



IBM Systems - iSeries

i5/OS Commands

Starting with DLTF (Delete File)

Version 5 Release 4





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Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the information in "Notices," on page 321.

Second Edition (February 2006)

This edition applies to version 5, release 4, modification 0 of i5/OS (product number 5722-SS1) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions. This version does not run on all reduced instruction set computer (RISC) models nor does it run on CICS models.

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Delete File (DLTF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Conditional

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete File (DLTF) command deletes one or more files from the system.

If a database (physical or logical) file is deleted, all members contained in the file are also deleted. A physical file can be deleted only if no logical files are associated with it. If an intersystem communications function (ICF) file is deleted, all the program device entries contained in the file are also deleted. If the file being deleted is being used by a program (the file is open), the file is not deleted.

A delete operation by generic name deletes every file with that generic name that is eligible to be deleted. For each file that cannot be deleted, a diagnostic message is sent. Files can be ineligible to be deleted for the following reasons:

- Logical files must be deleted before the physical files on which they are based can be deleted.
- SQL views must be deleted before the physical files, SQL tables, or SQL views on which they are based can be deleted.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) and object operational (*OBJOPR) authorities for the file. You also need execute (*EXECUTE) authority for the library that contains the file.
- If a physical file is being deleted and a logical file is using the data in the physical file, the logical file must be deleted first.
- If a physical file or SQL view is referenced in the select-list of an SQL materialized query table, DLTF is not allowed. The materialized query table must be deleted first.
- If the DLTF command is entered when debugging and UPDPROD(*NO) was specified on the Start Debug (STRDBG) or Change Debug (CHGDBG) command, a physical file that contains data and is in a production library cannot be deleted.
- This command is conditionally threadsafe. In multithreaded jobs, this command is not threadsafe for distributed files and fails for distributed files that use relational databases of type *SNA. This command is also not threadsafe and fails for Distributed Data Management (DDM) files of type *SNA, when SYSTEM(*RMT) or SYSTEM(*FILETYPE) is specified.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FILE	File	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: File	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	
SYSTEM	System	<i>*LCL, *RMT, *FILETYPE</i>	Optional
RMVCST	Remove constraint	<i>*RESTRICT, *REMOVE, *KEEP</i>	Optional

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File (FILE)

This is a required parameter.

Specifies the file or files to be deleted. A specific file name or a generic file name can be specified.

Files that are defined or established as parent or dependent files of a referential constraint can be deleted. If the file being deleted is a dependent file, the following items are also removed:

- All constraint relationships for the dependent file
- All foreign key access paths and foreign keys for the dependent file

If the file being deleted is a parent file, the **Remove constraint (RMVCST)** parameter is used to specify the constraint relationships to be removed.

Qualifier 1: File

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the file being deleted. A generic name can be specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*).

name Specify the name of the file to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library exists in the library list, library QGPL is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched. If an object name is specified (instead of a generic name), the first object found with that name is deleted.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL

program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

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System (SYSTEM)

Specifies whether the file is deleted from the local system or from a remote system.

***LCL** The file is deleted from the local system.

***RMT** The file is deleted from a remote system. A DDM file must be specified for the **File (FILE)** parameter. The DDM file identifies the file to be deleted and also identifies the remote system.

***FILETYPE**

The file is deleted from the local system if a DDM file is not specified for the **FILE** parameter. If a DDM file is specified for the **FILE** parameter, the remote file identifier in the DDM file is deleted from the remote system.

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Remove constraint (RMVCST)

Specifies how much of the constraint relationships are removed in the associated set of dependent files when you are deleting a parent file of a referential constraint.

***RESTRICT**

The parent file is not deleted and the constraint relationship is not removed if a constraint relationship is defined or established between the parent file and a dependent file. Neither the foreign key access path nor the foreign key of the dependent file is removed.

***REMOVE**

The constraint relationship between the parent file and a dependent file is removed. The corresponding foreign key access path (if one exists and is not shared) and foreign key of a dependent file are removed.

***KEEP**

The constraint relationship is no longer established, but the constraint definition is not removed. Neither the foreign key access path nor the foreign key of the dependent file is removed.

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Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Specific File

```
DLTF FILE(BILLING/ORDERS)
```

This command deletes the file named **ORDERS** in library **BILLING**. Only the **BILLING** library is searched for the file.

Example 2: Deleting a Parent File of a Referential Constraint

```
DLTF FILE(BILLING/QUERIES) RMVCST(*KEEP)
```

This command deletes the file named **QUERIES** in the library **BILLING**. Because the **QUERIES** file is a parent file of a referential constraint, the established referential constraint is removed, but the definition of the constraint is not removed.

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF0601

Not allowed to do operation to file &1 in &2.

CPF0605

Device file &1 in &2 saved with storage freed.

CPF0607

File deleted by another job.

CPF0610

File &1 in &2 not available.

CPF0675

Device file &1 in &2 is in use.

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2190

Not able to do remote delete or rename request.

CPF320B

Operation was not valid for database file &1.

CPF3203

Cannot allocate object for file &1 in &2.

CPF3219

Cannot delete file or member of file &1 in &2.

CPF3220

Cannot do operation on file &1 in &2.

CPF323C

QRECOVERY library could not be allocated.

CPF324B

Cannot allocate dictionary for file &1.

CPF3252

Maximum number of machine locks exceeded.

CPF326A

Operation not successful for file &1 in library &2.

CPF327F

Operation not successful for file &1 in library &2.

CPF3273

File or member not created, deleted or changed.

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Delete Font Resource (DLTFNTRSC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Font Resource (DLTFNTRSC) command deletes a font resource from the specified library. If the font resource is found, it is deleted. If the font resource is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the font resource could not be found.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FNTRSC	Font resource	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Font resource	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

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Font resource (FNTRSC)

Specifies the font resource to delete. A specific font resource or a generic font resource can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Font resource

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the font resources to delete. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all font resources that have names with the same prefix as the generic font resource name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the font resource to delete.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched for font resources to delete. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Font Resource in the Current Library

```
DLTFNTRSC  FNTRSC(*CURLIB/FNTRSC1)
```

This command deletes the font resource FNTRSC1 if it is in the current library.

Example 2: Deleting Font Resources in All Libraries

```
DLTFNTRSC  FNTRSC(*ALLUSR/FNTRSC1)
```

This command deletes all the font resources named FNTRSC1 in all the user's libraries. Libraries starting with a Q, except for QPGL, are not searched.

Example 3: Deleting Font Resources that Begin with FD

```
DLTFNTRSC  FNTRSC(*LIBL/FD*)
```

This command deletes all the font resources that begin with FD in the job's library list.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Font Table (DLTFNTTBL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Font Table (DLTFNTTBL) command deletes the specified font table.

Refer to Printer Device Programming, SC41-5713 for more information on font mapping tables.

Restrictions:

- The Print Services Facility (PSF) feature is required to use this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FNTTBL	Font table	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Font table	<i>Name, *PHFCS, *HPFCS, *PHCP, *HPCP</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Font table (FNTTBL)

Specifies the font table to be deleted.

Single values

*PHFCS

The printer-resident to host-resident font character set table is to be deleted.

*PHCP

The printer-resident to host-resident code page mapping table is to be deleted.

*HPFCS

The host-resident to printer-resident font character set table is to be deleted.

*HPCP

The host-resident to printer-resident code page mapping table is to be deleted.

Qualifier 1: Font table

name The printer-resident to printer-resident mapping table is to be deleted.

The name of a font table must be specified when a printer-resident to printer-resident font substitution table is to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

*LIBL Search all libraries in the job's library list until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library is used to locate the font table. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

name Specify the name of the library where the font table is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTFNTTBL FNTTBL(MYLIB/MYFNTTBL)
```

This command deletes the printer-resident to printer-resident font mapping table named MYFNTTBL from library MYLIB.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF9801

Object &2 in library &3 not found.

CPF9802

Not authorized to object &2 in &3.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

CPF9805

Object &2 in library &3 destroyed.

CPF9810

Library &1 not found.

CPF9811

Program &1 in library &2 not found.

CPF9820

Not authorized to use library &1.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

Top

Delete Form Definition (DLTFORMDF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Form Definition (DLTFORMDF) command deletes a form definition from the specified library. If the form definition is found, it is deleted. If the form definition is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the form definition could not be found.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FORMDF	Form definition	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Form definition	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Form definition (FORMDF)

Specifies the form definition to be deleted. A specific form definition or a generic form definition can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Form definition

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the form definitions to delete. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all form definitions that have names with the same prefix as the generic form definition are deleted.

name Specify the name of the form definition to delete.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched for form definitions to delete. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting the First Occurrence of a Specified Form Definition

```
DLTFORMDF  FORMDF(*LIBL/FORMDF1)
```

This command deletes the first occurrence of FORMDF1 if it was found in the library list.

Example 2: Deleting All Occurrences of a Specified Form Definition

```
DLTFORMDF  FORMDF(*ALLUSR/FORMDF1)
```

This command deletes all the form definitions named FORMDF1 in all user libraries. Libraries beginning with a Q, except for the QGPL library, are not searched.

Example 3: Deleting Form Definitions That Begin With FD

```
DLTFORMDF  FORMDF(*USERLIBL/FD*)
```

This command deletes all the form definitions that begin with FD in all the user libraries.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Filter (DLTFTR)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Filter (DLTFTR) command deletes a filter object from the specified library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FILTER	Filter	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Filter	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Filter (FILTER)

Specifies the qualified name of the filter being deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries in the user portion of the job's library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX QRCLxxxxx QUSRIJS QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL QSRVAGT QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38 QSYS2 QUSRNOTES
QMGTC QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2 QS36F QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA QUSER38 QUSRPOSSA

QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

filter-name

Specify the name of the filter being deleted.

generic*-filter-name

Specify the generic name of the filter being deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, then all filters with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are deleted. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete filter name.

Top

Examples

```
DLTFTR  FILTER(MYLIB/MYFILTER)
```

This command deletes filter MYFILTER from library MYLIB.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Graphic Symbol Set (DLTGSS)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Graphics Symbol Set (DLTGSS) command allows you to delete a graphics symbol set or group of graphics symbol sets from one or more libraries.

Restriction: You must have object existence authority for the graphics symbol set to be deleted.

[Top](#)

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
GSS	Graphics symbol set	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Graphics symbol set	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

[Top](#)

Graphics symbol set (GSS)

Specifies the name and library of the graphics symbol set(s) being deleted. A specific graphics symbol set or a generic graphics symbol set can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

The possible values are:

graphics-symbol-set-name

Specify the name of the graphics symbol set being deleted.

generic-graphics-symbol-set-name*

Specify the generic name of the graphics symbol set that is being deleted. A generic name can be specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*).

Caution: If a generic name is specified for the GSS parameter, then all graphics symbol sets that have names with the same prefix as the generic graphics symbol set are deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is used to locate the graphics symbol set. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

*USRLIBL

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

library-name

Specify the library that is used. You must have operational authority for the library specified here.

Top

Examples

```
DLTGSS GSS(ADMUVTIP)
```

This command deletes graphics symbol set ADMUVTIP from the system.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete DBCS Conversion Dict (DLTIGCDCT)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete DBCS Conversion Dictionary (DLTIGCDCT) command deletes the specified double-byte character set (DBCS) conversion dictionary from the system. The dictionary contains alphanumeric entries and their related DBCS words. The system refers to DBCS conversion dictionaries when doing DBCS conversion.

You must have the following authority to use this command:

- Object operational authority for this command
- Object operational and object existence authority for the dictionary
- Object operational authority to the library in which the dictionary is stored.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
IGCDCT	DBCS conversion dictionary	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: DBCS conversion dictionary	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB</i>	

Top

DBCS conversion dictionary (IGCDCT)

Specifies the double-byte character set (DBCS) conversion dictionary to be deleted and the library in which it is stored.

This is a required parameter.

dictionary-name

Specify the DBCS conversion dictionary to be deleted.

generic*-name

Specify a group of dictionaries to be deleted. A generic name can be specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*).

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is used to locate the dictionary. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

library-name

Specify the library where the dictionary is located.

Examples

DLTIGCDCT IGCDCT(DBCSLIB/IGCDCT*)

This command causes the system to delete each DBCS conversion dictionary whose name starts with the characters IGCDCT in library DBCSLIB.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete DBCS Sort Table (DLTIGCSRT)

Where allowed to run:

- Interactive job (*INTERACT)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)
- Batch REXX procedure (*BREXX)
- Interactive REXX procedure (*IREXX)
- Using QCMDEXEC, QCAEXEC, or QCAPCMD API (*EXEC)

Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The DLTIGCSRT (Delete DBCS Sort Table) command deletes a DBCS sort table (object type *IGCSRT) from the system.

[Top](#)

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
IGCSRT	DBCS sort table	<i>Qualifier list</i>	Optional, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: DBCS sort table	<i>Name</i>	

[Top](#)

DBCS sort table (IGCSRT)

Specifies the name of the DBCS sort table object. This table must exist in library QSYS.

The possible values are:

table-name

The name of the DBCS sort table object.

[Top](#)

Examples

None

[Top](#)

Error messages

Unknown

[Top](#)

Delete DBCS Font Table (DLTIGCTBL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete DBCS Font Table (DLTIGCTBL) command deletes the specified double-byte character set (DBCS) font table from the system. DBCS font tables contain the images of double-byte extension characters used on your system and are used for displaying and printing these characters in various matrix sizes, depending on the matrix used by the device. You might consider deleting a table that displays and prints characters in a dot matrix pattern not used by your system. Deleting the table saves system storage. Before deleting a table, you also might consider copying it to tape or diskette for future use. To copy a table to tape or diskette, see the Copy DBCS Font Table (CPYIGCTBL) command.

Additional Considerations:

Do not delete a DBCS font table if any device attached to the system and currently varied on uses that table. If you delete the table, the system sends you a message identifying the following:

- Devices using the deleted tables
- Devices attached to the same controllers such as devices using the table being deleted
- Controllers that will be damaged the next time you try to print or display extension characters on those devices.

If such a problem occurs, do the following:

1. Vary off the affected devices (VRYCFG command).
2. Vary off the affected control unit.
3. Vary on the affected control unit.
4. Vary on the affected devices.
5. Continue normal system work.

For example, do not delete QIGC2424 when a Japanese 5555 display is varied on.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
IGCTBL	DBCS font table	Name, QIGC2424, QIGC2424K, QIGC2424C, QIGC2424S, QIGC3232, QIGC3232S	Optional, Positional 1

Top

DBCS font table (IGCTBL)

Specifies the name of the double-byte character set (DBCS) font table being deleted.

QIGC2424

The Japanese DBCS font table used for displaying and printing extension characters in a 24 by 24 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGC2424C

The Traditional Chinese DBCS font table used for printing extension characters in a 24 by 24 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGC2424K

The Korean DBCS font table used for printing extension characters in a 24 by 24 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGC2424S

The Simplified Chinese DBCS font table used for printing extension characters in a 24 by 24 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGC3232

The Japanese DBCS font table used for displaying and printing extension characters in a 32 by 32 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGC3232S

The Simplified Chinese DBCS font table is used for printing extension characters in a 32 by 32 dot matrix image is deleted.

QIGCrrcl

Specify the name of the DBCS font table to be deleted. The name must always be in the format QIGCrrcl, where *rr* is the table row matrix size, *cc* is the table column matrix size, and *l* is an optional language identifier.

Top

Examples

DLTIGCTBL IGCTBL(QIGC2424)

This command deletes the Japanese DBCS font table QIGC2424.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF8422

Not able to use DBCS font table &1.

CPF8425

Cancel reply received for message &1.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

Top

Delete Image Catalog (DLTIMGCLG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Image Catalog (DLTIMGCLG) command is used to delete an image catalog object (*IMGCLG) from library QUSRSYS and optionally delete the associated image files. The image files are located in the directory that was specified on the Create Image Catalog (CRTIMGCLG) command.

Restrictions:

- This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
- The following authorities are required to delete an image catalog:
 1. Execute (*EXECUTE) authority to library QUSRSYS.
 2. *OBJEXIST authority to the image catalog.
 3. Execute (*X) authority to each directory in the image catalog path name.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
IMGCLG	Image catalog	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
KEEP	Keep image files	*YES, *NO	Optional
DEPIMGCLG	Dependent image catalogs	*NODELETE, *DELETE	Optional

Top

Image catalog (IMGCLG)

Specifies the image catalog to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Keep image files (KEEP)

Specify whether the image files associated with the image catalog are to be kept.

***YES** Specify that the images associated with the image catalog will not be deleted.

***NO** Specify that the images associated with the image catalog will be deleted from the directory which contains the image files.

Top

Dependent image catalogs (DEPIMGCLG)

Specify whether to delete all dependent image catalogs.

*NODELETE

Specify that all dependent catalogs will not be deleted.

*DELETE

Specify that all dependent catalogs will be deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting an Image Catalog

```
DLTIMGCLG  IMGCLG(MYCLG)
```

This command deletes image catalog **MYCLG** from library **QUSRSYS** and leaves the associated image files.

Example 2: Deleting an Image Catalog with all Dependent Catalogs

```
DLTIMGCLG  IMGCLG(MYCLG) KEEP(*NO) DEPIMGCLG(*DELETE)
```

This command deletes image catalog **MYCLG**, all dependent catalogs, and all associated image files.

Example 3: Deleting an Image Catalog and the Associated Image Files

```
DLTIMGCLG  IMGCLG(MYCLG) KEEP(*NO)
```

This command deletes image catalog **MYCLG** from library **QUSRSYS** and all associated image files.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFBC18

Image catalog &1 not deleted.

CPFBC45

Image catalog &1 not found.

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete IPX Description (DLTIPXD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete IPX Description (DLTIPXD) command deletes IPX descriptions.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
IPXD	IPX description	<i>Qualifier list</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: IPX description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	

Top

IPX description (IPXD)

Specifies the name of the IPX description being deleted.

IPX-description-name

Specify the name of the IPX description being deleted.

generic*-IPX-description-name

Specify the generic name of the IPX description. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Examples

```
DLTIPXD IPXD(IPXDESC)
```

This command deletes the IPX Description named IPXDESC from the system.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF26C2

Active IPX description &1 cannot be changed or deleted.

Delete Job Description (DLTJOBDB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Job Description (DLTJOBDB) command deletes specified job descriptions from the system. Jobs already in process are not affected by this command.

Restrictions:

1. To use this command, you must have:
 - object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the job description being deleted and execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library containing that job description.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JOBDB	Job description	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Job description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Job description (JOBDB)

Specifies the name and library of the job descriptions being deleted. A specific job description or a generic job description can be specified; either type can be qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Job description

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the job descriptions being deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified for this parameter, all job descriptions that have names with the same prefix as the generic job description are deleted.

name Specify the name of the job description being deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the thread's library list are searched until a match is found. If a specific object name is specified (instead of a generic name), only the first object found to have that name is deleted.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is used to locate the object. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is used.

*USRLIBL

Only the libraries listed in the user portion of the library list are searched. If a specific object name is specified (instead of a generic name), only the first object found with that name is deleted.

***ALL** All libraries in auxiliary storage pools (ASPs) that are currently part of the thread's library name space will be searched. This includes the system ASP (ASP 1), all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32), and, if the thread has an ASP group, the primary and secondary ASPs in the thread's ASP group. Only your own QTEMP library is searched. All objects matching the specified name and object type in all libraries in the thread's name space are deleted.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library where the job description is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTJOBDB  JOBDB(MYLIB/MYJOBDB)
```

This command deletes the job description named MYJOBDB from library MYLIB.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

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Delete Job Queue (DLTJOBQ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Job Queue (DLTJOBQ) command deletes the specified job queue(s) from the system.

Restrictions

- The job queue being deleted cannot contain any entries: all jobs on the queue must be completed, deleted, or moved to a different job queue.
- A subsystem cannot be active to the job queue.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JOBQ	Job queue	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Job queue	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Job queue (JOBQ)

Specifies the job queue(s) to be deleted. A specific job queue or a generic job queue can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Job queue

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the job queues that are to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*), such as 'AR*'. If a generic name is specified, then all job queues that have names with the same prefix as the generic job queue name are deleted. The libraries searched for the job queues to be deleted depend on the library qualifier that is specified or assumed.

name Specify the name of the job queue to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPLGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

*CURLIB

The current library for the job is used to locate the job queue. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

name Specify the name of the library where the job queue is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTJOBQ JOBQ(SPECIALJQ)
```

This command deletes the job queue SPECIALJQ from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF1763

Cannot allocate one or more libraries.

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2207

Not authorized to use object &1 in library &3 type *&2.

CPF3324

Job queue &1 in &2 not deleted. Job queue in use.

CPF3330

Necessary resource not available.

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Delete Journal (DLTJRN)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Journal (DLTJRN) command deletes the specified journal or journals from the system.

Restrictions:

- Objects cannot be journaled to the specified journal, nor can any job that used this journal for commitment control still be active, when this command is issued. To determine if any objects are being journaled, issue the Work with Journal Attributes (WRKJRNA) command.
 - If any objects are being journaled, issue the End Journal Access Path (ENDJRNP), End Journal (ENDJRN), End Journal Object (ENDJRNOBJ), and End Journal Physical File (ENDJRNP) commands to end journaling.
 - If any job that used this journal for commitment control is still active, issue the End Job (ENDJOB) command for each active job.
- A journal cannot be deleted if it is actively receiving journal entries from its source journal or replicating journal entries to another remote journal. To determine the remote journaling information for a journal, use the Work with Journal Attributes (WRKJRNA) command. For more information regarding remote journaling, see the Journal Management information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JRN	Journal	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Journal	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Journal (JRN)

Specifies the name and library of the journal or journals being deleted. A specific journal name or a generic journal name can be specified; either type of journal name can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Journal

journal-name

Specify the name of the journal that is being deleted. If *LIBL or *USRLIBL is specified as the library name, only the first journal found to have this name is deleted. If *ALLUSR or *ALL is specified for the library name, journal objects by the name specified can be deleted from multiple libraries.

generic-journal-name*

Specify the generic name of the journal that is being deleted. A generic name can be specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTJRN JRN(MYLIB/JRNLA)
```

This command deletes the journal named JRNLA in library MYLIB from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2153

Journal QAUDJRN in library QSYS not deleted.

CPF2154

Objects of type authority holder cannot be displayed.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF70EA

Cannot delete journal &1 in &2.

CPF70E1

Cannot delete journal &1 in &2.

CPF701B

Journal recovery of an interrupted operation failed.

CPF7021

Cannot delete journal &1 in &2.

CPF9801

Object &2 in library &3 not found.

CPF9802

Not authorized to object &2 in &3.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

CPF9873

ASP status is preventing access to object.

CPF9875

Resources exceeded on ASP &1.

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Delete Journal Receiver (DLTJRNRCV)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Conditional

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Journal Receiver (DLTJRNRCV) command deletes the specified journal receivers from the system, which frees the storage space allocated to the journal receivers. Exit point QIBM_QJO_DLT_JRNRCV is provided for the DLTJRNRCV command. See the System API Reference information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter> for more information.

Restrictions:

- The journal receiver must not be attached to a journal at the time the command is issued.
- If an attempt is made to delete a journal receiver that is attached to a remote journal, and that remote journal is not actively receiving journal entries or replicating journal entries, and DLTOPT(*IGNINQMSG) is not specified, an inquiry message (CPA705E) is sent to the requesting workstation. If the request is made from a batch job, the message is sent to the system operator. This inquiry message can be automatically replied to. For more information, refer to the INQMSGRPY parameter of the Create Job Description (CRTJOB) command.
- The journal receiver must not be in the middle of a chain of online receivers unless it is damaged or if its dual receiver is damaged. (The receivers must be deleted in the same order in which they were detached, to prevent gaps from occurring in the range of receivers).
- If an attempt is made to delete a journal receiver that has not been saved and DLTOPT(*IGNINQMSG) is not specified, an inquiry message (CPA7025) is sent to the requesting work station. If the request is made from a batch job, the message is sent to the system operator. This inquiry message can be replied to automatically. For more information, refer to the INQMSGRPY parameter on the Create Job Description (CRTJOB) command.
- The user must have *ALLOBJ and *SECADM authority in order to specify the *IGNEXITPGM special value.
- This command is conditionally threadsafe if exit programs are registered for exit point QIBM_QJO_DLT_JRNRCV as follows:
 - If no exit programs are registered or DLTOPT(*IGNEXITPGM) is specified, the command is threadsafe.
 - If all exit programs are threadsafe and registered to run in a multithreaded job, the command is threadsafe.
 - If any exit program is registered to not run in a multithreaded job and is being attempted to run in a multithreaded job, the command will fail and the journal receiver will not be deleted.

