTCP
Opt File
                           User Data Sts Pages Copies Form Type Pty
    QTCPPRT
                                             46 1
44 1
                            QTMSMTP
                                       HLD
                                                            *STD
                                                                         5
                QSECOFR
    QPSRVTRC
                                       HLD
                                                            *STD
                                                                         5
```

Figure 4. Work with Output Queue Display

- 8. Press F18 (Bottom) to get to the bottom of the spooled file list if More... appears on the display.
- 9. Find the last file named QPSRVTRC with the same user as the user who was logged on the REXEC server when the trace was created.
- 10. Press F11 (View 2) to view the date and time of the file you want to work with.
- 11. Verify that you are working with the most recent spooled file, QPSRVTRC.
- 12. Indicate in the problem report that the trace was tried and it failed. Send whatever trace information there is with the problem report.

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