Use the MLTTHDACN parameter on the ADDEXITPGM command to specify whether an exit program can run in a multithreaded job. See the ADDEXITPGM command for more information.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JRNRCV	Journal receiver	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Journal receiver	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DLTOPT	Option	Single values: *NONE Other values (up to 3 repetitions): *IGNINQMSG, *IGNEXITPGM, *IGNTGTRCV	Optional

Top

Journal receiver (JRNRCV)

Specifies the name and library of the journal receiver or receivers being deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Journal receiver

journal-receiver-name

Specify the name and library of the journal receiver being deleted. If *LIBL or *USRLIBL is specified for the library name, only the first journal receiver found to have this name is deleted. If *ALLUSR or *ALL is specified for the library name, journal receiver objects by the name specified can be deleted from multiple libraries.

generic-journal-receiver-name*

Specify the generic name of the journal receiver being deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
```

QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Option (DLTOPT)

Specifies whether additional checking should not be done before a journal receiver is deleted.

***NONE**

The journal receiver delete is attempted without ignoring any of the protective checks which are done before a journal receiver is deleted.

***IGNTGTRCV**

The system does not verify that all remote journals associated with this journal that are immediately downstream on a target system have full copies of this journal receiver. The delete operation continues even if any of those remote journals does not have a full copy. This protection on a journal receiver only applies beginning when the remote journal was added using the Add Remote Journal (QjoAddRemoteJournal) API, until it is removed using the Remove Remote Journal (QjoRemoveRemoteJournal) API, or until the journal is deleted. For more information about APIs, see the System API Reference information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

***IGNINQMSG**

Ignore inquiry message. Inquiry message CPA7025 is not presented to the user, even if this receiver has not been fully saved (for example, a save after the receiver was detached). Also, inquiry message CPA705E is not presented to the user even if the receiver is attached to a remote journal. The delete operation continues.

***IGNEXITPGM**

Ignore user exit programs. Any user exit programs registered for exit point QIBM_QJO_DLT_JRNRCV are not called and not included in the decision as to whether this journal receiver can be deleted.

Top

Examples

```
DLTJRNRCV JRNRCV(MYLIB/JRNRCLA)
```

This command deletes the journal receiver JRNRCLA in library MYLIB from the system.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF2105
Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110
Library &1 not found.

CPF2113
Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114
Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117
&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125
No objects deleted.

CPF2160
Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176
Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182
Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189
Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF70ED
Receiver not deleted due to exit program, reason code &7.

CPF701B
Journal recovery of an interrupted operation failed.

CPF7022
Cannot delete journal receiver &1 while attached.

CPF7023
Cannot delete journal receiver &1 in &2.

CPF7024
Receiver &1 in &2 not deleted. Reason code, &3.

CPF7025
Delete of receiver &1 in &2 canceled.

CPF705B
No authority to specify OPTION(*IGNEXITPGM).

CPF705E
Delete of receiver &1 in &2 canceled.

CPF705F
Receiver not replicated to &8 remote journals.

CPF707C
Cannot delete journal receiver &1, reason code &5.

CPF707D
Journal receiver &1 in library &2 not deleted.

CPF707E
Journal receiver &1 in library &2 not deleted.

CPF9802

Not authorized to object &2 in &3.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

CPF9810

Library &1 not found.

CPF9820

Not authorized to use library &1.

CPF9825

Not authorized to device &1.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

CPF9873

ASP status is preventing access to object.

CPF9875

Resources exceeded on ASP &1.

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Delete Java Program (DLTJVAPGM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Java Program (DLTJVAPGM) command deletes a Java program associated with a Java class file, JAR file, or ZIP file.

If no Java program is associated with the file specified, informational message JVAB526 is sent and command processing continues.

Restriction: The file must be in one of the following file systems: QOpenSys,"root", or a user-defined file system.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
CLSF	Class file or JAR file	<i>Path name</i>	Required, Positional 1
SUBTREE	Directory subtree	*NONE, *ALL	Optional

Top

Class file or JAR file (CLSF)

Specifies the class file name from which to delete the associated Java program. The class file name may be qualified by one or more directory names.

class-file-name

Specify the name of the class file or a pattern for identifying the class file or files to be used. A pattern can be specified in the last part of the name. An asterisk matches any number of characters and a question mark matches a single character. If the name is qualified or contains a pattern it must be enclosed in apostrophes. An example of a qualified class file name is `'/directory1/directory2/myclassname.class'`. An example of a pattern is `'/directory1/directory2/myclass*.class'`.

JAR-file-name

Specify the name of the Java archive (JAR) file or pattern for identifying the JAR or ZIP file or files to be used. A file is assumed to be a JAR file if the file name ends with `'jar'` or `'zip'`. A pattern can be specified in the last part of the name. An asterisk matches any number of characters and a question mark matches a single character. If the name is qualified or contains a pattern it must be enclosed in apostrophes. An example of a qualified JAR file name is `'/directory1/directory2/myappname.jar'`. An example of a pattern is `'/directory1/directory2/myapp*.zip'`.

Top

Directory subtree (SUBTREE)

Specifies whether directory subtrees are processed when looking for files that match the CLSF keyword.

*NONE

Only the files that match the object name pattern will be processed. No subtrees are processed. If the directory has subdirectories, neither the subdirectories nor the objects in the subdirectories are processed.

***ALL** The entire subtree of the path specified in CLSF is processed to create java programs for files matching the name specified on CLSF parameter.

Top

Examples

```
DLTJVAPGM CLSF('/projectA/myJavaclassname.class')
```

This command will delete the Java program associated with the class file myJavaclassname.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

JVAB526

Unable to delete Java program for "&1".

JVAB527

&1 Java programs deleted. &2 Java programs not deleted.

JVAB535

Unmonitored exception received.

Top

Delete library (DLTLIB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Conditional

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Library (DLTLIB) command deletes a specified library from the system after all objects in the library have been deleted. If a library that is deleted contains objects, this command first deletes all of the objects and then deletes the library.

If you do not have the authority to delete every object in the library, only those for which you do have the authority are deleted. In this case, the library and all the other objects in the library remain unchanged. If any object in the library is in use (locked by another thread or job), the object cannot be deleted.

If a library has been damaged, you should not delete it without first trying to resolve the damage. In most cases, the damage can be resolved by starting the initial program load (IPL) sequence to rebuild a user library (including the QGPL library). Then, if the library is still damaged, it should be deleted. Either a saved version of the library can be restored in its place or the library can be recreated.

Restrictions:

1. To delete a library, you must have use (*USE) and object existence (*OBJEXIST) authorities for the specified library and *OBJEXIST authority for every object in it. If you do not have *OBJEXIST authority for the library, nothing is deleted. If you do not have *OBJEXIST authority for one or more objects in the library, those objects and the library are not deleted.
2. A library cannot be deleted if it is in the library list for the current thread.
3. A library cannot be deleted if it is in the library list for any primary thread that is active on the system when the QLIBLCKLVL system value is set to lock libraries in the library list.
4. This command cannot be used to delete the QQALIB, QRECOVERY, QRCYxxxxx, QSPL, QSPLnnnn, QSYS, QSYSxxxxx, QSYS2, QSYS2xxxxx, QTEMP, SYSIBM, or SYSIBxxxxx libraries (where 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP) and 'nnnn' is the number of a basic user ASP or a primary or secondary ASP.)
5. If the QDOC library is deleted, it is created again during the next IPL.
6. This command is conditionally threadsafe. The following restriction applies:
 - In multithreaded jobs, this command is not threadsafe for distributed files and fails for distributed files that use relational databases of type *SNA.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
LIB	Library	Name	Required, Positional 1
ASPDEV	ASP device	Name, *, *CURASGRP, *SYSBAS	Optional

Top

Library (LIB)

Specifies the library to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the library to be deleted.

Top

ASP device (ASPDEV)

Specifies the auxiliary storage pool (ASP) device where storage is allocated for the library to be deleted. If the library is not part of the thread's library name space, this parameter must be specified to ensure the correct library is the target of the delete library operation.

*
- The ASPs that are currently part of the thread's library name space will be searched to find the library. This includes the system ASP (ASP 1), all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32), and, if the thread has an ASP group, all primary and secondary ASPs in the ASP group.

*CURASGRP

If the thread has an ASP group, the primary and secondary ASPs in the ASP group will be searched to find the library. The system ASP (ASP 1) and defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32) will not be searched.

*SYSBAS

The system ASP (ASP 1) and all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32) will be searched to find the library. No primary or secondary ASPs will be searched, even if the thread has an ASP group.

name Specify the name of the primary or secondary ASP device to be searched to find the library. The primary or secondary ASP must have been activated (by varying on the ASP device) and have a status of 'Available'. The system ASP (ASP 1) and defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32) will not be searched.

Note: To specify a specific auxiliary storage pool (ASP) device name, you must have *USE authority for each ASP device in the ASP group.

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Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Library

```
DLTLIB LIB(W)
```

This command deletes library W after all of its objects have been deleted. If library W contains objects and you have the authority to delete all of those objects, library W and all of the objects are deleted. If you do not have authority to delete all of the objects, only those for which you have authority are deleted and the library is not deleted.

Example 2: Deleting a Library in an Independent Auxiliary Storage Pool (ASP)

```
DLTLIB LIB(INVENTORY) ASPDEV(SALES)
```

This command deletes library INVENTORY in the independent auxiliary storage pool (ASP) named SALES after all of its objects have been deleted. The SALES ASP must have been activated (by varying on the ASP device) and have a status of 'Available'. If library INVENTORY contains objects and you have the authority to delete all of those objects, library INVENTORY and all of the objects are deleted. If you do not have authority to delete all of the objects, only those for which you have authority are deleted and the library is not deleted.

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA030

Object already in use.

CPFB8ED

Device description &1 not correct for operation.

CPF210D

Library &1 in use.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2129

Clear or delete of system library &1 canceled.

CPF2161

Cannot delete some objects in library &1.

CPF2166

Library name &1 not valid.

CPF2167

Library &1 on library list and cannot be deleted.

CPF2168

Library &1 not deleted.

CPF218C

&1 not a primary or secondary ASP.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF8122

&8 damage on library &4.

CPF9814

Device &1 not found.

CPF9825

Not authorized to device &1.

CPF9833

*CURASPGRP or *ASPGRPPRI specified and thread has no ASP group.

Delete Licensed Program (DLTLICPGM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Licensed Program (DLTLICPGM) command is used to delete the objects that make up the licensed program.

Restrictions:

1. This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
2. To use this command, you must have *ALLOBJ authority or have specific authority from the security officer.
3. Some licensed programs can be deleted only if the user is enrolled in the system distribution directory. See the publications for each licensed program for a description of this restriction.
4. The licensed programs 5722SS1 *BASE (operating system) and 5722SS1 option 1 (extended base support) and option 3 (Extended Base Directory Support) cannot be deleted.
5. You must use the LICPGM menu to delete the secondary language library for the operating system and options 1 and 3 of the operating system.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
LICPGM	Product	Character value	Required, Positional 1
OPTION	Optional part to be deleted	*ALL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09	Optional
RLS	Release	Character value, *ONLY, *ALL	Optional
LNG	Language for licensed program	Character value, *ALL	Optional

Top

Product (LICPGM)

Specifies the seven-character identifier of the licensed program that is deleted. The user can select only one licensed program to delete.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Optional part to be deleted (OPTION)

Specifies which of the parts of the licensed program specified on the **Product** prompt (LICPGM parameter) are deleted.

The possible values are:

***ALL** All of the parts, both optional and base, associated with the licensed program listed in the **Product** prompt (LICPGM parameter) are deleted.

Note: If licensed program 5722SS1 is specified, only the optional parts are deleted except Option 1 and Option 3. If any other licensed program is specified, all parts are deleted.

number-of-optional-part

Specify the number associated with the optional part of the listed licensed program to be deleted.

Top

Release (RLS)

Specifies which version, release, and modification level of the licensed program is deleted.

The possible values are:

***ONLY**

Delete the version, release, and modification level installed for the licensed program option.

***ALL** All installed versions of the licensed program are deleted.

release-level

Specify the release level in VxRyMz format, where Vx is the version number, Ry is the release number, and Mz is the modification level. The variables x and y can be a number from 0 through 9, and the variable z can be a number from 0 through 9 or a letter from A through Z.

Top

Language for licensed program (LNG)

Specifies which national language version (NLV) objects are deleted for the licensed program specified on the LICPGM parameter.

The possible values are:

***ALL** All NLV objects and program objects for the licensed program specified on the LICPGM, OPTION, and RLS parameters are deleted.

feature-code

Specify the national language version (NLV) identifier that is deleted. Only the specified NLV is deleted. The program objects for the licensed program are not deleted. The IBM-supplied language feature codes are listed in the Install, upgrade, or delete i5/OS and related software book, SC41-5120 or can be displayed using GO LICPGM, option 20.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting all Licensed Program Objects

```
DLTLICPGM LICPGM(5716WP1)
```

This command deletes all of the objects associated with the 5716WP1 licensed program.

Example 2: Deleting Specific Licensed Program Objects

```
DLTLICPGM LICPGM(5716CB1) LNG(2929)
```

This command deletes only the German (NLV 2929) objects for all options of the licensed program 5716CB1.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF3875

Licensed program &1 option &2 not deleted.

[Top](#)

Delete Line Description (DLTLIND)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Line Description (DLTLIND) command deletes the specified line description. The line description must be varied offline before this command is issued to delete it.

Note: If you are deleting a line attached to a frame relay network interface, the network interface (NWI) must also be varied offline.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
LIND	Line description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Line description (LIND)

Specifies the names of one or more line description to delete. A specific line description or a generic line description can be specified.

name Specify the name of the line description to delete.

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the line descriptions to delete.

Note: A generic name is specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all objects that have names with the same prefix as the generic object name are selected.

Top

Examples

```
DLTLIND LIND(LINE01)
```

This command deletes the line description of the line named LINE01 from the system.

If the line description being deleted has any controller descriptions associated with it, they are detached and a message containing those controller names is sent to the system operator. The detached controller descriptions are associated with a new line description if their names are specified in the command that creates the line description.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF26AB

Line &1 cannot be deleted while varied on.

CPF2625

Not able to allocate object &1.

CPF2627

Controller description previously deleted.

CPF2634

Not authorized to object &1.

CPF2668

Object description not deleted.

Top

Delete Linux Server (DLTLNXSVR)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Delete Linux Server (DLTLNXSVR) command deletes the specified Linux network server description and all associated objects that were created by the Install Linux Server (INSLNXSVR) command. These associated objects include the line descriptions, TCP/IP interfaces, server storage spaces and system-created network server storage spaces which were created by the Install Linux Server (INSLNXSVR) command. The network server must be varied off before the DLTLNXSVR command is issued.

Restrictions:

- You must have input/output system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) and all object (*ALLOBJ) special authorities to run this command.

[Top](#)

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWSD	Network server description	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1

[Top](#)

Network server description (NWSD)

Specifies the network server description to delete.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the network server description to be deleted. The network server description name can be up to eight characters.

[Top](#)

Examples

```
DLTLNXSVR NWSD(RHEL3MAR)
```

This command will delete the Linux server RHEL3MAR and all associated objects with it including the network server description (*NWSD) object, line description (*LIND) objects, and the two network server storage space (*NWSSTG) objects named RHEL3MAR1 and RHEL3MAR2.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

NTA1004

&2 command requires &3 special authority.

CPFA473

Network server &1 must be varied off.

CPF26AE

Network server description &1 not found.

CPF9899

Error occurred during processing of command.

[Top](#)

Delete Locale (DLTLOCALE)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Locale (DLTLOCALE) command deletes a specified locale.

For more information about locales, see the Globalization information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
LOCALE	Locale name	<i>Path name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Locale name (LOCALE)

Specifies the path name of the locale being deleted.

Top

Examples

```
DLTLOCALE  LOCALE('/QSYS.LIB/MYLIB.LIB/USLOCALE.LOCALE')
```

This command deletes the locale named USLOCALE in the MYLIB library from the system.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Media Definition (DLTMEDDFN)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Media Definition (DLTMEDDFN) command deletes the specified media definitions from the system.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority for the media definition and execute (*EXECUTE) authority for the library where the media definition is located.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MEDDFN	Media definition	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Media definition	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Media definition (MEDDFN)

Specifies the media definitions to be deleted.

Qualifier 1: Media definition

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the media definitions to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all media definitions that have names with the same prefix as the generic media definition name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the media definition to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL will be used to locate the media definitions to be deleted.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries listed in the user portion of the library list are searched. If a specific media definition name is specified (instead of a generic name), only the first media definition found with that name is deleted.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPLGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library where the media definition is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTMEDDFN  MEDDFN(LIBA/MEDDFNA)
```

This command deletes the media definition named MEDDFNA in the library named LIBA from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete Management Collection (DLTMGTCOL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Management Collection (DLTMGTCOL) command deletes a management collection from the system. The user who enters this command must have *OBJEXIST authority and *USE authority for the management collection being deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MGTCOL	Management collection	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Management collection	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Management collection (MGTCOL)

Specifies the name and library of the management collection that is to be deleted. A specific or generic management collection can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library.

This is a required parameter.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

The possible user space values are:

management-collection-name

Specify the name of the management collection that is to be deleted.

generic*-management-collection-name

Specify the generic name of the management collection. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all management collections with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are deleted.

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Examples

```
DLTMGTCOL  MGTCOL(MYLIB/Q099365001)
```

This command deletes the management collection named Q099365001 in library from library MYLIB.

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Error messages

Unknown

Top

Delete Menu (DLTMNU)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Menu (DLTMNU) command deletes the specified menu from the system.

Note: This command also allows you to delete the display files and message files associated with a Display File (*DSPF) menu, or to delete the program associated with a Program (*PGM) menu.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST), object management (*OBJMGT), and object operational (*OBJOPR) authorities for the menu, and use (*USE) authority for the library where the menu is located.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MENU	Menu	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Menu	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	
DLTREFOBJ	Delete referenced objects	Single values: <i>*NONE, *ALL</i> Other values (up to 3 repetitions): <i>*DSPF, *MSGF, *PGM</i>	Optional

Top

Menu (MENU)

Specifies the menu or menus to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Menu

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the menus to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, all menus that have names with the same prefix as the generic menu name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the menu to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

*USRLIBL

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL38     QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

*ALL All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Delete referenced objects (DLTREFOBJ)

Specifies that the display file, message file, or program objects referred to by the menu are to be deleted. Only **TYPE(*DSPF)** menus can refer to a display file or a message file and only **TYPE(*PGM)** menus can refer to a program.

Note: The current and product libraries that are specified for the menu are not used to find and delete objects.

Single values

*NONE

None of the objects referred to by the menu are to be deleted.

*ALL All display file, message file, and program objects referred to by the menu are to be deleted.

Other values (up to 3 repetitions)

*DSPF

The display file referred to by the menu is to be deleted.

*MSGF

The message file that is referred to by the menu is to be deleted.

*PGM The program that is referred to by the menu is to be deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting the Menu Only

```
DLTMNU MENU(FINLIB/ARMENU)
```

This command deletes the menu named ARMENU from the library named FINLIB.

Example 2: Deleting the Display and Message File

```
DLTMNU MENU(EXLIB/TEST) DLTREFOBJ(*DSPF *MSGF)
```

This command deletes the menu named TEST from the library named EXLIB. It also deletes the display file and message file associated with the menu named TEST.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2107

Library not cleared or deleted. Function check occurred.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete Module (DLTMOD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Module (DLTMOD) command deletes a compiled module or group of modules. If the module is associated with a binding directory, the entry in the binding directory for this module is not valid after deletion.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the module and execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library in which the module is stored.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MODULE	Module	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Module	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Module (MODULE)

Specifies the modules to be deleted. A specific module or a generic module can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by specifying a library name.

Note: To remove all module objects for a specific library, you can use RMVLNK OBJLNK('QSYS.LIB/libname.LIB/*.MODULE'), where **libname** is the name of the library from which all modules are to be deleted. See the RMVLNK command for more information.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Module

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the modules to be deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, then all modules with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are deleted. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete module name.

name Specify the name of the module to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

*CURLIB

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

*USRLIBL

Only the libraries in the user portion of the job's library list are searched.

*ALL All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

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Examples

```
DLTMOD MODULE(XYZ/M*)
```

This command deletes all modules in library XYZ that begin with the letter M.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114
Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117
&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125
No objects deleted.

CPF2160
Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176
Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182
Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189
Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPFA030
Object already in use.

CPFE007
Error occurred processing command.

CPF9803
Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

Top

Delete Mode Description (DLTMOODD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Mode Description (DLTMOODD) command deletes the specified mode description.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MOODD	Mode description	<i>Qualifier list</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Mode description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	

Top

Mode description (MOODD)

Specifies the names of one or more mode description to delete. A specific mode description or a generic mode description can be specified.

mode-description-name

Specify the name of the mode description to delete.

generic-mode-description-to-name*

Specify the generic name of the mode description to delete.

Note: A generic name is specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all objects that have names with the same prefix as the generic object name are selected.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Examples

```
DLTMOODD MOODD(MODE01)
```

This command deletes the mode description MODE01 from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2634

Not authorized to object &1.

[Top](#)

Delete Message File (DLTMSGF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Message File (DLTMSGF) command deletes the specified message files from the system, including all the message descriptions stored in the file. If any messages that use this file exist on queues, no message text will be available for those messages.

Restrictions: To delete the specified message file, you must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority for the file. The IBM-supplied message files, QCPFMSG (for OS/400 messages) and the licensed program message files (such as QRPGMSG), cannot be deleted (unless authorized by the security officer).

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MSGF	Message file	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Message file	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Message file (MSGF)

Specifies one or more message files to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Message file

message-file-name

Specify the name of the message file to be deleted.

generic-message-file-name*

Specify the generic name of the message file that is to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all message files that have names with the same prefix as the generic message file name are deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library exists in the library list, library QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the

libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGGL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

DLTMSGF MSGF(INV)

This command deletes the message file named INV. All message descriptions stored in INV are also removed.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete Message Queue (DLTMSGQ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Message Queue (DLTMSGQ) command deletes the specified message queues and any messages in those message queues. Any message in the queue that requires a reply is answered with the default reply supplied by that message. If the message queue is being used by another job, the message queue cannot be deleted.

Restrictions:

1. You must have use (*USE), object existence (*OBJEXIST), and delete (*DLT) authority for the message queue.
2. You must have read (*READ) authority for the library in which the message queue is located.
3. The system operator message queue (QSYSOPR) and work station message queues cannot be deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MSGQ	Message queue	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Message queue	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Message queue (MSGQ)

Specifies one or more message queues to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Message queue

message-queue-name

Specify the name of the message queue to be deleted.

generic-message-queue-name*

Specify the generic name of the message queue that is to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all message queues that have names with the same prefix as the generic message queue name are deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

*USRLIBL

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

*ALL All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRvRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRvRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRvRxMx user library, vRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTMSGQ MSGQ(JONES)
```

This command deletes the message queue named JONES. Messages stored in the JONES queue are also removed. The library list is used to find the message queue.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2403

Message queue &1 in &2 not found.

CPF2408

Not authorized to message queue &1.

CPF2451

Message queue &1 is allocated to another job.

CPF2477

Message queue &1 currently in use.

CPF2505

Deleting work station message queue not allowed.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

[Top](#)

Delete Network File (DLTNETF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Network File (DLTNETF) command deletes a file or files from a user's queue of arrived network files. A user with security officer authority can delete files sent to any user. A user other than the security officer can delete only those files that are sent to him or to his group profile.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FILE	File	<i>Character value</i>	Required, Positional 1
MBR	Member	<i>Character value, *ONLY, *ALL</i>	Optional, Positional 2
NBR	File number	<i>Integer, *LAST, *ONLY, *ALL</i>	Optional, Positional 3
USER	User	<i>Name, *CURRENT</i>	Optional

Top

File (FILE)

Specifies the name of the network file that has one or more members to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Member (MBR)

Specifies the name of the file member that is deleted.

*ONLY

Only one file member is deleted.

***ALL** All file members available for this file are deleted. If *ALL is specified here, *ALL must also be specified on the **File number** prompt (NBR parameter).

member-name

Specify the name of the file member that is deleted. A file member name cannot be specified if the file is a save file.

Top

File number (NBR)

Specifies the number of the network file member that is deleted. This number is used to identify the member deleted when there is more than one member of the same name in the file.

*LAST

The last copy of the network file member identified on the **File** prompt (FILE parameter) and **Member** prompt (MBR parameter) is deleted. The last file member is determined as the last member to arrive at the user's system.

Note: The file member that arrived last at the user's system may not have been the last one sent by the sending user. The network does not guarantee the arrival sequence of separately sent files.

*ONLY

Only one file member of the specified file name is deleted. If there is more than one member of the specified name available, an escape message is sent, and the command is not run.

***ALL** All members that are identified on the **File** prompt (FILE parameter) and **Member** prompt (MBR parameter) are deleted. If a member name is specified, all members of that name are deleted. If ***ALL** is specified for the MBR parameter, all members of the file are deleted.

number

Specify the network file number of the file member that is deleted.

Top

User (USER)

Specifies the user to whom the deleted files were sent.

*CURRENT

The files sent to the current user are deleted.

user-name

Specify the name of the user to whom the files were sent. A user with security officer authority can delete files sent to any user. Users other than the security officer can delete only those files that are sent to them or to their group profile.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Single Member

```
DLTNETF FILE(APPOINTMNT) MBR(FRIDAY)
```

This command deletes member FRIDAY of file APPOINTMNT.

Example 2: Deleting a File

```
DLTNETF FILE(SCHEDULE) USER(NETUSER1) NBR(708926)
```

This command deletes file SCHEDULE, number 708926, from the network files for user NETUSER1. This command is run only by NETUSER1, a member of the NETUSER1 group, or a user with security officer authority.

Example 3: Deleting All Members

```
DLTNETF FILE(OLDINFO) MBR(*ALL) NBR(*ALL)
```

This command deletes all available members for file OLDINFO, including all duplicated named members.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2204

User profile &1 not found.

CPF8060

No files compare to the specified selection.

CPF8063

Cannot assign necessary resource.

CPF8070

Not allowed to process files for user &1.

CPF8077

More than one file with same name found. See previously displayed messages.

CPF8081

File &5 member &6 number &7 already processed.

CPF8082

Cannot get network file &5 member &6 number &7.

CPF8083

No network files deleted.

CPF9005

System resource required to complete this request not available.

CPF9006

User not enrolled in system distribution directory.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

CPF9845

Error occurred while opening file &1.

CPF9846

Error while processing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9847

Error occurred while closing file &1 in library &2.

Top

Delete Node Group (DLTNODGRP)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Node Group (DLTNODGRP) command deletes a node group associated with relational database files. This command does not affect any files created against the node group.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NODGRP	Node group	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Node group	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Node group (NODGRP)

Specifies the node group to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Node group

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the node groups to be deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, then all node groups with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are deleted. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete node group name.

name Specify the name of the node group to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTNODGRP  NODGRP(LIB1/GROUP1)
```

This command deletes the node group called GROUP1, but any files created with this node group can still be used.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF3166

Node group &1 in library &2 not found.

[Top](#)

Delete Node List (DLTNODL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Node List (DLTNODL) command deletes a node list from a specified library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NODL	Node list	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Node list	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Node list (NODL)

Specifies the qualified name of the node list being deleted.

The node list name can be qualified by one of the following library values:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries in the user portion of the job's library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX QRCLxxxxx QUSRIJS QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL QSRVAGT QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38 QSYS2 QUSRNOTES
QMGTC QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2 QS36F QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA QUSER38 QUSRPOSSA

QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRRDARS
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library containing the node list to be deleted.

The possible values are:

node-list-name

Specify the name of the node list being deleted.

generic*-node-list-name

Specify the generic name of the node list being deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk (*) substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix, for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name. If the complete object name is specified, and multiple libraries are searched, multiple objects can be returned, only if *ALL or *ALLUSR library values can be specified for the name.

Top

Examples

```
DLTNODL NODL(MYLIB/NODL*)
```

This command deletes all node lists in library MYLIB whose names begin with NODL.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete NetBIOS Descriptions (DLTNTBD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threading: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete NetBIOS Description (DLTNTBD) command deletes specified NetBIOS descriptions.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NTBD	NetBIOS description	<i>Qualifier list</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: NetBIOS description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	

Top

NetBIOS description (NTBD)

Specifies the names of the NetBIOS descriptions being deleted.

NetBIOS-description-name

Specify the name of the NetBIOS description being deleted.

generic*-NetBIOS-description-name

Specify the generic name of the NetBIOS description. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Examples

```
DLTNTBD NTBD(MYNETBIOS)
```

This command deletes the NetBIOS description named MYNETBIOS from the system.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete NetWare Volume (DLTNTWVOL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete NetWare Volume (DLTNTWVOL) command deletes an existing volume. The volume must be dismounted from the network server before it can be deleted. Specify DISMOUNT(*YES) to dismount the volume from a network server. Also, the network server must be active at the time the volume is deleted.

Restrictions: You must have *IOSYSCFG special authority to use this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
VOL	Volume	<i>Character value</i>	Required, Positional 1
SERVER	Server	<i>Character value</i>	Required, Positional 2
DISMOUNT	Dismount	*YES, <u>*NO</u>	Optional

Top

Volume (VOL)

Specifies the volume to be deleted.

Top

Server (SERVER)

Specifies the network server on which the volume resides. The server must be active at the time the volume is deleted.

Top

Dismount (DISMOUNT)

Specifies whether to dismount the volume before deleting the volume. The volume must be dismounted before it can be deleted.

*NO Do not dismount the volume before deleting it.

*YES Dismount the volume before deleting it.

Top

Examples

DLTNTWVOL VOL(APPS) SERVER(MKTING)

This command deletes the volume named APPS which resides on server MKTING.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

FPE0108

Volume &1 not deleted.

[Top](#)

Delete Network Interface Desc (DLTNWID)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Network Interface Description (DLTNWID) command deletes the specified network interface descriptions. The network interface description must be varied off before this command is issued.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWID	Network interface description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Network interface description (NWID)

This is a required parameter.

Specifies the name of the network interface descriptions being deleted. A specific network interface description or a generic network interface description must be specified.

network-interface-description

Specify the name of the network interface description being deleted.

generic-network-interface-description*

Specify the generic name of the network interface description to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name of a network interface is specified, all network interface descriptions that have names with the same prefix as the generic network interface description name are deleted.

Top

Examples

```
DLTNWID NWID(THISONE)
```

This command deletes the network interface description of the network interface named THISONE from the system.

If the deleted network interface description has any line descriptions associated with it, they are detached and a message containing those line description names is sent to the system operator. The detached line descriptions are then associated with a new network interface description if their names are specified on the command that creates the network interface description.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2625

Not able to allocate object &1.

CPF2634

Not authorized to object &1.

CPF27A4

Network interface description &1 not found.

CPF27A9

Network interface description &1 not varied off.

[Top](#)

Delete NWS Configuration (DLTNWSCFG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete NWS Configuration (DLTNWSCFG) command deletes the specified network server configuration and the associated validation list.

Restrictions:

- You must have input/output system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) special authority to use this command.
- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) and use (*USE) authorities to the network server configuration being deleted.
- When a non-default value was specified for the IPSECRULE, CHAPAUT, or SPCERTID parameters, you must have security administrator (*SECADM) special authority to delete the network server configuration.
- This command cannot be run if an active network server description is associated with this network server configuration.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWSCFG	Network server configuration	<i>Communications name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Network server configuration (NWSCFG)

Specifies the name of the network server configuration.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Network server configuration

generic-name

Specify a generic network server configuration name.

name Work with a specific network server configuration.

Qualifier 2: Library

QUSRSYS

The network server configuration in library QUSRSYS will be deleted.

name Specify the name of the library.

Top

Examples

DLTNWSCFG NWS CFG(ADMIN)

This command deletes a network server configuration named ADMIN and the associated validation list.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF90A8

*SECADM special authority required to do requested operation.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

CPF9899

Error occurred during processing of command.

CPFA030

Object already in use.

CPFA1B8

*IOSYSCFG authority required to use &1.

CPFE007

Error occurred processing command.

Top

Delete Network Server Desc (DLTNWSD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Network Server Description (DLTNWSD) command deletes specified network server descriptions.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWSD	Network server description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Network server description (NWSD)

Specifies the names of the network server descriptions being deleted.

network-server-description-name

Specify the name of the network server description being deleted.

generic-network-server-description-name*

Specify the generic name of the network server description. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Examples

DLTNWSD NWSD(REMODEL)

This command deletes the network server description named REMODEL from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2625

Not able to allocate object &1.

CPF2634

Not authorized to object &1.

CPF2668

Object description not deleted.

[Top](#)

Delete NWS Storage Space (DLTNWSSTG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Delete Network Server Storage Space (DLTNWSSTG) command deletes an existing network server storage space.

A storage space cannot be deleted if it is linked to a network server description. Before you can delete a linked storage space, the link must be removed by using the Remove Network Server Storage Link (RMVNWSSTGL) command.

[Top](#)

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWSSTG	Network server storage space	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1

[Top](#)

Network server storage space (NWSSTG)

Specifies the name of the network server storage space to be deleted.

[Top](#)

Examples

```
DLTNWSSTG NWSSTG(STGSPACE1)
```

This command deletes the network server storage space named STGSPACE1.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPDA427

Not authorized to object &1.

CPFA437

Storage space &1 in use.

[Top](#)

Delete Output Queue (DLTOUTQ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Output Queue (DLTOUTQ) command deletes the specified output queue(s) from the system.

Restrictions:

- The output queue being deleted cannot contain any entries: the output for each file must be printed, deleted, or moved to a different output queue.
- A subsystem cannot be active.
- The queue cannot be in use by a spooling writer.
- The queue cannot be deleted if it has been created by the system for a specific printer.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OUTQ	Output queue	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Output queue	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Output queue (OUTQ)

Specifies the output queue(s) to be deleted. A specific output queue or a generic output queue can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Output queue

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the output queues that are to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*), such as 'AR*'. If a generic name is specified, then all output queues that have names with the same prefix as the generic output queue name are deleted. The libraries searched for the output queues to be deleted depend on the library qualifier that is specified or assumed.

name Specify the name of the output queue to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the

libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGGL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is used to locate the output queue. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

name Specify the name of the library where the output queue is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTOUTQ OUTQ(PUNCH2)
```

This command deletes the output queue PUNCH2 from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF1763

Cannot allocate one or more libraries.

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2117
&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182
Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2207
Not authorized to use object &1 in library &3 type *&2.

CPF3330
Necessary resource not available.

CPF3360
Output queue &1 in &2 not deleted. Output queue in use.

CPF3467
Output queue &1 deleted and then created again.

CPF3469
Operation not allowed for output queue.

Top

Delete Overlay (DLTOVL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Overlay (DLTOVL) command deletes an overlay from the specified library. If the overlay is found, it is deleted. If the overlay is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the overlay could not be found.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OVL	Overlay	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Overlay	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Overlay (OVL)

Specifies the overlay to delete. A specific overlay or a generic overlay can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Overlay

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the overlays to delete. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all overlays that have names with the same prefix as the generic overlay name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the overlay to delete.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched for overlays to delete. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL       QSRVAGT   QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38     QSYS2     QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F     QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38   QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM  QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM   QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify a library name. Only the library named in this parameter is searched for overlays to delete.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting Overlays in All Libraries

```
DLTOVL OVL(*ALL/OVL1)
```

This command deletes all the overlays named OVL1 in all the libraries, including all IBM-supplied libraries.

Example 2: Deleting Overlays in Current Library

```
DLTOVL OVL(*CURLIB/OV*)
```

This command deletes all the overlays that begin with the letters 'OV' in the current library.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Override (DLTOVR)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Conditional

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Override (DLTOVR) command deletes one or more file overrides (including message file overrides) that were previously specified in a call level. For each overridden file named in the DLTOVR command, the override specified in the same call level as the DLTOVR command is deleted. When the command is specified interactively or outside a program in a batch job, the file overrides for the call level are deleted; when the command is used in a CL program, the file overrides for that program call level are deleted. A file override is the result of an override file command.

The DLTOVR command can delete all the file overrides for all the files in the same call level or the file overrides for specified files in the same call level. Only the file overrides in the call level in which the command is specified are deleted. For example, if an override command is specified in one program in a routing step, and then another program is called that also contains override commands, a DLTOVR command specified in the second program can delete only overrides that occur in that program. The DLTOVR command has no effect on the override command that was specified before the program was called. The deleted file overrides have no effect on subsequent uses of the file.

Restrictions:

- In a multithreaded job, this command may only be issued from the initial thread.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FILE	Overridden file	Single values: *ALL Other values (up to 50 repetitions): <i>Name</i> , *PRTF	Required, Positional 1
LVL	Call level	*ACTGRPDFN, *, *JOB	Optional

Top

Overridden file (FILE)

Specifies the names of the overridden files in the call level whose file overrides are deleted.

Single values

***ALL** All the file overrides that exist in the call level where this command is entered are deleted.

Other values (up to 50 repetitions)

***PRTF** The *PRTF file override exists in the call level where this command is entered is deleted.

name Specify the names of one or more overridden files for which the overrides in the call level are deleted.

Top

Call level (LVL)

Specifies the call level of the file overrides deleted. There is a one-to-one correspondence between the call stack entries shown on the call stack from the Work with Job (WRKJOB) command and the call level for that call stack entry.

The first call stack entry name on the call stack (at the top of the list) is the call program or procedure at call level one. The second call stack entry name is the program or procedure at call level two. The last call stack entry name is the program or procedure at the highest call level for the job.

*ACTGRPDFN

The call level of the file overrides to be deleted is determined by the activation group of the program that calls this command. When the activation group is the default activation group, the call level of the overrides to be deleted equals the call level of the calling program. When the activation group is not the default activation group, the call level of the overrides to be deleted equals the activation group of the calling program.

* The call level of the file overrides to be deleted is the call level of the program that called the DLTOVR command processing program. If the DLTOVR command is called through QCMDEXC, the call level is the same level as that of the caller of QCMDEXC.

*JOB The file overrides scoped to the job are deleted. Only overrides at the job level with OVRSCOPE(*JOB) are deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting Call Level Overrides

1. OVRDBF FILE(A) TOFILE(B)
2. OVRPRTF FILE(C) TOFILE(D)
3. OVRTAPF FILE(E) TOFILE(F)
- :
4. DLTOVR FILE(A C)
5. DLTOVR FILE(*ALL)

If the first three override commands had been specified earlier in the call level, the files B, D, and F would override files A, C, and E. The fourth command deletes only the file overrides that affect files A and C. The last command deletes all the file overrides that exist in the call level, which in this case is the command overriding file E, the third command.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF180C

Function &1 not allowed.

CPF9841

Override not found at specified level.

Top

Delete Override Pgm Dev Entry (DLTOVRDEVE)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Override Device Entry (DLTOVRDEVE) command deletes one or more program device overrides that were previously specified in a call level.

For each overridden program device named in the DLTOVRDEVE command, the override specified in the same call level as the DLTOVRDEVE command is deleted. When the command is entered interactively or outside a program in a batch job, the program device overrides for the call level are deleted; when the command is used in a CL program, the program device overrides for that program call level are deleted. A program device override is the result of an override program device command Override Intersystem Communications Function Device Entry (OVRICFDEVE).

The DLTOVRDEVE command can delete all the program device overrides in the same call level, or it can delete a specific program device override in the same call level. Only the call level in which the command is entered has its program device overrides deleted. For example, if an override command is entered in one program in a routing step, and then another program is called that also contains override commands, a DLTOVRDEVE command entered in the second program can delete only overrides that occurred in that program. The DLTOVRDEVE command has no effect on the override command that was entered before the program was called. The deleted program device override has no effect on subsequent uses of the program device.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PGMDEV	Overridden program device	Single values: *ALL Other values (up to 50 repetitions): <i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
LVL	Call level	*ACTGRPDFN, *, *JOB	Optional

Top

Overridden program device (PGMDEV)

Specifies the program device overrides being deleted. One or more program device overrides can be specified by name.

Single values

***ALL** All program device overrides that exist in the call level where this command is entered are deleted.

Other values (up to 50 repetitions)

name Specify the names of one or more overridden program devices for which the overrides in the call level are to be deleted.

Top

Call level (LVL)

Specifies the call level of the program device overrides to be deleted. There is a one-to-one correspondence between the call stack entries shown on the call stack from the Work with Job (WRKJOB) command and the call level for that call stack entry.

The first call stack entry name on the call stack (at the top of the list) is the call program or procedure at call level one. The second call stack entry name is the program or procedure at call level two. The last call stack entry name is the program or procedure at the highest call level for the job.

***ACTGRPDEFN**

The call level of the program device overrides to be deleted is determined by the activation group of the program that calls this command. When the activation group is the default activation group, the call level of the program device overrides to be deleted equals the call level of the calling program. When the activation group is not the default activation group, the call level of the program device overrides to be deleted equals the activation group of the calling program.

* The call level of the program device overrides to be deleted is the call level of the program that called the DLTOVRDEVE command processing program. If the DLTOVRDEVE command is called through QCMDEXC, the call level is the same level as that of the caller of QCMDEXC.

*JOB The program device overrides scoped to the job are deleted. Only overrides at the job level with OVRSCOPE(*JOB) specified are deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting Program Device Overrides With Calling Program in Default Activation Group

```
DLTOVRDEVE PGMDEV(*ALL)
```

This command deletes all program device overrides that exist in the call level, when the calling program runs in the default activation group. When the calling program runs in an activation group other than the default activation group, the program device overrides that are scoped to that activation group are deleted.

Example 2: Deleting Program Device Overrides With Calling Program in Any Activation Group

```
DLTOVRDEVE PGMDEV(*ALL) LVL(*)
```

This command deletes all program device overrides that exist in the call level, regardless of the activation group the calling program runs in.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF180C

Function &1 not allowed.

CPF1892

Function &1 not allowed.

CPF9841

Override not found at specified level.

Delete Page Definition (DLTPAGDFN)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Page Definition (DLTPAGDFN) command deletes a page definition from the specified library. If the page definition is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the page segment could not be found.

Restriction: You must have *OBJEXIST authority to delete an object.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PAGDFN	Page definition	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Page definition	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Page definition (PAGDFN)

Specifies the page definition to be deleted. You can specify a particular page definition or a generic page definition.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Page definition

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the page definitions to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, all of the page definitions that have names with the same prefix as the generic page definition name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the page definition to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

Only the current library is searched. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL38     QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSRNOTES
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Page Definition from the Current Library

```
DLTPAGDFN  PAGDFN(*CURLIB/P1DFLT)
```

This command deletes page definition P1DFLT if it is found in the current library.

Example 2: Deleting Page Definitions

```
DLTPAGDFN  PAGDFN(*LIBL/P1*)
```

This command deletes all page definitions that begin with P1 in the job's library list.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete Page Segment (DLTPAGSEG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Page Segment (DLTPAGSEG) command deletes a page segment from the specified library. If the page segment is found, it is deleted. If the page segment is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the page segment could not be found.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PAGSEG	Page segment	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Page segment	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Page segment (PAGSEG)

Specifies the page segment to delete. A specific page segment or a generic page segment can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Page segment

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the page segments to delete. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all page segments that have names with the same prefix as the generic page segment name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the page segment to delete.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched for page segments to delete. If no library specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify a library name. Only the library named in this parameter is searched for page segments to delete.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Page Segment in the Library List

```
DLTPAGSEG  PAGSEG(*LIBL/PAGSEG1)
```

This command deletes the page segment named PAGSEG1 if it is in a library in the library list. Only the first occurrence is deleted if there is more than one library containing PAGSEG1 in the library list.

Example 2: Deleting a Page Segment in All Libraries

```
DLTPAGSEG  PAGSEG(*ALL/PAGSEG1)
```

This command deletes all the page segments named PAGSEG1, including any IBM supplied page segments with that name.

Example 3: Deleting Page Segments in Current Library

```
DLTPAGSEG  PAGSEG(*CURLIB/PG*)
```

This command deletes all the page segments whose names begin with PG that are in the job's current library.

Top

Error messages

None

Delete PDF Map (DLTPDFMAP)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete PDF Map (DLTPDFMAP) command deletes a PDF map from the specified library. If the PDF map is found, it is deleted. If the PDF map is not found, a message is sent to the user stating that the PDF map could not be found.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PDFMAP	PDF map	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: PDF map	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

PDF map (PDFMAP)

Specifies the name of the PDF map.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: PDF map

name Specifies the name of the PDF map.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** Search all libraries in the job's library list until the first match is found.

*CURLIB

Search the current job library for the job. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

***ALL** Search all libraries in the system, including QSYS.

*USRLIBL

Search only the libraries listed in the user portion of the job's library list.

***ALL** Search all libraries in the system, including QSYS.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched.

name Search the specified library.

Top

Examples

DLTPDFMAP PDFMAPOBJ(QGPL/BIGSALES)

This example shows how to delete a PDF map.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete Print Descriptor Group (DLTPDG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Print Descriptor Group (CRTPDG) command deletes an object of type *PDG which contains information about a print descriptor group and where any associated print descriptor names are stored.

Restriction:

You must have *OBJEXIST authority to the print descriptor group (PDG).

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PDG	Print descriptor group	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Print descriptor group	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Print descriptor group (PDG)

Specifies the name and library of the print descriptor group (PDG) to be deleted.

The possible PDG values are:

print-descriptor-group-name

Specify the name of the PDG to delete.

generic-print-descriptor-group-name*

Specify the generic name of the PDG to delete. All PDGs that match the generic pattern are deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT   QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2     QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F     QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38   QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM  QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM   QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

The possible values are:

print-descriptor-group-name

Specify the name of the print descriptor group to be deleted.

generic*-name

Specify the generic name of the print descriptor group being deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, then all print descriptor groups with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are shown. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete print descriptor group name. For more information on the use of generic names, refer to the CL concepts and reference topic in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter> book.

Top

Examples

```
DLTPDG PDG(P3820*)
```

This command deletes all print descriptor groups that start with P3820*.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete PEX Data (DLTPEXDTA)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The DLTPEXDTA (Delete Performance Explorer Data) command deletes data that was collected by the Performance Explorer tool and was saved across a set of physical files in a particular library.

Restriction: The user must have object existence authority for each Performance Explorer database file in the specified library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DTAMBR	Data member	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
DTALIB	Data library	<i>Name</i> , <u>QPEXDATA</u>	Optional, Positional 2

Top

Data member (DTAMBR)

Specifies the member name of the performance data. The member name is the same for each of the physical files used by the Performance Explorer tool.

Top

Data library (DTALIB)

Specifies the library where the performance data files exist.

QPEXDATA

The performance data is deleted from files in library QPEXDATA.

library-name

Specify the library name which contains the performance data files.

Top

Examples

```
DLTPEXDTA DTAMBR(STATS3) DTALIB(TESTLIB)
```

This command will remove members named STATS3 from the performance explorer database files in library TESTLIB. These members could have been created when the user ended a performance explorer data collection session (ENDPEX CL command) specifying 'SSNID(STATS3) DTAOPT(*LIB) DTALIB(TESTLIB)'.

[Top](#)

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Delete Program (DLTPGM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Program (DLTPGM) command deletes a compiled program or group of programs. If the program is currently being run, the program processing is abnormally ended when this command is issued unless a specific Allocate Object (ALCOBJ) command is in effect in another job. Any high-level language (HLL) or CL program can be deleted.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the program, and execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library where the program is located.
- If the program to be deleted is currently being debugged, a function check occurs if an implicit reference is made to the deleted program (for example, if a Change Variable (CHGVAR) command specifies PGM(*DFTPGM)). To prevent function checks, use the Remove Program (RMVPGM) command to remove the program from the debugging session before deleting it. If the program is recompiled while the user is in debug mode, remove the program from debug mode (using the RMVPGM command), delete it from the system (using the Delete Program (DLTPGM) command), change and recompile the program, and add the new version of the program to debug mode (using the Add Program (ADDPGM) command).

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PGM	Program	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Program	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Program (PGM)

Specifies the program to be deleted. A specific program or a generic program can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Program

name Specify the name of the program to be deleted.

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the programs that are to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*).

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPLLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

Top

Examples

```
DLTPGM PGM(LIB1/PROG1)
```

This command deletes the program PROG1 from the library LIB1 if the user has the proper authority for the program and library.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113
Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114
Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117
&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125
No objects deleted.

CPF2160
Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176
Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182
Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189
Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPFA030
Object already in use.

CPFE007
Error occurred processing command.

CPF9803
Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

Top

Delete Panel Group (DLTPNLGRP)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Panel Group (DLTPNLGRP) command removes the specified panel group from the system.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority for the panel group, and use (*USE) authority for the library where the panel group is located.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PNLGRP	Panel group	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Panel group	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Panel group (PNLGRP)

Specifies the panel group or panel groups to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Panel group

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the panel groups to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, all panel groups that have names with the same prefix as the generic panel group name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the panel group to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTPNLGRP  PNLGRP(*CURLIB/AR*)
```

This command deletes all panel groups with names that contain the AR prefix (for example, ARINV, ARREC, ARPERS) from the library listed as the current library.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete Problem (DLTPRB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The user, typically a system operator or user responsible for handling system problems, uses the Delete Problem (DLTPRB) command to maintain the size of the problem log by deleting one or more entries. More information on controlling problem log size is in the Basic System Operation information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

Restriction: This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority and the QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, and QSRVBAS user profiles have private authorities to use the command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PRBID	Problem identifier	Character value, <u>*ALL</u>	Optional, Positional 1
STATUS	Status type	Single values: <u>*ALL</u> Other values (up to 6 repetitions): *OPENED, *READY, *PREPARED, *SENT, *ANSWERED, *VERIFIED, *CLOSED	Optional
DAYS	Days	0-999, <u>30</u>	Optional
ORIGIN	Origin	Element list	Optional
	Element 1: Network identifier	Communications name, <u>*NETATR</u> , *ALL	
	Element 2: Control point name	Communications name, <u>*NETATR</u> , *ALL	

Top

Problem identifier (PRBID)

Specifies the ID of the problems to be deleted. Problems with different origin systems may have the same ID. The **Origin (ORIGIN)** parameter may be used along with this parameter to select a single problem from a particular origin system.

***ALL** All problems that match the other selection criteria are deleted.

problem-ID

Specify the 10-character problem ID of the problem to be deleted. The **Status type (STATUS)** parameter and the **Days (DAYS)** parameter are ignored if a problem ID is specified.

Top

Status type (STATUS)

Specifies the status of problem log entries. There are seven types of status:

***OPENED**

The problem is in Opened status. The problem has been identified and a problem record was created.

***READY**

The problem is in Ready status. Problem analysis information has been added to the problem record.

***PREPARED**

The problem is in Prepared status. The problem has been prepared for reporting.

***SENT**

The problem is in Sent status. The problem has been sent to a service provider, but no answer has been returned.

***ANSWERED**

The problem is in Answered status. An answer has been returned by the service provider or added by an operator on this system.

***VERIFIED**

The problem is in Verified status. The problem was resolved and the system operator has verified that the problem is corrected.

***CLOSED**

The problem was closed.

Note: This parameter is valid only if *ALL is specified on the **Problem identifier (PRBID)** parameter.

You can enter multiple values for this parameter. If you are on an entry display and you need additional entry fields to enter these multiple values, type a plus sign (+) in the entry field opposite the phrase "+ for more" and press the Enter key.

***ALL** All problems that match the other selection criteria will be deleted.

status-type

Specify one of the seven status types.

Top

Days (DAYS)

Specifies that problems older than this value are deleted. Valid values range from 0 through 999 days after the **Opened** or **Closed** date. Problems with any status other than **Closed** will be deleted the specified number of days after the **Opened** date. Problems with **Closed** status will be deleted after the specified number of days after the **Closed** date.

This parameter is valid only if *ALL is specified on the **Problem identifier (PRBID)** parameter.

30 The default number of days until problem deletion.

number-of-days

Specify the number of days. If this value is smaller than the system value QPRBHLDTV, the system value will be used instead.

Top

Origin (ORIGIN)

Specifies that problem log entries that originated at only the specified nodes are to be deleted.

The possible **network ID** values are:

*NETATR

Only entries that originated on systems with the same local network ID as the one defined in the network attributes for this system are deleted.

***ALL** All entries are deleted regardless of the network ID of their origin system.

network-ID

Specify a network ID.

The possible **control point name** values are:

*NETATR

Only entries that originated on systems with the same local control point name as the one defined in the network attributes for this system are deleted.

***ALL** All entries originating at systems with the specified network ID are deleted.

control-point-name

Specify a control point name.

Top

Examples

```
DLTPRB STATUS(*OPENED *READY *SENT) DAYS(15)
```

This command deletes all entries in the **OPENED**, **READY**, or **SENT** status that were added to the problem log prior to 15 days ago.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF7AA6

Problem record &1 cannot be deleted.

CPF7AA7

Problem &1 not found or in use.

CPF7A9C

Cannot work with the problem log at this time.

CPF7A93

Problem &2 currently in use by job &1.

CPF9846

Error while processing file &1 in library &2.

Top

Delete PSF Configuration (DLTPSF CFG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete PSF Configuration (DLTPSF CFG) command deletes a Print Services Facility (PSF) configuration object from the specified library.

Restrictions:

- The PSF feature is required to use this command.
- You must have input/output system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) special authority to use this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PSFCFG	PSF configuration	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: PSF configuration	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

PSF configuration (PSFCFG)

Specifies the Print Services Facility (PSF) configuration object to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: PSF configuration

name Specify the name of the PSF configuration object to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** Search all libraries in the job's library list until the first match is found.

*CURLIB

Search the current job library for the job. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

name Search the specified library.

Top

Examples

DLTPSF CFG PSFCFG(MYLIB/MYPSFCFG)

This command will delete the PSF configuration object named MYPSFCFG in library MYLIB.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF9801

Object &2 in library &3 not found.

CPF9802

Not authorized to object &2 in &3.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

CPF9805

Object &2 in library &3 destroyed.

CPF9810

Library &1 not found.

CPF9811

Program &1 in library &2 not found.

CPF9820

Not authorized to use library &1.

CPF9830

Cannot assign library &1.

Top

Delete Program Temporary Fix (DLTPTF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Program Temporary Fix (DLTPTF) command is used to delete program temporary fix (PTF) save files, their associated cover letters, and the records of PTFs that have been ordered.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PTF	PTF	Values (up to 50 repetitions): <i>Character value</i> , *ALL	Required, Positional 1
LICPGM	Product	<i>Character value</i> , *ALL	Optional
RLS	Release	<i>Character value</i> , *ALL	Optional
DLTDUPPTF	Delete duplicate PTF numbers	*YES, *NO	Optional

Top

PTF (PTF)

Specifies the PTF identification number of the PTF to be deleted.

The possible values are:

***ALL** All PTFs are deleted for the specified product.

PTF-number

Specify the identification number of the PTF to be deleted. A maximum of 50 PTF numbers can be specified.

Top

Product (LICPGM)

Specifies the 7-character identifier of the product for which the PTFs are to be deleted.

The possible values are:

***ALL** The product id is ignored when searching for the specified PTF.

licensed-program

Specify the 7-character product identifier.

Top

Release (RLS)

Specifies the release level of the PTFs being deleted.

The possible values are:

***ALL** The PTF is deleted in all releases of the product.

release-level

Specify the release level in VxRyMz format where Vx is the version number, Ry is the release number, and Mz is the modification level. The variables x and y can be a number from 0 through 9, and the variable z can be a number from 0 through 9 or a letter from A through Z. A specific release cannot be specified when LICPGM(*ALL) is specified.

Top

Delete duplicate PTF numbers (DLTDUPPTF)

Specifies whether duplicate PTF numbers are deleted.

The possible values are:

***NO** Duplicate PTF numbers are not deleted.

***YES** Duplicate PTF numbers are deleted.

Top

Examples

DLTPTF PTF(SI12345)

This command deletes the save file of the PTF named SF12345 from the QGPL library. Any members in the cover letter file for the PTF named SF12345 are also deleted.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF35AE

Duplicate PTF &1 found.

CPF35C5

PTF &1-&2 &3 not deleted.

CPF35E2

Information for PTF &1-&2 &3 not found.

CPF35F1

Cover letter file &1 in &2 not found.

CPF35F2

Cover letter for PTF &2-&1 &3 not found.

CPF358A

Release not valid.

CPF3586

List of PTFs not correct.

CPF6602

PTF &1-&2 &3 not found.

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Delete Query Management Form (DLTQMFORM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Query Management Form (DLTQMFORM) command allows you to delete an existing query management form from a library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
QMFORM	Query management report form	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Query management report form	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Query management report form (QMFORM)

Specifies the query management form to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Query management report form

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the forms to be deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all forms with names that begin with the generic name, and for which you have authority, are deleted from the specified library or library list. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete form name.

name Specify the name of the form to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

Only the current library for the job is searched. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRvRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRvRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRvRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTQMFORM QMQRY(RPTLIB/FORM1)
```

This command deletes query management form FORM1 from library RPTLIB.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

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Delete Query Management Query (DLTQMQR)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Query Management Query (DLTQMQR) command deletes an existing query management query from a library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
QMQR	Query management query	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Query management query	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Query management query (QMQR)

Specifies the query management query to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Query management query

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the queries to be deleted from the library or library list. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all queries with names that begin with the generic name, and for which you have authority, are deleted from the specified library or library list. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete query name.

name Specify the name of the query to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

Only the current library for the job is searched. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTQMORY  QMORY(RPTLIB/QUERY1)
```

This command deletes query management query QUERY1 from library RPTLIB.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete Query (DLTQRY)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Query (DLTQRY) command deletes an existing query definition from a library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
QRY	Query	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Query	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Query (QRY Parameter)

Specifies the qualified name of the query definition being deleted.

query-name

Specify the name of the query definition being deleted.

This is a required parameter.

The name of the query definition can be qualified by one of the following library values:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries in the user portion of the job's library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX QRCLxxxxx QUSRIJS QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL QSRVAGT QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38 QSYS2 QUSRNOTES
QMGTC QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND

QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a Query Definition

```
DLTQRY QRY(LIB1/MYDEF)
```

This command deletes query definition MYDEF from library LIB1.

Example 2: Deleting a Query Definition from All Libraries

```
DLTQRY QRY(*ALL/MYDEF)
```

This command deletes all the query definitions named MYDEF on the system.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Questions and Answers (DLTQST)

Where allowed to run: Interactive environments (*INTERACT
*IPGM *IREXX *EXEC)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Question (DLTQST) command allows you to search a local Question and Answer (Q & A) database to find one or more questions to delete. More information is available in the Basic System Operation information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

Restrictions:

1. This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
2. A user must have authority to this command and be a Q & A coordinator for any Q & A database referred to by this command.
3. A user cannot delete conversational questions or candidate questions with this command.
4. This command can only be used interactively.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
QSTDB	Q/A database	Name, <u>*SELECT</u>	Optional, Positional 1
LIB	Lib containing Q/A database	Name, <u>*QSTLIB</u>	Optional, Positional 2

Top

Q/A database (QSTDB)

Specifies the Q & A database from which to delete questions.

The possible values are:

*SELECT

You are asked to specify a Q & A database. If only one Q & A database exists on the system, it is the default.

question-database

Specify the name of the Q & A database from which to delete questions.

Top

Lib containing Q/A database (LIB)

Specifies the name of the library that contains the Q & A database.

The name of the Q & A database can be qualified by one of the following library values:

*QSTLIB

The library containing the specified Q & A database is searched. If *SELECT is specified on the QSTDB parameter, any Q & A database in any library to which you are authorized can be selected.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched. If *SELECT is specified on the QSTDB parameter, any Q & A database in the library to which you are authorized can be selected.

Top

Examples

DLTQST

This command shows the Specify Search Variables display.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Q/A Database (DLTQSTDB)

Where allowed to run: Interactive environments (*INTERACT
*IPGM *IREXX *EXEC)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Q & A Database (DLTQSTDB) command allows an authorized user to delete a Question-and-Answer (Q & A) database from this system. More information is available in the Basic System Operation information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

Restrictions:

1. This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
2. A user must have authority to the command and be a Q & A coordinator for any Q & A database referred to by the command.
3. This command can only be used interactively.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
QSTDB	Q/A database	Name, * <u>SELECT</u>	Optional, Positional 1
LIB	Lib containing Q/A database	Name, * <u>QSTLIB</u>	Optional, Positional 2

Top

Q/A database (QSTDB)

Specifies the Q & A database being deleted from this system.

The possible values are:

*SELECT

You are asked to specify a Q & A database. If only one Q & A database exists on the system, it is the default.

question-database

Specify the name of the Q & A database being deleted from the system.

Top

Lib containing Q/A database (LIB)

Specifies the name of the library that contains the Q & A database being deleted.

The possible library values are:

***QSTLIB**

The library containing the specified Q & A database is searched. If *SELECT is specified on the QSTDB parameter, any Q & A database in any library to which you are authorized can be selected.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched. If *SELECT is specified on the QSTDB parameter, any database in the library to which you are authorized can be selected.

Top

Examples

DLTQSTDB

This command shows the Confirm Delete Q & A Database display. If more than one Q and A database is available for selection, the Select Q and A Database display is shown first.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Delete Subsystem Description (DLTSBSD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Subsystem Description (DLTSBSD) command deletes the specified subsystem descriptions (including any work entries or routing entries added to them) from the system. Job queues assigned to this subsystem by the Add Job Queue Entry (ADDJOBQE) command are not deleted. The associated subsystem must be inactive before it can be deleted.

Restrictions:

1. To use this command, you must have:
 - use (*USE) and object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the specified subsystem description and execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library containing that subsystem description.
2. This command cannot be run if an active subsystem is associated with this description.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SBSD	Subsystem description	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Subsystem description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Subsystem description (SBSD)

Specifies the name and library of the subsystem descriptions being deleted. A specific subsystem description or a generic subsystem description can be specified; either type can be qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Subsystem description

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the subsystem descriptions being deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified for this parameter, then all subsystem descriptions with names that have the same prefix as the generic subsystem description are deleted.

name Specify the name of the subsystem description being deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the thread's library list are searched until a match is found. If a specific object name is specified (instead of a generic name), only the first object found to have that name is deleted.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is used to locate the object. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is used.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries listed in the user portion of the library list are searched. If a specific object name is specified (instead of a generic name), only the first object found with that name is deleted.

***ALL** All libraries in auxiliary storage pools (ASPs) that are currently part of the thread's library name space will be searched. This includes the system ASP (ASP 1), all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32), and, if the thread has an ASP group, the primary and secondary ASPs in the thread's ASP group. Only your own QTEMP library is searched. All objects matching the specified name and object type in all libraries in the thread's name space are deleted.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB      #DSULIB      #SEULIB
#COBLIB      #RPGLIB
#DFULIB      #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx   QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRRDARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the library where the subsystem description is located.

Top

Examples

```
DLTSBSD  SBSD(LIB1/BAKER)
```

This command deletes the inactive subsystem description called BAKER from library LIB1.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

- CPF2105**
Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.
- CPF2110**
Library &1 not found.
- CPF2114**
Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.
- CPF2117**
&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.
- CPF2160**
Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.
- CPF2176**
Library &1 damaged.
- CPF2182**
Not authorized to library &1.
- CPF2189**
Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.
- CPF5702**
File either not DDM file or not found.

Top

Delete Search Index (DLTSCHIDX)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Search Index (DLTSCHIDX) command removes the specified help index from the system.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority for the panel group and use (*USE) authority for the library containing the panel group.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SCHIDX	Search index	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Search index	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Search index (SCHIDX)

Specifies the help index to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the help indexes to be deleted. A generic name is a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, all help indexes that have names with the same prefix as the generic panel group name are deleted.

name Specify the name of the help index to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no current library exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTSCHIDX  SCHIDX(*CURLIB/AR*)
```

This command deletes all search indexes named with the AR prefix (for example, ARINV, ARREC, ARPERS) from the library listed as the current library.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete Spelling Aid Dictionary (DLTSPADCT)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Spelling Aid Dictionary (DLTSPADCT) command allows you to delete the specified spelling aid dictionary from the system.

Restriction: You must have object existence or all authority for the spelling aid dictionary being deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SPADCT	Spelling aid dictionary	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Spelling aid dictionary	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB</i>	

Top

Spelling aid dictionary (SPADCT)

Specifies the dictionary or dictionaries to be deleted. A specific spelling aid dictionary or generic spelling aid dictionary can be specified; either type can be qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

spelling-aid-dictionary-name

Specify the name of the spelling aid dictionary to be deleted.

generic*-spelling-aid-dictionary-name

Specify the generic name of the spelling aid dictionary that is to be deleted. A generic name is one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, all spelling aid dictionaries that have names with the same prefix as the generic spelling aid dictionary name are deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries job's library list are searched until the first match is found. If a specific spelling aid dictionary name is specified (rather than a generic name), only the first spelling aid dictionary found with that name is deleted.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the user's job is searched.

library-name

Specify the name of the library where the dictionary is located. You must have operational authority for the library specified.

Examples

DLTSPADCT SPADCT(MYLIB/LANGUAGE)

This command deletes the spelling aid dictionary named LANGUAGE in library MYLIB.

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Delete Spooled File (DLTSPLF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
 Threadsafes: No

Parameters
 Examples
 Error messages

The Delete Spooled File (DLTSPLF) command is used to remove the specified spooled file from the output queue. If the spooled file is currently being produced on a device, it is immediately stopped and removed. Any data that has not been produced is lost.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
FILE	Spooled file	Name, *SELECT	Required, Positional 1
JOB	Job name	Single values: * Other values: <i>Qualified job name</i>	Optional, Positional 2
	Qualifier 1: Job name	Name	
	Qualifier 2: User	Name	
	Qualifier 3: Number	000000-999999	
SPLNBR	Spooled file number	1-999999, *ONLY, *LAST, *ANY	Optional, Positional 3
JOBSYSNAME	Job system name	Name, *ONLY, *CURRENT, *ANY	Optional
CRTDATE	Spooled file created	Single values: *ONLY, *LAST Other values: <i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Creation date	Date	
	Element 2: Creation time	Time, *ONLY, *LAST	
SELECT	Select files for	<i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: User	Name, *CURRENT, *ALL	
	Element 2: Print device	Name, *ALL, *OUTQ	
	Element 3: Form type	Character value, *ALL, *STD	
	Element 4: User data	Character value, *ALL	
	Element 5: ASP	1-32, *ALL, *ASPDEV	
ASPDEV	ASP device	Name, *, *SYSBAS, *CURASPGRP	Optional

Top

Spooled file (FILE)

Specifies the spooled file that is to be removed from the output queue.

This is a required parameter.

*SELECT

All spooled files that meet the selection values specified on the **Select files for (SELECT)** parameter are deleted. This value is mutually exclusive with a value specified on the **Job name**

(JOB) parameter, **Spooled file number (SPLNBR)** parameter, **Job system name (JOBSYSNAME)** parameter, or the **Spooled file created (CRTDATE)** parameter.

name Specify the name of the spooled file that is to be removed from the system.

Top

Job name (JOB)

Specifies the name of the job that produced (or is producing) the spooled file that is removed from the output queue.

Single values

* The job that issued this command produced the spooled file to be deleted.

_

Qualifier 1: Job name

name Specify the name of the job that produced the file to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: User

name Specify the user name that identifies the user profile under which the job is run.

Qualifier 3: Number

000000-999999

Specify the system-assigned job number of the job that produced the spooled file.

Top

Spooled file number (SPLNBR)

Specifies the number of the job's spooled file that is to be removed from the output queue.

*ONLY

Only one spooled file in the job has the specified file name; therefore, the number of the spooled file is not necessary.

*LAST

The highest-numbered spooled file created for the job that has the specified file name is the file that is being deleted.

*ANY The spooled file number is not used to determine which spooled file is used. Use this value when the job system name parameter or the spooled file create date and time parameter is to take precedence over the spooled file number when selecting a spooled file.

spooled-file-number

Specify the number of the spooled file with the specified file name that is being deleted.

Top

Job system name (JOBSYSNAME)

Specifies the name of the system where the job that created the spooled file (JOB parameter) ran. This parameter is considered after the job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, and spooled file number parameter requirements have been met.

***ONLY**

There is one spooled file with the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, and spooled file create date and time.

***CURRENT**

The spooled file created on the current system with the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, and create date and time is used.

***ANY** The job system name is not used to determine which spooled file is used. Use this value when the spooled file create date and time parameter is to take precedence over the job system name when selecting a spooled file.

name Specify the name of the system where the job that created the spooled file ran.

Top

Spooled file created (CRTDATE)

Specifies the date and time the spooled file was created. This parameter is considered after the job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, and job system name parameter requirements have been met.

Single values

***ONLY**

There is one spooled file with the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, and job system name.

***LAST**

The spooled file with the latest create date and time of the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, and job system name is used.

Element 1: Creation date

date Specify the date the spooled file was created.

Element 2: Creation time

***ONLY**

There is one spooled file with the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, job system name, and spooled file create date.

***LAST**

The spooled file with the latest create time of the specified job name, user name, job number, spooled file name, spooled file number, job system name, and spooled file create date is used.

time Specify the time the spooled file was created.

Top

Select files for (SELECT)

Specifies which group of files should be selected for deletion. Positional values can be specified to select the files: the user that created the file, the device that the file is queued for, the form type specified, the user data tag associated with the file, or the auxiliary storage pool the file is in. Only files that meet each of the values are selected.

Element 1: User

*CURRENT

Only files created by the user running this command are selected.

***ALL** Files created by all users are selected.

name Specify a user name. Only files created by that user name are selected.

Element 2: Print device

***ALL** Files on any device-created or user-created output queue are selected.

***OUTQ**

All files on any user-created output queue are selected. A user-created output queue is any output queue that is not automatically created by a device. A user-created output queue does not generally have the same name as a device, but if it does, it does not reside in library QUSRSYS.

name Specify a device name. Only files on the device created output queue for that device are selected. A device created output queue is one that has the same name as a device and resides in the QUSRSYS library. Unless it already exists, it will automatically be created by the system when the device is created. A device created output queue cannot be deleted.

Element 3: Form type

***ALL** Files for all form types are selected.

***STD** Only files that specify the standard form type are selected.

form-type

Specify the form type to select the file.

Element 4: User data

***ALL** Files with any user data tag specified are selected.

user-data

Specify the user data tag to select the file.

Element 5: ASP

***ALL** All files as specified in the Auxiliary Storage Pool Device (ASPDEV) parameter are selected.

***ASPDEV**

Files specified in the Auxiliary Storage Pool Device (ASPDEV) parameter are selected.

1-32 Specify the auxiliary storage pool (ASP) of the files being selected.

Top

ASP device (ASPDEV)

Specifies the auxiliary storage pool device name from which spooled files are to be selected. This parameter is only valid if the ASP number (ASP) element of the Select parameter is *ALL or *ASPDEV.

*
- Files which are found in the ASPs that are currently part of the thread's library name space are selected. This includes the system ASP (ASP 1), all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32), and if the thread has an ASP group, the primary and secondary ASPs in the thread's ASP group.

***SYSBAS**

Files which are found in the system ASP (ASP 1) and all defined basic user ASPs (ASPs 2-32) are selected.

*CURASGRP

Files which are found in the primary and secondary ASPs in the thread's ASP group are selected. If no ASP group is associated with the thread, an error will be issued.

name Specify the name of the auxiliary storage pool device description. Files which are found in the specified primary or secondary ASP are selected. Only primary or secondary ASPs which are in the thread's ASP group may be specified. If no ASP group is associated with the thread, an error will be issued.

Top

Examples

```
DLTSPLF FILE(WEEKLY) JOB(000146/SMITH/PAYROLL5)
```

This command deletes the spooled file named WEEKLY (of job PAYROLL5, for user SMITH, job number 000146) from the output queue. Spooled files with different names produced by the job named PAYROLL5 are not affected by this command. If the job produced more than one file named WEEKLY, no file is deleted because SPLNBR(*ONLY) is assumed.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF337E

ASP device &1 not in current ASP group for thread.

CPF337F

ASP device &1 not allowed with ASP number &2.

CPF33D0

Printer &1 does not exist.

CPF33D1

User &1 does not exist.

CPF3303

File &1 not found in job &5/&4/&3.

CPF3309

No files named &1 are active.

CPF3330

Necessary resource not available.

CPF3340

More than one file with specified name found in job &5/&4/&3.

CPF3342

Job &5/&4/&3 not found.

CPF3343

Duplicate job names found.

CPF3344

File &1 number &8 no longer in the system.

CPF34A4

File &1 number &8 not held or deleted.

CPF3478

File &1 not found in job &5/&4/&3 on output queue &6 in library &7.

CPF3492

Not authorized to spooled file.

CPF8128

&8 damage on output queue &4 in library &9.

CPF9825

Not authorized to device &1.

CPF9833

*CURASPGRP or *ASPGRPPRI specified and thread has no ASP group.

CPFB8ED

Device description &1 not correct for operation.

[Top](#)

Delete SQL Package (DLTSQLPKG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Structured Query Language Package (DLTSQLPKG) command is used to delete an SQL package or group of packages.

DLTSQLPKG is a local command and must be used on the iSeries system where the SQL package being deleted is located.

To delete an SQL package on a remote system that is also an iSeries system, use the Submit Remote Command (SBMRMTCMD) command to run the DLTSQLPKG command on the remote system.

The user can do the following to delete an SQL package from a remote system that is not an iSeries system:

- Use interactive SQL to run the CONNECT and DROP PACKAGE operations.
- Sign on the remote system and use a command local to that system.
- Create and run an SQL program that contains a DROP PACKAGE SQL statement.

Restrictions:

- You cannot use the DLTSQLPKG command to delete an SQL package on a remote system. To delete an SQL package from a remote system, you can do one of the following:
 - Use interactive SQL to run the CONNECT and DROP PACKAGE statements.
 - Sign on the remote system and use a command local to that system.
 - Create and run an SQL program which contains a DROP PACKAGE SQL statement.
- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority for the SQL package and read (*READ) authority for the library where the SQL package is located to use this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SQLPKG	SQL package	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: SQL package	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

SQL package (SQLPKG)

Specifies the SQL package to be deleted. Multiple SQL packages can be deleted by specifying a generic SQL package name.

Qualifier 1: SQL package

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the SQL packages to be deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*).

name Specify the name of the SQL package to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

DLTSQLPKG SQLPKG(JONES)

This command deletes the SQL package JONES.

Top

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Delete Service Configuration (DLTSRVCFG)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Service Configuration (DLTSRVCFG) command deletes the service configuration used for all service and support applications: Electronic Customer Support (ECS), Electronic Service Agent, and Information Center Update. Primary and backup configurations are deleted.

Restrictions:

- Input/output system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) special authority is required to run this command.
- If DLTCMNCFG(*YES) is specified, object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority is required to applicable service configuration objects; line, controller, and device descriptions.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DLTCMNCFG	Delete communications config	*NO, *YES	Optional, Positional 1

Top

Delete communications config (DLTCMNCFG)

Specifies whether all communications configuration objects associated with the service configuration should be deleted. This would include the connection profiles and line, controller, and device descriptions defined for use with the service configuration.

Note: Communications configuration objects will not be deleted if they are referenced by another profile.

***NO** The service configuration objects will not be deleted.

***YES** The service configuration objects will be deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Delete the Communication Objects

```
DLTSRVCFG DLTCMNCFG(*YES)
```

This command will delete the service configuration used by Electronic Customer Support (ECS), Electronic Service Agent, and Information Center Update. The configuration's communication objects will be deleted if they are not shared by another communications configuration.

Example 2: Do Not Delete the Communication Objects

```
DLTSRVCFG DLTCMNCFG(*NO)
```

This command will delete the service configuration used by Electronic Customer Support (ECS), Electronic Service Agent, and Information Center Update. The configuration's communication objects will not be deleted.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF9899

Error occurred during processing of command.

TCP8205

Required object &2/&1 type *&3 not found.

TCP8211

Point-to-point profile &1 not found.

Top

Delete Service Program (DLTSRVPGM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Service Program (DLTSRVPGM) command deletes a bound service program or group of service programs from a set of modules and binding directories.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the service program.
- You must have execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library from which the service program is to be deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SRVPGM	Service program	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Service program	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Service program (SRVPGM)

Specifies the service program to be deleted. A specific service program or a generic service program can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Service program

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the service programs to be deleted. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, then all service programs with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are deleted. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete service program name.

name Specify the name of the service program to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

*USRLIBL

Only the libraries in the user portion of the job's library list are searched.

*ALL All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB	#DSULIB	#SEULIB
#COBLIB	#RPGLIB	
#DFULIB	#SDALIB	

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRvRxMx
QGGL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGGL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRvRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRvRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTSRVPGM SRVPGM(XYZ/S*)
```

This command deletes all service programs in library XYZ that begin with the letter S.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPFA030

Object already in use.

CPFE007

Error occurred processing command.

CPF9803

Cannot allocate object &2 in library &3.

Top

Delete Tape Category (DLTTAPCGY)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Tape Category (DLTTAPCGY) command deletes a user defined category name that was previously created with the Create Tape Category (CRTTAPCGY) command. If any cartridge identifiers are currently assigned to this category, the category is not deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
CGY	Category	<i>Element list</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Element 1: Category name	<i>Character value</i>	
	Element 2: Category system	<i>Character value, *CURRENT</i>	

Top

Category (CGY)

Specifies the category to delete.

This is a required parameter.

Element 1: Category name

character-value

Specify the name of a user-defined category. This category name must have previously been created with the Create Tape Category (CRTTAPCGY) command.

Element 2: Category system

Identifies the system the category belongs to. The system name is obtained from the current system name field of a Display Network Attributes (DSPNETA) command.

*CURRENT

The system currently running the command.

character-value

Specify the system name that is the primary owner of the category.

Top

Examples

```
DLTTAPCGY CGY(CAT1 RCHAS215)
```

This command deletes a user-defined category named CAT1 from the primary owner RCHAS215.

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF67C6

Category &4 not deleted

CPF67E3

Category not deleted

Delete Table (DLTTBL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Table (DLTTBL) command deletes the specified table(s).

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
TBL	Table	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Table	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Table (TBL)

Specifies the name of the table(s) being deleted. A specific table or a generic table can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library name.

This is a required parameter.

The possible values are:

table-name

Specify the qualified name of the table that is deleted.

generic*-table-name

Specify the generic name of the table that is deleted. A generic name can be specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). If a generic name is specified, then all tables that have names with the same prefix as the generic table name are deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched for tables to delete. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

*ALLUSR

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

```
#CGULIB    #DSULIB    #SEULIB
#COBLIB    #RPGLIB
#DFULIB    #SDALIB
```

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

```
QDSNX      QRCLxxxxx  QUSRIJS    QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL       QSRVAGT    QUSRINFSKR
QGGL38     QSYS2      QUSRNOTES
QMGTC      QSYS2xxxxx QUSROND
QMGTC2     QS36F      QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA   QUSER38    QUSRPOSSA
QMQMDATA   QUSRADSM   QUSRPYMSVR
QMQMPROC   QUSRBRM    QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA   QUSRDIRCL  QUSRSYS
QRCL       QUSRDIRDB  QUSRVI
```

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify a library name. Only the library named in this parameter is searched for tables to delete.

Top

Examples

```
DLTTBL TBL(SCRAMTBL)
```

This command deletes the table named SCRAMTBL from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2625

Not able to allocate object &1.

[Top](#)

Delete Time Zone Description (DLTTIMZON)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Time Zone Description (DLTTIMZON) command deletes the specified time zone description object.

Restrictions:

- You must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the time zone description being deleted.
- You must have execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the QSYS library.
- The time zone description specified in the QTIMZON system value cannot be deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
TIMZON	Time zone description	<i>Generic name, name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Time zone description (TIMZON)

Specifies the time zone description to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the time zone descriptions to be deleted. A generic name is specified as a character string that contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk(*). If a generic name is specified, then all objects that have names with the same prefix as the generic object name are selected.

name Specify the name of the time zone description.

Top

Examples

DLTTIMZON TIMZON(CENTRAL)

This command deletes the time zone description CENTRAL.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF09A2

Time zone description &1 not deleted.

CPF1842

Cannot access system value &1.

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete Trace (DLTTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Trace Data (DLTTRC) command deletes trace data that was stored in a set of database files by the ENDTRC (End Trace) command.

Restrictions:

- To use this command, you must have service (*SERVICE) special authority, or be authorized to the Service trace function of Operating System through iSeries Navigator's Application Administration support. The Change Function Usage (CHGFCNUSG) command, with a function ID of QIBM_SERVICE_TRACE, can also be used to change the list of users that are allowed to perform trace operations.
- To use this command, you must have authority to the library and the database files within that library where the trace data is stored.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DTAMBR	Data member	<i>Name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
DTALIB	Data library	<i>Name</i> , <u>*CURLIB</u>	Optional

Top

Data member (DTAMBR)

Specifies the database file member that contains the trace data that you want to delete. The member name will be the same as the trace session identifier specified on the Start Trace (STRTRC) and End Trace (ENDTRC) commands. The member name is the same for each of the physical files that contain the trace data.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the database file member that contains the trace data.

Top

Data library (DTALIB)

Specifies the library that contains the set of database files where the collected trace data is stored.

*CURLIB

The trace data is deleted from files in the current library for the job. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

name Specify the name of the library that contains the trace data files.

Examples

```
DLTTRC DTAMBR(MYTRACE) DTALIB(MYTRCLIB)
```

This command removes the database file members for files in library MYTRCLIB which contain trace data associated for trace session MYTRACE.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPC3925

&1 members removed, &2 members not removed.

CPF39CE

Error occurred during processing of the DLTTRC command.

CPF98A2

Not authorized to &1 command.

Top

Delete User-Defined FS (DLTUDFS)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User-Defined File System (DLTUDFS) command deletes an existing and unmounted user-defined file system (UDFS) and all of the objects within it. The command will fail if the UDFS is mounted.

Restrictions:

1. The UDFS to be deleted must not be mounted.
2. Only a user with input/output (I/O) system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) special authority can specify this command.
3. The user must have object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to all of the objects in the UDFS.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
UDFS	User-defined file system	<i>Path name</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

User-defined file system (UDFS)

Specifies the path name of the existing UDFS to be deleted. It must be in one of the following two forms:

- */dev/qaspXX/udfsname.udfs*, where *XX* is one of the valid system or basic user auxiliary storage pool (ASP) numbers on the system, and *udfsname* is the name of the user-defined file system. All other parts of the name must appear as in the example above.
- */dev/aspname/udfsname.udfs*, where *aspname* is one of the valid independent ASP names on the system, and *udfsname* is the name of the user-defined file system. All other parts of the name must appear as in the example above.

The name part of the path must be unique within the specified *qaspXX* or *aspname* directory.

Wildcard characters such as '*' and '?' are not allowed in this parameter. The command will fail if the UDFS specified is currently mounted.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Deleting a User-defined File System

```
DLTUDFS UDFS('/dev/QASP01/joe.udfs')
```

This command deletes the user-defined file system (UDFS) named *joe.udfs* from the system auxiliary storage pool (ASP 1).

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA0A9

Object not found. Object is &1.

CPFA09C

Not authorized to object. Object is &1.

CPFA09E

Object in use. Object is &1.

CPFA0AC

Request cannot be completed. Directory contains objects.

CPFA1B8

*IOSYSCFG authority required to use &1.

Top

Delete User Index (DLTUSRIDX)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User Index (DLTUSRIDX) command deletes a user index from the system.

Restriction: You must have *OBJEXIST authority and *USE authority for the user index being deleted to enter this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
USRIDX	User index	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: User index	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

User index (USRIDX)

Specifies the name of the user index that is to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

The possible values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGGL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGGL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

The possible user index values are:

user-index-name

Specify the name of the user index that is to be deleted.

generic-user-index-name*

Specify the generic name of the user index. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all user indexes with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are shown.

Top

Examples

```
DLTUSRIDX  USRIDX(MYBEST/USRIDXTEST)
```

This command deletes the user index named USRIDXTEST in the library named MYBEST from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete User Profile (DLTUSRPRF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User Profile (DLTUSRPRF) command deletes a user profile from the system. The user of this command must have security administrator (*SECADM) special authority (which can be obtained through the program adopt operation), and object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority and use (*USE) authority for the user profile to be deleted.

The message queue associated with this user profile is automatically deleted if the user profile is the owner of the message queue.

If a user profile is damaged by system failure, it can be deleted by using the Delete User Profile (DLTUSRPRF) command and re-created by using the Create User Profile (CRTUSRPRF) command. After a user profile is re-created, the owned objects and primary group objects can be transferred back to it. Also, authorities that were granted to the damaged profile must be granted again to the new user profile by using the Grant Object Authority (GRTOBJAUT) command.

Restrictions:

- You must have use (*USE) and object existence (*OBJEXIST) authority to the user profile.
- You must have *OBJEXIST, *USE, and delete (*DLT) authorities to delete a message queue associated with and owned by the user profile.
- The user profile cannot be deleted if a user is currently running under the profile, or if it owns any objects and OWNBJOPT(*NODLT) is specified. All objects in the user profile must first either be transferred to new owners by using the Change Object Owner (CHGOBJOWN) command or be deleted from the system. This can also be accomplished by specifying OWNBJOPT(*DLT) to delete the objects or OWNBJOPT(*CHGOWN user-profile-name) to change the ownership. Authority granted to the user does not have to be specifically revoked by the Revoke Object Authority (RVKOBJAUT) command; it is automatically revoked when the user profile is deleted.
- To delete any object, you must have *OBJEXIST authority for the object.
- The user profile cannot be deleted if it is the primary group for any object. All objects that the user is the primary group for must either be transferred to new users by using the Change Object Primary Group (CHGOBJPGP) command, or be deleted from the system. The transfer can be accomplished by specifying PGPOPT(*CHGPGP user-profile-name) to change the primary group.
- This command calls the system distribution directory support to delete the user from the directory and to delete the user from distribution lists, if necessary. The system distribution directory support uses journaling and commitment control for the system distribution directory files (QUSURSYS/QAOS*). Commitment control must be inactive when this function is requested. If commitment control is active when this function is requested, the journal must be QUSURSYS/QAOSDIAJRN.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

1. Owned object types *USRPRF, *RCT, and *AUTHLR are not deleted from the system. Ownership of these object types is transferred to user profile QDFTOWN.
2. Owned objects of the type *PRDDFN are not deleted. Ownership is transferred to the user profile QSYS.
3. In addition to the above restrictions, all restrictions that apply to DLTLIB also apply to specifying OWNBJOPT(*DLT). For example, if an object is in use, it cannot be deleted. Or, if a physical file has an associated logical file owned by another user, the physical file cannot be deleted.

4. Owned objects of type *LIB are not deleted from the system if the library contains objects owned by another user profile. The ownership of the library is transferred to the system user profile, QDFTOWN.
5. Owned objects of type *DIR are not deleted from the system if the directory contains objects owned by another user profile. The ownership of the directory is transferred to the system user profile, QDFTOWN.
6. Owned objects of type *BLKSF are not deleted from the system if the user-defined file system represented by the *BLKSF contains objects owned by another user profile. The ownership of the user-defined file system is transferred to the system user profile, QDFTOWN.
7. A user profile cannot be both the owner of the object and the primary group of the object. Therefore, if the new owner is already the primary group of an object that the current user owns, the transfer of ownership fails. Also, if the new primary group already owns an object that the current user is the primary group of, the transfer of primary groups fails.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
USRPRF	User profile	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
OWNOBJOPT	Owned object option	Single values: *NODLT, *DLT Other values: <i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Owned object value	*CHGOWN	
	Element 2: User profile name if *CHGOWN	<i>Name</i>	
PGPOPT	Primary group option	Single values: *NOCHG Other values: <i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Primary group value	*CHGPGP	
	Element 2: New primary group	<i>Name</i> , *NONE	
	Element 3: New primary group authority	*OLDPGP, *PRIVATE, *ALL, *CHANGE, *USE, *EXCLUDE	
EIMASSOC	EIM association	*DLT, *NODLT	Optional

Top

User profile (USRPRF)

Specifies the user profile to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Note: The following IBM-supplied user profiles are not valid on this parameter:

QANZAGENT, QAUTPROF, QCLUMGT, QCLUSTER, QCOLSRV, QDBSHR, QDBSHRDO, QDFTOWN, QDIRSRV, QDLFM, QDOC, QDSNX, QEJB, QEJBSVR, QFNC, QGATE, QIBMHELP, QIPP, QLPAUTO, QLPINSTALL, QMGTC, QMSF, QNETSPLF, QNFSANON, QNTP, QPEX, QPGMR, QPM400, QSECOFR, QSNADS, QSPL, QSPLJOB, QSRV, QSRVAGT, QSRVBAS, QSYS, QSYSOPR, QTCM, QTCP, QTFTP, QTMHHTTP, QTMHHTTP1, QTSTRQS, QUSER, QYCMCIMOM, QYPSJSVR

name Specify the name of the user profile to be deleted.

Top

Owned object option (OWNOBJOPT)

Specifies the type of operations to be performed on the owned objects of the user profile.

Single values

***NODLT**

The owned objects for the user profile are not changed, and the user profile is not deleted if the user owns any objects.

***DLT** The owned objects for the user profile are deleted. The user profile is deleted if the deletion of all owned objects is successful.

Element 1: Owned object value

***CHGOWN**

The owned objects for the user profile have ownership transferred to the specified user profile. The user profile is deleted if the transfer of all owned objects is successful.

When ***CHGOWN** is specified, a user profile name must be specified for the new user profile. The new user profile owns all objects owned by the user profile specified for the **User profile (USRPRF)** parameter.

Element 2: User profile name if *CHGOWN

name Specify the name of the user profile to be the new owner.

Top

Primary group option (PGPOPT)

Specifies the type of operations to be done on the objects the user profile to be deleted is the primary group for.

Single values

***NOCHG**

The objects the user profile is the primary group for do not change, and the user profile is not deleted if the user is the primary group for any objects.

Element 1: Primary group value

***CHGPGP**

The objects the user profile is the primary group for are transferred to the specified user profile. The user profile is deleted if the transfer of all objects is successful.

When ***CHGPGP** is specified, a user profile name or ***NONE** must be specified. If a user profile name is specified, that user will be the primary group for all objects for which the user profile specified by the **USRPRF** parameter is the primary group. If ***NONE** is specified, all of the objects for which the user profile specified by the **USRPRF** parameter is the primary group for will no longer have a primary group.

Element 2: New primary group

***NONE**

The objects do not have a primary group.

name Specify the name of the user profile to be the new primary group. The user profile specified must have a group ID number (**gid**).

Element 3: New primary group authority

***OLDPGP**

The new primary group has the same authority to the object as the old primary group.

***PRIVATE**

If the new primary group has a private authority to the object, it will become the primary group for that object and the primary group authority will be what the private authority was. If the new primary group does not have a private authority to the object, it becomes the primary group but does not have any authority to the object.

***ALL** The new primary group has ***ALL** authority to the object.

***CHANGE**

The new primary group has ***CHANGE** authority to the object.

***USE** The new primary group has ***USE** authority to the object.

***EXCLUDE**

The new primary group has ***EXCLUDE** authority to the object.

Top

EIM association (EIMASSOC)

Specifies whether Enterprise Identity Mapping (EIM) associations should be deleted for this user in the local registry. All types of associations for this user in the local registry will be deleted, including target, source, admin and policy.

If this system is not configured for EIM, then no processing is done. If this system is configured for EIM, but the connect to EIM fails (for example, the LDAP server that EIM is configured to use is not active), then a QSYEIM job is submitted that will attempt to connect to EIM for one hour. Not being able to delete EIM associations does not cause the delete of the profile to fail.

If associations are not deleted, a profile created with the same name will use these associations.

***DLT** EIM associations will be deleted.

***NODLT**

EIM associations will not be deleted.

Top

Examples

DLTUSRPRF USRPRF(JJADAMS)

This command deletes the user profile named JJADAMS from the system if no objects are owned by the user profile, no user is currently running under it, and the user is not the primary group of any objects.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA030

Object already in use.

CPF22BF

User profile &1 not deleted.

CPF22B3

User profile &1 not deleted.

CPF22C1

NEWOWN and USRPRF parameters cannot be the same.

CPF220A

New owner &1 does not have a uid.

CPF220B

New primary group &1 does not have a gid.

CPF220C

Owner and primary group cannot be the same.

CPF2203

User profile &1 not correct.

CPF2204

User profile &1 not found.

CPF221A

User profile &1 not deleted.

CPF221E

User profile &1 not deleted.

CPF221F

PGPOPT and USRPRF parameters cannot be the same.

CPF2213

Not able to allocate user profile &1.

CPF2215

User profile &1 not deleted.

CPF2217

Not authorized to user profile &1.

CPF2222

Storage limit is greater than specified for user profile &1.

CPF2225

Not able to allocate internal system object.

CPF2227

One or more errors occurred during processing of command.

CPF2229

Not authorized to delete user profile.

CPF2238

Access path to user profiles damaged.

CPF2258

Group profile &1 not deleted.

CPF2263

Group information removed from &1 user profiles.

CPF2265

User profile &1 not deleted.

STATUS Messages*CPI2236**

Deleting owned objects.

[Top](#)

Delete User Queue (DLTUSRQ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User Queue (DLTUSRQ) command deletes a user queue from the system. The user who enters this command must have *OBJEXIST authority and *USE authority for the user queue being deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
USRQ	User queue	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: User queue	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

User queue (USRQ)

Specifies the name of the user queue that is to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

The possible values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX QRCLxxxxx QUSRIJS QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL QSRVAGT QUSRINFSKR
QGPL38 QSYS2 QUSRNOTES

QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA
QMOMDATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR
QMOMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

The possible user queue values are:

user-queue-name

Specify the name of the user queue that is to be deleted.

generic-user-queue-name*

Specify the generic name of the user queue. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all user queues with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are shown.

Top

Examples

```
DLTUSRQ  USRQ(MYBEST/USRQSAMPLE)
```

This command deletes the user queue named USRQSAMPLE in the library named MYBEST from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

Top

Delete User Space (DLTUSRSPC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User Space (DLTUSRSPC) command deletes a user space from the system. The user who enters this command must have *OBJEXIST authority and *USE authority for the user space being deleted.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
USRSPC	User space	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: User space	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

User space (USRSPC)

Specifies the name and library of the user space that is to be deleted. A specific user space or generic user space can be specified; either type can be optionally qualified by a library.

This is a required parameter.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is searched.

***USRLIBL**

If a current library entry exists in the library list for the current thread, the current library and the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched. If there is no current library entry, only the libraries in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All user libraries are searched. All libraries with names that do not begin with the letter Q are searched except for the following:

#CGULIB #DSULIB #SEULIB
#COBLIB #RPGLIB
#DFULIB #SDALIB

Although the following Qxxx libraries are provided by IBM, they typically contain user data that changes frequently. Therefore, these libraries are considered user libraries and are also searched:

QDSNX	QRCLxxxxx	QUSRIJS	QUSRVxRxMx
QGPL	QSRVAGT	QUSRINFSKR	
QGPL38	QSYS2	QUSRNOTES	
QMGTC	QSYS2xxxxx	QUSROND	
QMGTC2	QS36F	QUSRPOSGS	
QMPGDATA	QUSER38	QUSRPOSSA	
QMQMATA	QUSRADSM	QUSRPYMSVR	
QMQMPROC	QUSRBRM	QUSRDRARS	
QPFRDATA	QUSRDIRCL	QUSRSYS	
QRCL	QUSRDIRDB	QUSRVI	

1. 'xxxxx' is the number of a primary auxiliary storage pool (ASP).
2. A different library name, in the format QUSRVxRxMx, can be created by the user for each previous release supported by IBM to contain any user commands to be compiled in a CL program for the previous release. For the QUSRVxRxMx user library, VxRxMx is the version, release, and modification level of a previous release that IBM continues to support.

library-name

Specify the name of the library to be searched.

The possible user space values are:

user-space-name

Specify the name of the user space that is to be deleted.

generic-user-space-name*

Specify the generic name of the user space. A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example, ABC*. If a generic name is specified, all user spaces with names that begin with the generic name, and for which the user has authority, are shown.

Top

Examples

```
DLTUSRSPC USRSPC(MYBEST/USRSPCTEST)
```

This command deletes the user space named USRSPCTEST in the library named MYBEST from the system.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

[Top](#)

Delete User Trace (DLTUSRTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete User Trace Buffer (DLTUSRTRC) command deletes the user trace buffer and records for a specified job.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JOB	Job name	Single values: * Other values: <i>Qualified job name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Job name	<i>Generic name, name, *ALL, *CURRENT</i>	
	Qualifier 2: User	<i>Generic name, name, *ALL, *CURRENT</i>	
	Qualifier 3: Number	000000-999999, <u>*ALL</u>	

Top

Job name (JOB)

Specifies the jobs for which the user trace buffers are to be deleted.

The possible values are:

* The user trace buffer for the job that the command is running in is deleted.

The possible **Job Name Qualifier** values are:

***ALL** The user trace buffers for all jobs that match the specified user name and job number are deleted.

***CURRENT**

 The user trace buffers for all jobs with the current job's name are deleted.

job-name

 Specify the name of the job whose user trace buffer is being deleted.

generic-job-name*

 Specify the generic job name of the jobs whose user trace buffers are being deleted.

The possible **User Name Qualifier** values are:

***ALL** The user trace buffers for all jobs that match the specified job name and job number are deleted.

***CURRENT**

 The user trace buffers for all jobs with the current job's user name are deleted.

user-name

 Specify the name of the user of the job whose user trace buffer is being deleted.

generic-user-name*

 Specify the generic user name of the jobs whose user trace buffers are being deleted.

The possible **Job Number Qualifier** values are:

***ALL** The user trace buffers for all jobs that match the specified job name and user name are deleted.

job-number

Specify the six-digit number of the job whose user trace buffer is being deleted.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Delete User Trace Buffer for Current Job

```
DLTUSRTRC
```

This command deletes the user trace buffer for the current job.

Example 2: Delete User Trace Buffers for a Specific User

```
DLTUSRTRC JOB(*ALL/JSMITH/*ALL)
```

This command deletes all user trace buffers for jobs that have a user name of JSMITH.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA98D

The User Trace buffer associated with job &3/&2/&1 could not be deleted.

Top

Delete Validation List (DLTVLDDL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Validation List (DLTVLDDL) command deletes the specified validation lists from a library.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
VLDDL	Validation list	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Validation list	<i>Generic name, name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, *USRLIBL, *ALL, *ALLUSR</i>	

Top

Validation list (VLDDL)

Specifies the validation lists to be deleted.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Validation list

generic-name

Specify the generic name of the validation lists to be deleted.

A generic name is a character string of one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*); for example ABC*. The asterisk substitutes for any valid characters. A generic name specifies all objects with names that begin with the generic prefix for which the user has authority. If an asterisk is not included with the generic (prefix) name, the system assumes it to be the complete object name.

name Specify the name of the validation list to be deleted.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the user and system portions of the job's library list are searched.

***USRLIBL**

Only the libraries listed in the user portion of the library list are searched.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

***ALL** All libraries in the system, including QSYS, are searched.

***ALLUSR**

All nonsystem libraries, including all user-defined libraries and the QGPL library, not just those in the job's library list, are searched. Libraries whose names start with the letter Q, other than the QGPL library, are not included.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Examples

```
DLTVLDL  VLDL(WEBLIB/WEBUSRS)
```

This command deletes the validation list named WEBUSRS from the library WEBLIB if the user has the proper authority for the validation list and the library.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF2105

Object &1 in &2 type *&3 not found.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF2113

Cannot allocate library &1.

CPF2114

Cannot allocate object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF2117

&4 objects type *&3 deleted. &5 objects not deleted.

CPF2125

No objects deleted.

CPF2160

Object type *&1 not eligible for requested function.

CPF2176

Library &1 damaged.

CPF2182

Not authorized to library &1.

CPF2189

Not authorized to object &1 in &2 type *&3.

CPF9801

Object &2 in library &3 not found.

Top

Delete Windows Server (DLTWNTSVR)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Delete Windows Server (DLTWNTSVR) command deletes the specified Windows network server description and all associated objects that were created by the Install Windows Server (INSWNTSVR) command. These objects include the network server description, line descriptions, TCP/IP interfaces, server storage spaces and system created network server storage spaces. The network server must be varied offline before this command is issued.

Restrictions:

1. You must have input/output system configuration (*IOSYSCFG) and all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority to run this command.

[Top](#)

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
NWSD	Network server description	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1

[Top](#)

Network server description (NWSD)

Specifies the name of the network server to delete. The network server name can be up to eight characters.

[Top](#)

Examples

None

[Top](#)

Error messages

Unknown

[Top](#)

Delete WSCST (DLTWSCST)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Delete Work Station Customizing Object (DLTWSCST) command allows the user to delete a work station customizing object.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
WSCST	Workstation customizing object	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Workstation customizing object	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2:	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB</i>	

Top

Workstation customizing object (WSCST)

Specifies the qualified name of a work station customizing object to be deleted.

The possible library values are:

***LIBL** The library list is used to locate the work station customizing object.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is used to locate the work station customizing object. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

library-name

Specify the name of the library where the work station customizing object is located.

The possible values are:

object-name

Specify the name of the object that is deleted.

Top

Examples

DLTWSCST WSCST(MYLIB/PERSONNEL)

This command deletes the work station customizing object named PERSONNEL.

Top

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Delay Job (DLYJOB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Delay Job (DLYJOB) command causes your current job to wait for a specified number of seconds, or until a specified time of day, before running resumes.

Note: A value must be specified for either the **Job delay time** (DLY) parameter or the **Resume job time** (RSMTIME) parameter but not for both.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DLY	Job delay time	1-999999	Optional, Positional 1
RSMTIME	Resume job time	<i>Time</i>	Optional, Positional 2

[Top](#)

Job delay time (DLY)

Specifies the number of seconds to delay the job. The DLY keyword allows a maximum value of 999999 seconds (approximately 11 days, 14 hours). This is a required parameter if the **Resume job time** (RSMTIME) parameter is not specified.

1-999999

Specify the number of seconds to delay the job.

[Top](#)

Resume job time (RSMTIME)

Specifies the time of day the job resumes running. When specifying a resume time, the date is implied by the time specified. If the resume time is later than the current time of day, the date is assumed to be the current date. If the resume time is earlier than the current time of day, then tomorrow's date is assumed (the delay lasts until that time tomorrow). This is a required parameter if the **Job delay time** (DLY) parameter is not specified.

time Specify the time of day the job resumes running.

[Top](#)

Examples

Example 1: Delaying a Job for 15 Seconds

```
DLYJOB DLY(15)
```

This command delays running of the job for 15 seconds.

Example 2: Delaying a Job Until Midnight

```
DLYJOB RSMTIME('000000')
```

This command delays running of the job until midnight tonight.

[Top](#)

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Dump Object (DMP)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump (DMP) command dumps the contents and/or attributes of the specified integrated file system object to a spooled printer file named QPSRVDMP. Whether the contents and/or attributes can be dumped depends upon the object type. Any integrated file system object can be dumped, but only one object can be specified at a time on this command.

Restrictions:

- You must have read and execute (*RX) authorities to the directory containing the object and read (*R) to the object. If the object is in QSYS.LIB file system, you must have use (*USE) authority to the object and execute (*EXECUTE) authority to the library. To dump internal document library objects all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority is required.
- The Dump (DMP) command will not allow a pattern to be specified for a directory in the path name, only for the object name. You can invoke the Work with Object Links (WRKLNK) command to see objects in directories.
- For more information on specifying path names, refer to Chapter 2 of the CL information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>. Additional information about object name patterns is in the Integrated file system information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.
- Not all file systems support the DMP command. The following list of local file systems are supported:
 - Root file system
 - QOpenSys file system
 - QSYS.LIB file system
 - QDLS file system
 - User-defined file systems

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OBJ	Object	<i>Path name, *</i> <i>_</i>	Optional, Positional 1

Top

Object (OBJ)

Specifies the path name of the object to dump.

- *
– If invoked from an interactive job, the Select Object menu is shown, listing all directories and files in the job's current directory. From this display, you can select an object to be dumped. You can use the Change Current Directory (CHGCURDIR or CD or CHDIR) command to change the current directory before running the DMP command.

path-name

Specifies the path name of the object to be dumped. If a pattern is specified on this parameter and more than one object matches the pattern, you can select the object from a list in an interactive job. If this is a batch job, the command fails with an error message.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping Stream File Contents

```
DMP OBJ('/user/Test.stmf')
```

This command dumps the contents of the stream file named */user/Test.stmf*. The dump is spooled to the printer output file QPSRVDMP.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA08E

More than one name matches pattern.

Top

Dump CL Program (DMPCLPGM)

Where allowed to run:

- Batch program (*BPGM)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)

Threadsafe: Yes

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Dump CL Program (DMPCLPGM) command dumps variables (used in the CL program in which the command is processed) and all messages on the program's message queue to a spooled printer file (QPPGMDMP).

There are no parameters for this command.

[Top](#)

Parameters

None

[Top](#)

Examples

```
PGM
DCL . . .
DCL . . .
MONMSG MSGID(CPF9999) EXEC(GOTO DUMP)
:
RETURN
DUMP: DMPCLPGM
ENDPGM
```

This CL procedure monitors for the function check message CPF9999. If a function check occurs in the procedure, control is passed to the command at label DUMP. This causes a dump of the program's message queue and causes the procedure's variables to be printed. This dump can be used to determine the cause of the function check.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF0570

Unable to dump CL program &1 in &2.

[Top](#)

Dump Cluster Trace (DMPCLUTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Cluster Trace (DMPCLUTRC) command is used for problem analysis. It dumps cluster-related trace and debug information to a file. The information is dumped locally on one or more cluster nodes, for one or more cluster resource groups. Each cluster resource group that is dumped has a file member in the file. The name of the file member is the name of the cluster resource group. The information dumped is dependent on the particular cluster resource group. The amount of information dumped is determined by the dump level. Only nodes that have an active Cluster Resource Services job for the specified cluster resource group will have a dump output.

Restrictions:

1. To use this command, you must have either service (*SERVICE) special authority or be authorized to the Service Trace function of the operating system through iSeries Navigator's Application Administration support.
2. You must also have use (*USE) authority to any cluster resource group object that is to be dumped with this command.
3. The cluster must be at version 3 or greater for this command to work remotely (work on any node other than the node issuing the command).
4. Cluster Resource Services must either be active or in the process of starting on the node that this command is issued from.
5. Only nodes that have a job for the desired cluster resource group may participate in this command.
6. To determine if this command succeeded, check the affected nodes for a dump file. If a file is not there, then check the job log for the associated cluster job for messages.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
CLUSTER	Cluster	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
CRG	Cluster resource group	<i>Name</i> , *ALL	Required, Positional 2
NODE	Node identifier	<i>Name</i> , *ALL, *LOCAL	Optional
LEVEL	Level	*BASIC, *ERROR, *INFO, *VERBOSE	Optional
FILE	Physical file	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Optional
	Qualifier 1: Physical file	<i>Name</i> , *NODE	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name</i> , QGPL, *CURLIB	
OVERWRITE	Overwrite option	*YES, *NO	Optional

Top

Cluster (CLUSTER)

Specifies the cluster name for which information is to be dumped or printed.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the cluster.

Top

Cluster resource group (CRG)

Specifies the cluster resource group that is to be dumped.

***ALL** All groups, including the reserved names QCSTCTL and QCSTCRGM.

name Specify the name of the cluster resource group to be dumped. The reserved names for the Cluster Control and Cluster Resource Group Manager groups, QCSTCTL and QCSTCRGM, respectively, may also be specified.

This is a required parameter.

Top

Node identifier (NODE)

Specifies the cluster node that is to be dumped.

***LOCAL**

The local node, that is, the node this command is issued on.

***ALL** All active nodes in the cluster.

name Specifies the name of the cluster node.

Top

Configuration object type (LEVEL)

Specifies the dump level. The amount and kind of information in each level is dependent on the particular cluster resource group being dumped.

***BASIC**

Specifies the basic level of dump information. This dumps information that is maintained continuously as flight recorder information.

***ERROR**

Specifies the error level of dump information. This dumps error information, and includes the *BASIC level information.

***INFO**

Specifies the informational level of dump information. This dumps completion and warning information, and includes the *ERROR level.

***VERBOSE**

Specifies the verbose level of dump information. This dumps detailed trace and debugging information, and includes the *INFO level.

Top

Physical file (FILE)

Specifies the physical file that the dump is written to. The file is written on each node that the dump is requested on in accordance with the `OVERWRITE` parameter. The same library name is used on all nodes. If a file name is specified other than `*NODE`, then the file name will also be the same on all nodes.

Qualifier 1: Physical file

*NODE

The cluster node identifier is used as the file name. For example, if a cluster node identifier is `NODE1`, then the file name is `NODE1`. If multiple nodes are being dumped, then each node will have a different file name.

name Specify the name of the physical file. This name is used on all nodes.

Qualifier 2: Library

QGPL The file will be created in library `QGPL`.

*CURLIB

The current library of the job that is invoking this command is used. The library is determined before a dump request is sent to any other node.

name Specify the name of the library that contains the physical file. The same library is used on all specified nodes. No dump is taken on any node that does not have the library.

Top

Overwrite option (OVERWRITE)

Specifies whether the specified file will be overwritten or not. If the file exists, it will be deleted and re-created. This parameter is checked on a per node basis. If `*NO` is specified along with multiple nodes, then only those nodes that do not have the file will have dumps taken. A `CPDDB07` message is sent to the job log of every Cluster Resource Services job that participates in the dump that indicates success, failure, or the file cannot be overwritten on the node.

*YES The specified file will be overwritten.

*NO The specified file will not be overwritten. If the file exists, no dump on the specified node occurs.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping One Cluster Resource Group on One Node

```
DMPCLUTRC CLUSTER(EXAMPLE) CRG(CRG1) NODE(NODE1)
```

This command dumps cluster resource group `CRG1` on the node `NODE1` in cluster `EXAMPLE`. On `NODE1`, a file is created with the name `QGPL/NODE1`. It has one member named `CRG1`.

Example 2: Dumping One Cluster Resource Group on All Nodes

```
DMPCLUTRC CLUSTER(EXAMPLE) CRG(CRG1) NODE(*ALL)  
          LEVEL(*ERROR) FILE(QGPL/*NODE) OVERWRITE(*NO)
```

This command dumps error information from cluster resource group `CRG1` on all cluster nodes if the file does not exist. Each node checks individually for the file already existing. The name of the file is `QGPL/node-identifier`.

Example 3: Dumping All Cluster Resource Groups on All Nodes

```
DMPCLUTRC CLUSTER(EXAMPLE) CRG(*ALL) NODE(*ALL)
          LEVEL(*INFO) FILE(MYLIB/DUMP) OVERWRITE(*YES)
```

This command dumps all cluster resource groups on all nodes. The library name is determined by the job that invoked this command. If that library name is MYLIB, then each node has a file named MYLIB/DUMP, with one file member per group dumped in addition to members for QCSTCTL and QCSTCRGM. The file will be destroyed if it exists and re-created for the dump.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF222E

&1 special authority is required.

CPF98A2

Not authorized to &1 command.

CPFBB02

Cluster &1 does not exist.

CPFBB09

Cluster node &1 does not exist in cluster &2.

CPFBB0F

Cluster resource group &1 does not exist in cluster &2.

CPFBB70

Request &1 not compatible with current cluster version.

CPFBBA0

Cluster node &1 in cluster resource group &2 is not responding.

Top

Dump Communications Trace (DMPCMNTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Communications Trace (DMPCMNTRC) command copies the unformatted trace data for the specified line, network interface description, or network server description to a user-specified stream file. The data in the stream file can be formatted at a later time, either on the current system or a different system, by using the Print Communications Trace (PRTCMNTRC) command and specifying the FROMSTMF parameter.

Restrictions:

- To use this command, you must have service (*SERVICE) special authority, or be authorized to the Service trace function of Operating System through iSeries Navigator's Application Administration support. The Change Function Usage (CHGFCNUSG) command, with a function ID of QIBM_SERVICE_TRACE, can also be used to change the list of users that are allowed to perform trace operations.
- The following user profiles have authority to this command:
 - QSECOFR
 - QSRV

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
CFGOBJ	Configuration object	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
CFGTYPE	Type	*LIN, *NWI, *NWS	Required, Positional 2
TOSTMF	To stream file	<i>Path name</i>	Required, Positional 3
REPLACE	Replace file	*NO, *YES	Optional

Top

Configuration object (CFGOBJ)

Specifies the configuration object that was traced. The object is either a line description, a network interface description, or a network server description.

name Specify the name of the configuration object.

Top

Type (CFGTYPE)

Specifies the type of configuration description that was traced.

- *LIN The configuration object is a line description.
- *NWI The configuration object is a network interface description.
- *NWS The configuration object is a network server description.

Top

To stream file (TOSTMF)

Specifies the stream file to which data is copied. All directories in the path name must exist. New directories are not created. If the stream file does not exist, it is created.

path-name

Specify the path name for the stream file to be used.

Top

Replace file (REPLACE)

Specifies whether the dump operation replaces or fails to copy the records to a stream file if a stream file with the specified name already exists. If the stream file does not exist, it is created.

- *NO No records are copied and an error message is signalled if the file already exists.
- *YES The trace data records replace the existing stream file records.

Top

Examples

```
DMPMNTTRC  CFGOBJ(*QESLINE)  CFGTYPE(*LIN)
            TOSTMF('/user/Test.stmf')  REPLACE(*YES)
```

This command dumps the communications trace of line description QESLINE to stream file */user/Test.stmf*. If this stream file already exists, it will be replaced.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF2634

Not authorized to object &1.

CPF39AF

Trace is ending - please wait

CPF39A8

Not authorized to communications trace service tool

CPF39A9

Error occurred during communications trace function

CPF39B0

No communications traces exist.

CPF39B1

Trace &1 type &2 does not exist

CPF39B3

Trace &1 type &2 contains no data

CPF39B6

Communications trace function cannot be performed

CPF39B8

No SNA data found in trace &1 type &2

CPF3CF2

Error(s) occurred during running of &1 API.

CPF9845

Error occurred while opening file &1.

CPF9846

Error while processing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9847

Error occurred while closing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9872

Program or service program &1 in library &2 ended. Reason code &3.

CPFA0D4

File system error occurred. Error number &1.

Top

Dump Document Library Object (DMPDLO)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Document Library Object (DMPDLO) command is used primarily for problem analysis. It copies the contents and attributes of folders, documents, or internal document library system objects to a spooled printer file named QPSRVDMP. If the printed output is not spooled and the printer is not available, the printer file (QPSRVDMP) is overridden.

Restrictions:

- This command is shipped with public exclude (*EXCLUDE) authority and the QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, and QSRVBAS user profiles have private authorities to use the command.
- The user must have read (*R) authority to a document or folder to dump it.
- The user must have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority to dump internal system objects.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DLO	Document library object	Character value, *SYSOBJNAM, *INT	Required, Positional 1
FLR	In folder	Character value, *NONE	Optional, Positional 2
SYSOBJNAM	System object name	Name	Optional
SYSOBJATR	System object attributes	*NONE, *INTDOC, *DST	Optional

Top

Document library object (DLO)

Specifies the document library object that is dumped.

This is a required parameter.

*SYSOBJNAM

The system object name of the document or folder specified on the **System object name (SYSOBJNAM)** parameter is used to identify the folder or document that is dumped. This value must be used to dump an internal or distribution document, or a document that is not in a folder.

***INT** Internal document library system objects are dumped.

name Specify the name of the document or folder that is dumped.

Top

In folder (FLR)

Specifies the folder that contains the documents or folders. If the document or folder does not exist in a folder, *NONE is specified.

*NONE

The object is not in a folder.

name Specify the qualified name of the folder containing the folder or document that is dumped.

Top

System object name (SYSOBJNAM)

Specifies the system object name of the document that is dumped. A system object name must be entered on this parameter if *SYSOBJNAM is specified on the **Document library object (DLO)** parameter.

*NONE

The object dumped is not identified by its system object name.

name Specify the system object name of the folder or document that is dumped.

Top

System object attributes (SYSOBJATR)

Specifies the attributes of the object that is dumped. A value other than *NONE may be entered on this parameter only if *SYSOBJNAM is specified on the **Document library object (DLO)** parameter.

*NONE

No attributes are specified for the object.

*INTDOC

The object dumped is an internal document.

*DST The object dumped is a distribution document.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping a Document

```
DMPDLO DLO(KAREN) FLR(PEGGY)
```

This command dumps a document or a folder named KAREN which is located in the folder named PEGGY.

Example 2: Specifying a System Object Name

```
DMPDLO DLO(*SYSOBJNAM) SYSOBJNAM(BHZM052634)
```

This command dumps the document library object identified by the system object name BHZM052634.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF8A43

Dump failed or partially failed for &2 of type &4 in folder path &1.

Top

Dump Job (DMPJOB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Job (DMPJOB) command dumps the basic data structures, or specific calls of the current job or of the job being serviced as a result of the Start Service Job (STRSRVJOB) command. The information is dumped to a spooled printer file (QPSRVDMP) to be printed. If the user had specified SPOOL(*NO) on either the CHGPRTF command or the OVRPRTF command, then the output is not spooled but printed directly; and, if the printer is not available, then this command overrides the print job and spools the output. When the user specifies SPOOL(*NO) on one of the two commands above, the user must specify QPSRVDMP as the printer file. The dump includes formatted information about the specified programs, and dumps of specified operating system objects, system objects, and threads associated with the job.

Restrictions:

- This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
- The following user profiles have private authorities to use the command:
 - QPGMR
 - QSYSOPR
 - QSRV
 - QSRVBAS

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
PGM	Program to dump	Single values: *ALL, *NONE Other values (up to 10 repetitions): <i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Program	<i>Qualified object name</i>	
	Qualifier 1: Program	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *ALL</i>	
	Element 2: Call level	<i>Integer, *LAST, *FIRST, *ALL</i>	
JOBARA	Job structure areas	*ALL, *NONE	Optional
ADROBJ	Objects referenced by address	*YES, *NO	Optional
JOBTHD	Job threads	*YES, *NO, *THDSTK	Optional
SLTTHD	Thread ID to include	Single values: *ALL, *SELECT Other values (up to 20 repetitions): <i>Hexadecimal value</i>	Optional

Top

Program to dump (PGM)

Specifies which program to dump. Up to 10 programs can be specified.

Single values

***ALL** All programs on the call stack are dumped.

***NONE**

No programs are dumped. Only the lists of called and activated programs are dumped.

Element 1: Program

Qualifier 1: Program

name Specify the name of the called program to dump.

Qualifier 2: Library

***ALL** Specifies that all libraries will be used to locate the specified program to dump. If *ALL is specified, a call level (element 3) cannot be specified.

name Specify the name of the library to use to locate the program to dump.

Element 2: Call level

***LAST**

The last (most recent) call with the program name specified is dumped.

***FIRST**

The first (oldest) call with the program name specified is dumped.

***ALL** All calls with the program name specified are dumped.

integer-number

Specify the call level for a program with multiple calls in the stack. If *ALL is specified for the library name qualifier, the call level cannot be specified.

Top

Job structure areas (JOBARA)

Specifies that the job structure areas of the process are dumped. Job structure areas consist of the following:

- Work Control Block
- Library Search List
- Job Temporary Library
- Job Local Data Area
- Spool Control Block
- Data Management Communications Queue
- Service Communication Object
- Process Definition Template
- Process Lock List
- Machine Interface (MI) Response Queue

***ALL** The job structure areas are dumped.

***NONE**

The job structure areas are not dumped.

Objects referenced by address (ADROBJ)

Specifies that objects addressed from the program storage of a program being dumped are also dumped. If *NONE is specified on the **Program to dump (PGM)** parameter, no addressed objects are dumped.

***YES** The addressed objects are dumped.

***NO** The addressed objects are not dumped.

Job threads (JOBTHD)

Specifies whether the list and information of the threads in the job is dumped.

Thread information consists of the following:

- For the thread running the DMPJOB command:
 - Thread Control Block (TCB).
- For all the threads
 - Thread ID
 - Thread handler
 - Thread execution status (hexadecimal value)
 - Thread wait status (hexadecimal value)
 - Thread stack

***YES** The thread list and information is dumped.

***NO** The thread list and information is not dumped.

***THDSTK**
Only the thread call stack is dumped.

Thread ID to include (SLTTHD)

Specifies a list of up to twenty threads in the job whose information is to be included. If *NO is specified on the **Job threads (JOBTHD)** parameter, no threads are dumped.

Single values

***ALL** All threads are dumped.

***SELECT**
A list of thread identifiers is shown from which the user can select up to twenty to be included.

Other values

thread-identifier
Specify the identifiers of up to twenty threads whose information is to be included.

Examples

Example 1: Dumping Programs

```
DMPJOB PGM((QGPL/UPDATE *FIRST) (PAYROLL/MASTER *ALL))
        JOBARA(*ALL) ADROBJ(*NO)
```

This command dumps the first occurrence of QGPL/UPDATE in the call stack and all occurrences of PAYROLL/MASTER. The job structure areas are dumped.

Example 2: Dumping Entire Job Structure

```
DMPJOB
```

This command dumps the entire job structure.

Example 3: Dumping Lists of Called and Activated Programs

```
DMPJOB PGM(*NONE) JOBARA(*NONE)
```

This command dumps the lists of programs called and activated.

Example 4: Dumping Job Thread List and Information

```
DMPJOB PGM(*NONE) JOBARA(*NONE) JOBTHD(*YES)
```

This command dumps the list of the job's threads and their information.

Example 5: Dumping Only One Job Thread's Information

```
DMPJOB PGM(*NONE) JOBARA(*NONE) JOBTHD(*YES)
        SLTTHD(00000001)
```

This command dumps thread identifier 00000001 and its information.

Example 6: Dumping Only the Thread Call Stack

```
DMPJOB PGM(*NONE) JOBTHD(*THDSTK)
```

This command dumps only the job's threads call stack.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF3546

Program parameters specified were not found.

CPF3560

Job being serviced not running.

CPF3563

Overflow value for file &1 in &2 too large.

CPF3585

Library name *ALL and call level cannot be used together.

CPF3909

Service command will not be processed.

CPF3918

Service request canceled.

CPF3925

Cannot open file &1.

CPF3935

Job being serviced ended during dump.

CPF3950

Error message &2 received for file &1. Request ended.

CPF3951

File &1 cannot be overridden by file name &2.

CPF3967

Dump not started because serviced job not running.

CPF3968

Dump not started because serviced job completed running.

CPF3969

Error during close of file &1. Output may not be complete.

Top

Dump Job Internal (DMPJOBINT)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Dump Job Internal (DMPJOBINT) command dumps the machine internal data related to the machine process of the current job or the job being serviced as a result of the Start Service Job (STRSRVJOB) command. When the internal data is dumped, a dump identifier is sent in a message to the user who sent the Dump Job Internal (DMPJOBINT) command. The Print Internal Data (PRTINTDTA) command can be used to print the dump output.

Restriction:

- To use this command, you must be signed on as QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, or QSRVBAS, or have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority.

There are no parameters for this command.

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Parameters

None

[Top](#)

Examples

DMPJOBINT

This command dumps, for the job in which the command is entered, the machine internal data associated with the job. A message with the dump identifier is sent to the user entering the command.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF3560

Job being serviced not running.

CPF3636

Internal job not dumped.

CPF3909

Service command will not be processed.

CPF3918

Service request canceled.

CPF3935

Job being serviced ended during dump.

CPF3950

Error message &2 received for file &1. Request ended.

CPF3967

Dump not started because serviced job not running.

CPF3968

Dump not started because serviced job completed running.

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Dump Java Virtual Machine (DMPJVM)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Java Virtual Machine (DMPJVM) command dumps information about the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) for a specified job. The information is dumped using printer file QSYSPRT. The dump includes formatted information about the classpath, garbage collection, and threads associated with the JVM.

Restrictions:

- This command uses the STRSRVJOB and STRDBG commands. The user of this command must be authorized to those commands.
- This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority and the QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, and QSRVBAS user profiles have private authorities to use the command.
- The issue of the command must be running under a user profile which is the same as the job user identity of the JVM job, or which has use (*USE) authority to the job user identity of the JVM job.
- This command is not allowed if the remote service operation has been started for another job and that job is not the same job specified on this command.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JOB	Job name	<i>Qualified job name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Job name	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: User	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 3: Number	000000-999999	
STACKFRAME	Stack frames	0000-9999, <u>10</u> , *ALL	Optional
DUPJOB OPT	Duplicate job option	<u>*SELECT</u> , *MSG	Optional

Top

Job name (JOB)

Specifies the name of the job where the JVM is running. If no job number is given, all of the jobs currently in the system are searched for the simple job name. The job name entered must be a job in which a JVM is currently running.

*SRVJOB

Information about the JVM in the job currently being serviced will be dumped. If no job is currently being serviced, then a job identifier is required.

job-name

Specify the name of the JVM job.

user-name

Specify the name of the user of the JVM job.

job-number

Specify the number of the JVM job.

Top

Stack frames (STACKFRAME)

Specifies the maximum number of stack frames to be processed for each thread. This value must be greater than zero and cannot be greater than 100. If there are more than the specified number of frames on a thread's stack, the more recent frames on the stack are processed and '...' is used to indicate that not all of the stack frames were processed.

10 A maximum of ten stack frames will be processed for each thread.

***ALL** All stack frames will be processed for each thread. If a thread has more than 100 stack frames, only the first 100 frames will be processed.

1-100 Specify the maximum number of stack frames that will be processed for each thread.

Top

Duplicate job option (DUPJOB OPT)

Specifies the action taken when duplicate jobs are found by this command.

*SELECT

The selection display is shown when duplicate jobs are found during an interactive session. Otherwise, an escape message is issued.

***MSG** An escape message is issued when duplicate jobs are found.

Top

Examples

```
DMPJVM JOB(099246/FRED/QJVACMDSRV)
```

This command will dump information for the Java Virtual Machine for the job with job name QJVACMDSRV, user name FRED, and job number 099246.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

JVAB601

DMPJVM failed with reason code &1.

JVAB602

Job parameter required.

JVAB603

Unable to open print file.

JVAB60A

Job not found.

CPF1938

Command is not allowed while serviced job is not active.

CPF3524

More than one job with specified name found.

CPF3536

Job completed and cannot be serviced.

CPF3938

Already servicing another job.

CPF9824

Not authorized to command &1 in library &2.

[Top](#)

Dump Main Memory Information (DMPMEMINF)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Main Memory Information (DMPMEMINF) command dumps information about pages of main memory to a file.

Note: It is recommended that this command be run in its own storage pool to avoid changing which main memory pages are resident in the storage pools being dumped.

Restrictions:

- This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
- You will need to be authorized to the output file and library. Refer to Appendix D of the iSeries Security Reference, SC41-5302 for detailed authority requirements.
- To use this command, you must have service (*SERVICE) special authority, or be authorized to the Service Dump function of the operating system through iSeries Navigator's Application Administration support. The Change Function Usage (CHGFCNUSG) command with a function ID of QIBM_SERVICE_DUMP can also be used to change the list of users that are allowed to perform dump operations.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OUTFILE	File to receive output	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: File to receive output	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB</i>	
OUTMBR	Output member options	<i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Member to receive output	<i>Name, *FIRST</i>	
	Element 2: Replace or add records	<i>*REPLACE, *ADD</i>	
NBRPAGE	Number of pages	<i>Unsigned integer, 10000, *ALL</i>	Optional

Top

File to receive output (OUTFILE)

Specifies the library and database file to which the output of the command is directed. If the file does not exist, this command creates a database file in the specified library, using file QAPYDMPMEM in library QSYS as a model. If the file is created, the public authority for the file is the same as the create authority specified for the library in which the file is created. Use the Display Library Description (DSPLIBD) command to show the library's create authority.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: File to receive output

name Specify the name of the database file to which the command output is directed.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** The library list is used to locate the file. If the file is not found, one is created in the current library. If no current library exists, the file will be created in the QGPL library.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is used to locate the file. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is used.

name Specify the name of the library used to locate the output file.

Top

Output member options (OUTMBR)

Specifies the name of the database file member that receives the output of the command.

Element 1: Member to receive output

***FIRST**

The first member in the file receives the output. If OUTMBR(*FIRST) is specified and the member does not exist, the system creates a member with the name of the file specified for the **File to receive output (OUTFILE)** parameter. If the member already exists, you have the option to add new records to the end of the existing member or clear the member and then add the new records.

name Specify the name of the file member that receives the output. If it does not exist, the system creates it.

Element 2: Replace or add records

***REPLACE**

The system clears the existing member and adds the new records.

***ADD** The system adds the new records to the end of the existing records.

Top

Number of pages (NBRPAGE)

Specifies the number of main memory pages for which information records will be written to the output file. A uniform distribution of main memory pages will be processed.

10000 Ten thousand main memory pages will have information written to the output file.

***ALL** All main memory pages will have information written to the output file.

unsigned-integer

Specify the number of main memory pages for which information is to be written to the output file.

Note: The actual number of pages processed may be smaller than the number specified due to pages not being accessible or dynamic changes to main memory size in a logical partition (LPAR).

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dump a Sample of Main Memory

```
DMPMEMINF  OUTFILE(MYLIB/DMPMEM)  OUTMBR(TEST1)
           NBRPAGE(20000)
```

This command dumps information about a sample of up to twenty thousand main memory pages to file DMPMEM in library MYLIB. The records will be written to member TEST1.

Example 2: Dump All Main Memory Page Information

```
DMPMEMINF  OUTFILE(MYLIB/DMPMEM)  OUTMBR(TEST2)
           NBRPAGE(*ALL)
```

This command dumps information about all available main memory pages to file DMPMEM in library MYLIB. The records will be written to member TEST2.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF9860

Error occurred during output file processing.

CPF98A2

Not authorized to &1 command.

[Top](#)

Dump Object (DMPOBJ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
 Threadsafte: No

Parameters
 Examples
 Error messages

The Dump Object (DMPOBJ) command dumps the contents or attributes of the specified operating system object to a spooled printer file named QPSRVDMP. Whether the contents or attributes **can** be dumped depends on the object type. If the user had specified SPOOL(*NO) on either the CHGPRTF command or the OVRPRTF command, then the output is not spooled but printed directly; and, if the printer is not available, then this command overrides the print job and spools the output. When the user specifies SPOOL(*NO) on one of the two commands above, the user must specify QPSRVDMP as the printer file. Any library or object that is stored in a library can be dumped, but only one object can be specified at a time on this command.

Restrictions:

- To use this command, you must be signed on as QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, or QSRVBAS, or have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OBJ	Object	Qualified object name	Required, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Object	Name	
	Qualifier 2: Library	Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB, QTEMP	
OBJTYPE	Object type	*ALRTBL, *AUTL, *BNDDIR, *CFGL, *CHTFMT, *CLD, *CLS, *CMD, *CNNL, *COSD, *CRG, *CRQD, *CSI, *CSPMAP, *CSPTBL, *CTLD, *DEVD, *DIR, *DOC, *DTAARA, *DTADCT, *DTAQ, *EDTD, *EXITRG, *FCT, *FILE, *FLR, *FNTRSC, *FNTTBL, *FORMDF, *FTR, *GSS, *IGCDCT, *IGCSRT, *IGCTBL, *IMGCLG, *IPXD, *JOBQ, *JOBQ, *JOBSCD, *JRN, *JRNRCV, *LIB, *LIND, *LOCALE, *MEDDFN, *MENU, *MODD, *MGTCOL, *MODULE, *MSGF, *MSGQ, *M36, *M36CFG, *NODL, *NTBD, *NWID, *NWSCFG, *NWSO, *OUTQ, *OVL, *PAGDFN, *PAGSEG, *PDFMAP, *PDG, *PGM, *PNLGRP, *PRDAVL, *PRDDFN, *PRDL0D, *PSFCFG, *QMFORM, *QMQR, *QRYDFN, *RCT, *SBSO, *SCHIDX, *SPADCT, *SQLPKG, *SQLUDT, *SRVPGM, *SSND, *SVRSTG, *S36, *TBL, *TIMZON, *USRIDX, *USRPRF, *USRQ, *USRSPC, *WSCST	Required, Positional 2

Top

Object (OBJ)

Specifies the object to be dumped. Only objects that are stored in libraries can be dumped. The DMP command can be used to dump objects stored in directories.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Object

name Specify the name of the object to be dumped.

Qualifier 2: Library

***LIBL** All libraries in the library list for the current thread are searched until the first match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the job is used to locate the object. If no current library entry exists in the library list, QGPL is used.

name Specify the name of the library where the object is located.

Top

Object type (OBJTYPE)

Specifies the object type of the operating system object being dumped. Any one of the object types can be specified.

This is a required parameter.

object-type

Specify the object type of the object to be dumped.

To see a complete list of object types when prompting this command, position the cursor on the field for this parameter and press F4 (Prompt). For a description of the object types, see "Object types" in the CL concepts and reference topic in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter>.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping File Contents

```
DMPOBJ OBJ(ORDENT/ORDERIN) OBJTYPE(*FILE)
```

This command dumps the contents of the file named ORDERIN that is stored in the ORDENT library.

Example 2: Dumping a Program

```
DMPOBJ OBJ(MYPROG) OBJTYPE(*PGM)
```

This command dumps the first copy of the program MYPROG that is found in the library list. The dump is spooled to the printer output file QPSRVDMP.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF3560

Job being serviced not running.

CPF3561

Context &8 &9 &7 not found.

CPF3562

Object &7 not found.

CPF3673

Not authorized to library &7.

CPF3909

Service command will not be processed.

CPF3918

Service request canceled.

CPF3925

Cannot open file &1.

CPF3935

Job being serviced ended during dump.

CPF3946

Context damaged.

CPF3947

Library &7 not available.

CPF3948

Library &3 previously deleted.

CPF3949

Library &7 damaged.

CPF3950

Error message &2 received for file &1. Request ended.

CPF3951

File &1 cannot be overridden by file name &2.

CPF3967

Dump not started because serviced job not running.

CPF3968

Dump not started because serviced job completed running.

CPF3969

Error during close of file &1. Output may not be complete.

Top

Dump System Object (DMPYSOBY)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
 Threadsafes: No

Parameters
 Examples
 Error messages

The Dump System Object (DMPYSOBY) command is used primarily for various problem analysis tasks. It dumps the contents or attributes of machine interface (MI) system objects to a spooled printer file named QPSRVDMP. Any MI object that is stored in any context or that is addressable through an object stored in a context can be dumped.

Restrictions:

- To use this command, you must be signed on as QPGMR, QSYSOPR, QSRV, or QSRVBAS, or have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OBJ	Object	Character value, *PCS, *MCHCTX, *ALL	Optional, Positional 1
CONTEXT	Context or library	Name, *NONE, *MCHCTX	Optional, Positional 2
TYPE	Internal object type	*ALL, 01, 02, 03, 04, 07, 08, 09, 0A, 0B, 0C, 0D, 0E, 0F, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 1A, 1B, 1C	Optional, Positional 3
SUBTYPE	Internal object subtype	Character value, *ALL	Optional, Positional 4
OBJTYPE	Object type	*ALL, *ALRTBL, *AUTL, *BNDDIR, *CFGL, *CHTFMT, *CLD, *CLS, *CMD, *CNL, *COSD, *CRG, *CRQD, *CSI, *CSPMAP, *CSPTBL, *CTLD, *DEVD, *DIR, *DOC, *DTAARA, *DTADCT, *DTAQ, *EDTD, *EXITRG, *FCT, *FILE, *FLR, *FNTRSC, *FNTTBL, *FORMDF, *FTR, *GSS, *IGCDCT, *IGCSRT, *IGCTBL, *IMGCLG, *IPXD, *JOBQ, *JOBQ, *JOBSCD, *JRN, *JRNRCV, *LIB, *LIND, *LOCALE, *MEDDFN, *MENU, *MODD, *MGTCOL, *MODULE, *MSGF, *MSGQ, *M36, *M36CFG, *NODL, *NTBD, *NWID, *NWSCFG, *NWS, *OUTQ, *OVL, *PAGDFN, *PAGSEG, *PDFMAP, *PDG, *PGM, *PNLGRP, *PRDAVL, *PRDDFN, *PRDLOD, *PSFCFG, *QMFORM, *QMQR, *QRYDFN, *RCT, *SBS, *SCHIDX, *SPADCT, *SQLPKG, *SQLUDT, *SRVPGM, *SSND, *SVRSTG, *S36, *TBL, *TIMZON, *USRIDX, *USRPRF, *USRQ, *USRSPC, *WSCST	Optional, Positional 5
OFFSET	Hexadecimal offsets	Single values: *NONE Other values (up to 50 repetitions): 00000000-00FFFFFF	Optional
SPACE	Area of space to dump	Single values: * Other values: Element list	Optional
	Element 1: Hexadecimal offset	00000000-00FFFFFF	
	Element 2: Hexadecimal length or *	00000001-00FFFFFF, *	

Top

Object (OBJ)

Specifies which of the system objects are to be dumped. The name of a specific object, the generic name of a group of objects, the process control space of the job, the machine context, or all of the objects in a context can be specified. If a library name is specified, the library is dumped, but not the objects in it. If QTEMP is specified here along with either *LIB on the **Object type (OBJTYPE)** parameter, or 04 on the **Internal object type (TYPE)** parameter and 01 on the **Internal object subtype (SUBTYPE)** parameter, then the temporary job context associated with the job that this command is entered from, or the job being serviced as a result of the Start Service Job (STRSRVJOB) command, is dumped. In either case, the **Context or library (CONTEXT)** parameter value is ignored.

***PCS** The process control space of the current job or that of the job being serviced as a result of the Start Service Job (STRSRVJOB) command is dumped. *PCS specified here can be used with the **Hexadecimal offsets (OFFSET)** parameter and the **Area of space to dump (SPACE)** parameter to dump objects in the job structure. If *PCS is specified, the following parameters are ignored:

- **Object type (OBJTYPE)** parameter).
- **Internal object subtype (SUBTYPE)** parameter).
- **Internal object type (TYPE)** parameter).
- **Context or library (CONTEXT)** parameter).

***MCHCTX**

The machine context (which contains a list of the objects in the context) is dumped. If *MCHCTX is specified here, all the other parameters in this command are ignored.

***ALL** All the system objects in the specified context are dumped if they match the requirements specified on either the OBJTYPE parameter or the TYPE and SUBTYPE parameters.

generic-name

Specify the generic object name that identifies the group of system objects to dump. An object name can have as many as 30 characters in it.

name Specify the name of the object that is to be dumped. A maximum of 30 characters can be entered. If more than one object has the same name, all objects having that name and matching the attributes specified are dumped.

If a specific object is being dumped, values should be specified for on one of the following groups of parameters:

- CONTEXT, TYPE, and SUBTYPE
- CONTEXT and OBJTYPE

Top

Context or library (CONTEXT)

Specifies in which context or library the objects to be dumped are located.

***NONE**

The object specified on the **Object (OBJ)** parameter is not in any context. *NONE is valid only if *PCS or *MCHCTX is specified or defaulted for the OBJ parameter, or if QTEMP is specified on the OBJ along with either *LIB for the OBJTYPE parameter, or 04 for the TYPE parameter and 01 for the SUBTYPE parameter.

***MCHCTX**

The objects to dump are in the machine context. The following operating system object types, whose system object names are given in parentheses, can reside **only** in the **machine** context:

library (context), user profile, device description, line description, network interface description, and controller description. *MCHCTX is valid only if one of these five object types is dumped.

name Specify the name of the context containing the objects being dumped. The name of a library, such as QGPL or QTEMP, can be specified. If QTEMP is specified, the objects to dump are in the temporary job context associated with the job that this command is entered from or the job being serviced as a result of the Start Service Job (STRSRVJOB) command.

Top

Internal object type (TYPE)

Specifies the type of MI objects to dump.

***ALL** All object types in the specified context that have the specified name (if used) are dumped.

MI-system-object-type-in-hex

Specify the hexadecimal value that specifies the type of system objects to dump. The value must be specified with both characters, but it does not have to be enclosed in apostrophes.

Top

Internal object subtype (SUBTYPE)

Specifies the subtype of the specified MI objects to dump, or specifies that all subtypes are being dumped. This parameter is valid only if the **Internal object type (TYPE)** parameter is also specified.

***ALL** All the sub-types of the specified objects are dumped.

MI-system-object-subtype-in-hex

Specify the specific subtype of the system objects to dump. The subtypes are in the range of 00 through FF. However, the subtype specified must be for an MI object actually in the specified context. If *ALL is specified on the TYPE parameter, a specific subtype **cannot** be specified.

Top

Object type (OBJTYPE)

Specifies the object type of the operating system objects to have their associated MI system objects dumped. If an object type is specified, values cannot be specified on either the **Internal object type (TYPE)** parameter or the **Internal object subtype (SUBTYPE)** parameter.

***ALL** The specified MI objects of all operating system object types are dumped.

operating-system-object-type

Specify the Operating System object type for the objects to be dumped.

To see a complete list of object types when prompting this command, position the cursor on the field for this parameter and press F4 (Prompt). For a description of the object types, see "Object types" in the CL concepts and reference topic in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/iseres/infocenter>.

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Hexadecimal offsets (OFFSET)

Specifies a list of values to use as offsets to indirectly address a single object that is being dumped. The values must be positive hexadecimal values or zeros that, when added to a pointer, result in valid addresses. If an offset of zero is added to a system pointer, the result is a pointer to the start of the space associated with the object that is addressed by the system pointer.

Single values

*NONE

No offset is specified. The object located through the context is dumped.

Other values

X'00000000'-X'00FFFFFF'

Specify the list of offsets to pointers to use to address the object or space to dump. A maximum of 50 offset values can be specified.

Top

Area of space to dump (SPACE)

Specifies the area of a space or associated space to be dumped. The space is pointed to by the final pointer determined by the **Hexadecimal offsets (OFFSET)** parameter. If no value is specified for the OFFSET parameter, the final pointer is a system pointer to the specified object in the context.

Single values

*
_ If the final pointer is a system pointer, the object pointed to by that pointer is dumped. If the final pointer is a space pointer, the portion of the space that starts at the location pointed to by that pointer is dumped.

Element 1: Hexadecimal offset

X'00000000'-X'00FFFFFF'

Specify the value to add to the final pointer to point to the beginning of the area to dump. The value specified must be a positive hexadecimal value or zero and, when added to the final pointer, must result in a valid address.

Element 2: Hexadecimal length or *

*
_ The rest of the space pointed to as a result of the offset value is being dumped.

X'00000000'-X'00FFFFFF'

Specify a positive hexadecimal value that specifies the length of the area to dump. If the length specified is greater than the actual length of the space, only the actual space available is dumped.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping Indexes

```
DMPYSOBJ  CONTEXT(QTEMP)  TYPE(0E)
```

This command dumps the contents and attributes of all the indexes in the temporary job context to a spooled file for printing. MI indexes are identified by the type code 0E.

Example 2: Dumping a Device Description

```
DMPYSOBJ OBJ(WS1) CONTEXT(*MCHCTX) OBJTYPE(*DEVD)
```

This command dumps the device description for work station WS1, which is stored in the machine context.

Example 3: Dumping Process Control Space

```
DMPYSOBJ OBJ(*PCS) SPACE(0 2A0)
```

This command dumps the work control block from the space associated with the process control space for the job.

Example 4: Specifying Offset Values

```
DMPYSOBJ OBJ(*PCS) OFFSET(60 E0 10 10) SPACE(0 20)
```

This command dumps the second call entry of the process automatic storage area (offset 60 E0) for a length of 32 bytes (SPACE(0 20)). If the third call level is dumped, OFFSET(60 E0 10 10) is specified.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF3502

No objects printed because no objects found.

CPF3508

SUBTYPE (&5) value is not permitted.

CPF3523

Starting offset &8 greater than size of space.

CPF3534

Not authorized to object.

CPF3537

Object &2 is damaged.

CPF3538

Cannot allocate object.

CPF3539

Object destroyed while being dumped.

CPF3560

Job being serviced not running.

CPF3561

Context &8 &9 &7 not found.

CPF3562

Object &7 not found.

CPF3563

Overflow value for file &1 in &2 too large.

CPF3566

No objects dumped because no objects found.

CPF3577

Data object &7 not found.

- CPF3578**
Base data object &7 not found.
- CPF3642**
Address of chain pointer &7 not permitted.
- CPF3643**
Address for chain pointer &7 not 16-byte aligned.
- CPF3644**
Base object &7 has no associated space.
- CPF3645**
Not authorized to base object &7.
- CPF3646**
Base object &2 is damaged.
- CPF3647**
Base object &8 or previous base object destroyed.
- CPF3648**
Base object &2 data area not found.
- CPF3649**
Chaining pointer &7 does not exist at location specified.
- CPF3650**
Chaining pointer &7 is instruction pointer.
- CPF3651**
Offset too large for base object &7.
- CPF3652**
Offset to last chaining pointer too large.
- CPF3653**
Location for last chaining pointer not 16-byte aligned.
- CPF3654**
Object &2 is damaged.
- CPF3655**
Last base object or final object previously deleted.
- CPF3656**
Base object &2 data area not found.
- CPF3663**
Base object number &7 not found.
- CPF3664**
Object &2 has no associated space.
- CPF3665**
Not authorized to dump object &2.
- CPF3666**
Object &2 is damaged.
- CPF3667**
Object to be dumped was destroyed.
- CPF3668**
Object &2 data area not found.

CPF3669
Final pointer does not exist at specified location.

CPF3670
Final pointer is instruction pointer.

CPF3671
Starting offset &8 too large.

CPF3672
Object specified by final pointer not found.

CPF3673
Not authorized to library &7.

CPF3909
Service command will not be processed.

CPF3913
Context &7 previously deleted.

CPF3914
Context &7 data area not found.

CPF3915
Context &7 damaged.

CPF3916
Context &7 not available.

CPF3918
Service request canceled.

CPF3925
Cannot open file &1.

CPF3935
Job being serviced ended during dump.

CPF3941
CONTEXT(*MCHCTX) and TYPE(&4) cannot be used together.

CPF3942
CONTEXT(*MCHCTX) and OBJTYPE(*&6) cannot be used together.

CPF3946
Context damaged.

CPF3947
Library &7 not available.

CPF3948
Library &3 previously deleted.

CPF3949
Library &7 damaged.

CPF3950
Error message &2 received for file &1. Request ended.

CPF3951
File &1 cannot be overridden by file name &2.

CPF3967
Dump not started because serviced job not running.

CPF3968

Dump not started because serviced job completed running.

CPF3969

Error during close of file &1. Output may not be complete.

[Top](#)

Dump Tape (DMPTAP)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The DMPTAP (Dump Tape) command dumps label information or data blocks (or both) from standard-labeled tapes or tapes with no labels to a spooled printer file named QPTAPDMP. This command allows the user to dump one or more data files from the tape volume, writing the information to a printer file.

The tape volume being dumped must be on the specified device. After the DMPTAP command is entered, as much of the tape as necessary is read before the requested information is printed.

Data files on secured tapes can be dumped by the security officer only; any user can dump label information on secured tapes.

When the default values for the parameters of the DMPTAP command are used, the tape label areas and a minimal amount of data from the first file are printed. This command can help determine the record format of a data file on a tape with no label, or it can determine the exact contents of all label information for a labeled data file.

Restrictions:

1. Only a user with all object special authority (*ALLOBJ) can dump a tape using TYPE(*HEX).

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
DEV	Tape device	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
VOL	Volume identifier	<i>Character value</i> , *MOUNTED	Optional, Positional 2
SEQNBR	Range of sequence numbers	Single values: *ALL, *SEARCH Other values: <i>Element list</i>	Optional, Positional 3
	Element 1: Starting file sequence number	1-16777215, *FIRST	
	Element 2: Ending file sequence number	1-16777215, *ONLY, *LAST	
LABEL	File label	<i>Character value</i> , *NONE	Optional, Positional 4
TYPE	Data file information to dump	Single values: *BASIC, *ALL, *NONE, *HEX Other values (up to 3 repetitions): *HDRLBL, *DTABLK, *TLRLBL	Optional
DTABLK	Data blocks to dump	Single values: *ALL, *LAST Other values: <i>Element list</i>	Optional
	Element 1: Starting data block number	1-2147483647, *FIRST	
	Element 2: Ending data block number	1-2147483647, *ONLY, *LAST	
VOLLBL	Dump volume label	*YES, *NO	Optional

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
CODE	Code	*EBCDIC, *ASCII	Optional
ENDOPT	End of tape option	*REWIND, *LEAVE, *UNLOAD	Optional

Top

Device (DEV)

Specifies the tape device in which the volume being dumped is placed. The volume may or may not be labeled. Specify the name of the tape or media library device.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the tape device.

Top

Volume identifier (VOL)

Specifies the volume identifier of the labeled tape being dumped, or indicates that the tape volume in the specified tape drive is dumped.

Note: If the device specified is a media library device, or virtual tape device, then the volume specified should be the cartridge identifier or virtual volume name to be mounted and used.

*MOUNTED

The volume on the specified device is dumped. The volume may or may not be labeled. For a volume that is not labeled, *MOUNTED must be specified for the VOL parameter and *NONE must be specified for the **File label (LABEL)** parameter. For a media library device, the volume to be used is the next cartridge in the category mounted by the Set Tape Category (SETTAPCGY) command. For a virtual tape device, the volume to be used is the currently mounted one, or if there is not a currently mounted volume, the next volume in loaded status in the image catalog will be used.

character-value

Specify the identifier of the labeled volume being dumped. This value can be specified only for dumping a labeled volume. If the tape on the specified device has a different volume identifier than the one specified here, or if it is not labeled, an error message is sent to the user of the Dump Tape (DMPTAP) command and the tape is not dumped.

Top

Range of sequence numbers (SEQNBR)

Specifies the range of sequence numbers for the data files that are dumped. Note that the data files dumped may be further restricted by using the **File label (LABEL)** parameter.

Single values

*ALL All data files on the volume that are placed in the specified device are dumped.

*SEARCH

A search is made for a data file that has an identifier that matches the value specified for the LABEL parameter. If *SEARCH is specified, the volume must be labeled and a file label must be specified for the LABEL parameter. An escape message is sent if the file is not found.

Element 1: Starting file sequence number

*FIRST

The range of data files being dumped starts with the first file on the tape volume (regardless of its sequence number).

1-16777215

The range of data files being dumped starts with the data file with the specified sequence number. Specify a number that is less than or equal to the end-file-sequence-number value.

Element 2: Ending file sequence number

*ONLY

Only a single data file (specified by the start-file-sequence-number) is dumped.

*LAST

The range of data files being dumped begins with the starting sequence number data file and ends with the last data file on the reel.

1-16777215

The range of data files being dumped ends with the specified sequence number data file. Specify a number that is greater than or equal to the starting file sequence number.

Top

File label (LABEL)

Specifies the identifier of the specific data files that are dumped. The file identifier for a tape data file is stored on labels ahead of and following the data in the file.

*NONE

All data files on the volume in the specified SEQNBR range are dumped. For a volume that is not labeled, *MOUNTED must be specified for the **Volume identifier (VOL)** parameter and *NONE must be specified for the LABEL parameter.

identifier

Specify the data file identifier of the data files being dumped. The system compares this identifier with the data file identifier on the labels of each file in the range specified by the **Range of sequence numbers (SEQNBR)** parameter. All data files with an identifier that matches this data file identifier are dumped; any data file with an identifier that does not match this identifier is not dumped.

generic-identifier

Specifies a character string for a generic file identifier, which contains one or more characters followed by an asterisk (*). Any tape file that has a file identifier with the same prefix as the generic file identifier is dumped.

Top

Data file information to dump (TYPE)

Specifies the type of information being dumped. The dump output may consist of the data file header labels or trailer labels, data blocks from the data portion of the file, or all three types of information. If a tape volume that is placed in the device is not labeled, only the values *BASIC, *ALL, *HEX, or *DTABLK can be specified for this parameter; otherwise, an error message is sent to the user of the command and the volume is not dumped.

Single values

***BASIC**

For a standard-labeled volume, the information dumped includes header labels and the data blocks specified by the **Data blocks to dump (DTABLK)** parameter. For a volume that is not labeled, only the data blocks are dumped.

***ALL** For a standard-labeled volume, the dump includes header labels, trailer labels, and data blocks. For a volume that is not labeled, a value of *ALL dumps only data blocks.

***NONE**

No data file is dumped. If *NONE is specified, the tape volume being dumped must be labeled, and *YES must be specified for the **Dump volume label (VOLLBL)** parameter; otherwise, an error message is sent to the user of the Dump Tape (DMPTAP) command.

***HEX** For a standard-labeled volume, the data is dumped as if the volume is a non-labeled tape. The header labels, data blocks, and trailer labels for a standard labeled file will appear to be three separate non-labeled tape files. For a non-labeled volume, the data is dumped the same as if *DTABLK is specified.

Other values (up to 3 repetitions)

***HDRLBL**

The data file header labels are dumped. All header labels for the specified data files are dumped, including user-specified header labels. *HDRLBL is not valid for volumes that are not labeled.

***DTABLK**

One or more data blocks from the file data are dumped. The blocks in the data file that are dumped are specified by the **Data blocks to dump (DTABLK)** parameter.

***TLRLBL**

All data file trailer labels are dumped. All the trailer labels for the specified data files are dumped, including user-specified trailer labels. *TLRLBL is not valid for volumes that are not labeled.

Top

Data blocks to dump (DTABLK)

Specifies which data blocks are dumped. This parameter is used to limit the amount of tape file data dumped to the printer. If neither *BASIC nor *ALL is specified for the **Data file information to dump (TYPE)** parameter, and the TYPE parameter also does not include *DTABLK, this parameter is ignored.

Single values

***ALL** All data blocks in the specified data files on this volume are dumped. If a data file is continued from another volume or continues to another volume, only the part of the data file that is stored on this volume is dumped.

***LAST**

Only the last data block in the data file is dumped.

Element 1: Starting data block number

***FIRST**

The data blocks being dumped start with the first block in the data file.

1-2147483647

Specify the number of the first data block in each file that is dumped. If this number is greater than the number specified for the ending data block element, an error message is sent to the user

who requested the dump, and the tape is not dumped. If the starting data block number is larger than the actual number of data blocks in the data file, then the last data block in the file is dumped (with no error messages).

Element 2: Ending data block number

*ONLY

Only the data block specified as the starting data block is dumped.

*LAST

The range of data blocks that are dumped starts with the data block specified by the starting data block value and goes to the last block in the file.

1-2147483647

Specify the number of the last data block in each file to dump. If this number is less than the number specified for the starting data block, an error message is sent to the user who requested the dump, and the tape is not dumped. If the ending data block number is larger than the actual number of data blocks in the data file, all blocks from the starting data block to the end of the file are dumped (with no error messages).

Top

Dump volume label (VOLLBL)

Specifies whether volume labels are dumped. This parameter is ignored for volumes that are not labeled or when *HEX is specified for the **Data file information to dump (TYPE)** parameter for a standard labeled tape.

*YES All volume labels (including user-specified labels) are dumped.

*NO No volume labels are dumped; the volume listing does, however, include the volume identifier of a labeled volume and other basic information for any dumped tape.

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Code (CODE)

Specifies the type of character code used for the data recorded on the tape. For a labeled volume, this parameter is ignored because the tape labels determine whether the data is recorded in EBCDIC or ASCII character code.

*EBCDIC

The tape contains data in the EBCDIC character code. The dump output contains the hexadecimal value and the EBCDIC character equivalent of each data byte.

*ASCII

The ASCII character code is used.

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End of tape option (ENDOPT)

Specifies whether the tape is rewound only or rewound and unloaded after the operation ends.

*REWIND

The tape is automatically rewound, but not unloaded, after the operation has ended.

***LEAVE**

The tape does not rewind or unload after the operation ends. It remains at the current position on the tape drive.

***UNLOAD**

The tape is automatically rewound and unloaded after the operation ends.

Top

Examples

```
DMPTAP  DEV(QTAPE2)  SEQNBR(5)  TYPE(*DTABLK)  DTABLK(3 7)
```

This command dumps information from the tape volume that is on device QTAPE2. Data blocks 3 through 7 within the data file specified by sequence number 5 are dumped to a printer file.

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Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF222E

&1 special authority is required.

CPF6708

Command ended due to error.

CPF6718

Cannot allocate device &1.

CPF6720

Incorrect volume &2 found on device &1.

CPF6721

Device &1 not a tape device.

CPF6723

File not found on volume &2 on device &1.

CPF6724

File label &5 not found on volume &2.

CPF6725

Ending file sequence number less than starting sequence number.

CPF6726

Ending data block less than starting block.

CPF6727

Dump type not allowed for nonlabeled volume on device &1.

CPF6728

LABEL(*NONE) or CRTDATE(*NONE) required.

CPF6729

No authority to file data on volume &2 device &1.

CPF6730

Cannot access file sequence number &5.

CPF6731

File label &5 not found on volume &2.

- CPF6745**
Device &1 not a media library device.
- CPF6751**
Load failure occurred on device &4.
- CPF6760**
Device &1 not ready.
- CPF6772**
Volume on device &1 cannot be processed.
- CPF9814**
Device &1 not found.
- CPF9825**
Not authorized to device &1.
- CPF9845**
Error occurred while opening file &1.
- CPF9846**
Error while processing file &1 in library &2.
- CPF9847**
Error occurred while closing file &1 in library &2.
- CPF9850**
Override of printer file &1 not allowed.

Top

Dump Trace (DMPTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump Trace (DMPTRC) command copies data from the vertical microcode (VMC) trace table to a database file. You can run the job interactively or submit it as a batch job. (Batch jobs will run under the submitter's job description and user profile.)

Restrictions:

- This command is shipped with public *EXCLUDE authority.
- To use this command you must have *SERVICE special authority, or be authorized to the Service Trace function of the operating system through iSeries Navigator's Application Administration support. The Change Function Usage (CHGFCNUSG) CL command or the Change Function Usage Information (QSYCHFUI) API, with a function ID of QIBM_SERVICE_TRACE, can also be used to change the list of users that are allowed to perform trace operations.
- The following user profiles have authority to this command:
 - QSRV
 - QPGMR

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
MBR	Member	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
LIB	Library	<i>Name</i> , <u>QPFRRDATA</u>	Optional
JOBQ	Job queue	Single values: *NONE Other values: <i>Qualified object name</i>	Optional
	Qualifier 1: Job queue	<i>Name</i> , <u>QCTL</u>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name</i> , <u>QSYS</u> , *LIBL, *CURLIB	
TEXT	Text 'description'	<i>Character value</i> , *BLANK	Optional

Top

Member (MBR)

Specifies the member of the database file in which the trace table data is to be dumped.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the database file member to be used.

Top

Library (LIB)

Specifies the library where the database file for trace data is located. If the file is not found in the specified library, the system automatically creates it in that library.

QPFRDATA

IBM-supplied performance data library QPFRDATA is to be used.

name Specify the name of the library to be used.

Top

Job queue (JOBQ)

Specifies the job queue to be used if you want this Dump Trace (DMPTRC) command to run as a batch job.

Single values

*NONE

No job is submitted. The DMPTRC request runs interactively.

Qualifier 1: Job queue

QCTL Job queue QCTL is to be used.

name Specify the name of the job queue to be used.

Qualifier 2: Library

QSYS The IBM-supplied system library, QSYS, is used to locate the job queue.

*LIBL All libraries in the library list for the current job are searched until the first match is found.

*CURLIB

The current library for the job is searched. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, the QGPL library is used.

name Specify the name of the library to be searched.

Top

Text 'description' (TEXT)

Specifies the text that briefly describes the database member.

*BLANK

No text is specified.

character-value

Specify no more than 50 characters of text, enclosed in apostrophes.

Top

Examples

DMPTRC MBR(TUESAM)

This command causes existing VMC trace data to be written to the member TUESAM in library QPFRDATA. The file used is QAPMDMPT. The request is submitted to the job queue QCTL in library QSYS. It runs as a batch job.

[Top](#)

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF0A81

Performance trace cannot be sent to database file.

CPF0A82

Performance trace cannot be sent to database file.

CPF2110

Library &1 not found.

CPF3307

Job queue &1 in &2 not found.

CPF7207

Not able to start &2. Return code &3.

[Top](#)

Dump User Trace (DMPUSRTRC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Dump User Trace Buffer (DMPUSRTRC) command formats trace records in the user trace buffer for the specified job. The formatted trace records can be written to a database file or to the **stdout** special file.

Trace records are written to a user trace buffer using the Qp0zUprintf, Qp0zDump, Qp0zDumpStack, and Qp0zDumpTargetStack APIs. Refer to the System API Reference information in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/iseries/infocenter>, **OS/400 UNIX-type APIs** for more information on the Problem Determination APIs.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
JOB	Job name	Single values: * Other values: <i>Qualified job name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
	Qualifier 1: Job name	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: User	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 3: Number	000000-999999	
TRCRCID	Trace record identifiers	Values (up to 2 repetitions): *THD , *JOB	Optional
OUTPUT	Output	*FILE , *STDOUT	Optional
SLTTHD	Thread IDs to include	Single values: *ALL Other values (up to 8 repetitions): <i>Hexadecimal value</i>	Optional
OMTTHD	Thread IDs to exclude	Single values: *NONE Other values (up to 8 repetitions): <i>Hexadecimal value</i>	Optional

Top

Job name (JOB)

Specifies the job for which the user trace buffer is being dumped.

The possible values are:

* The user trace buffer for the job that the command is running in is dumped.

job-name

Specify the name of the job whose user trace buffer is being dumped. If no user name or job number qualifier is given, all of the jobs currently in the system are searched for the simple job name. If duplicates of the specified name are found, a qualified job name must be specified.

user-name

Specify the name of the user of the job whose user trace buffer is being dumped.

job-number

Specify the six-digit number of the job whose user trace buffer is being dumped.

Trace record identifiers (TRCRCID)

Specifies the record identifiers to be used in the formatted tracepoint records. Up to two identifiers can be specified.

The possible values are:

***THD** Thread identifiers are used. Each identifier contains eight hexadecimal digits.

***JOB** Job identifiers are used. Each identifier contains the six-digit job number portion of the qualified job name.

Top

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies where the output from the command is directed to.

The possible values are:

***FILE** The output is written to member QP0Znnnnnn in database file QAP0ZDMP in library QTEMP where 'nnnnnn' is the six-digit job number portion of the qualified job name.

***STDOUT**
The output is written to the **stdout** special file.

Top

Thread IDs to include (SLTTHD)

Specifies a list of up to eight threads whose trace records are to be included. Only trace records for threads with the specified thread identifiers are included.

Note: This parameter and the OMTTHD parameter are mutually exclusive.

The possible values are:

***ALL** All trace records are included, unless excluded by another selection value.

thread-identifier
Specify the thread identifiers of up to eight threads whose trace records are to be included.

Top

Thread IDs to exclude (OMTTHD)

Specifies a list of up to eight threads whose trace records are to be excluded. Trace records for all threads except those specified are included.

Note: This parameter and the SLTTHD parameter are mutually exclusive.

The possible values are:

***NONE**
No trace records are excluded based on their thread identifier.

thread-identifier

Specify the thread identifiers of up to eight threads whose trace records are to be excluded.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Dumping the Current User Trace Information

```
DMPUSRTRC
```

This command formats the user trace information for the current job and writes the formatted trace records to file QAP0ZDMP in library QTEMP.

Example 2: Dumping a Trace for a Specific Job

```
DMPUSRTRC JOB(004842/ACCT/WS6) OUTPUT(*STDOUT)
```

This command formats the user trace information for job WS6, which is associated with the user profile ACCT, and has the job number 004842, writing the formatted trace records to the *stdout* special file.

Top

Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFA98B

The User Trace buffer associated with job &3/&2/&1 could not be dumped.

CPFA98C

Job &3/&2/&1 not unique.

Top

Do Group (DO)

Where allowed to run:

- Batch program (*BPGM)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)

Threadsafe: Yes

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Do (DO) command allows you to group commands within a CL procedure; it is used with the ENDDO command to identify a group of commands that are processed together as a group. Usually, the DO command specifies the starting of a group of commands that are processed as a result of a decision made by the processing of an IF command. However, the DO command does not have to be associated with an IF command. When used with an IF command, the DO command can be either the true part of the decision (that is, the value of the THEN parameter of the IF command), or the false part of a decision (on the ELSE command). Every Do group must be ended by the ENDDO command. Do groups can be nested within other Do groups, but each group must have an ENDDO command to end its level of nesting.

Restrictions: This command is valid only within a CL procedure.

There are no parameters for this command.

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Parameters

None

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Examples

Example 1: Processing a Group of Commands Unconditionally

```
DO
: (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
```

The commands between the DO and ENDDO commands are processed once, as a group of commands.

Example 2: Processing a Group of Commands Conditionally

```
IF &SWITCH DO
: (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
```

The commands between the DO and ENDDO commands are processed if the value in the logical variable &SWITCH is '1'. If &SWITCH is not '1', then control passes immediately to the next command following the ENDDO command.

[Top](#)

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Do For (DOFOR)

Where allowed to run:

- Batch program (*BPGM)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)

Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Do For (DOFOR) command processes a group of CL commands zero or more times based on the values specified for the command.

The loop control CL variable (VAR parameter) is set to the initial value (FROM parameter) and compared to the loop termination value (TO parameter). If the loop increment value (BY parameter) is positive or zero and the control variable is less than or equal the termination value, the commands between the DOFOR and matching ENDDO command are processed. If the loop increment value is negative and the control variable is greater than or equal the termination value, the commands between the DOFOR and matching ENDDO command are processed.

When control reaches the ENDDO command, the loop control variable is adjusted by the loop increment value and compared to the loop termination value. If the control variable is greater than the termination value (if BY is positive or zero) or less than the termination value (if BY is negative), control goes to the command following the ENDDO command. Otherwise, control goes to the first command following the DOFOR statement (the top of the loop).

Restrictions:

- This command is valid only in CL procedures.
- Up to 25 levels of nested DO, DOWHILE, DOUNTIL, and DOFOR commands are allowed.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
VAR	CL variable name	<i>CL variable name</i>	Required, Positional 1
FROM	From value	<i>Integer</i>	Required, Positional 2
TO	To value	<i>Integer</i>	Required, Positional 3
BY	By value	<i>Integer, <u>1</u></i>	Optional

Top

CL variable name (VAR)

Specifies the CL variable used to control the DOFOR loop. The variable must be of type *INT or *UINT. The name must start with an ampersand (&).

This is a required parameter.

CL-integer-variable-name

Specify the name of an integer variable to be used as the loop control.

Top

From value (FROM)

Specifies the initial value of the CL variable used to control the DOFOR loop. The value must be specified as an integer constant, a CL variable declared as type *INT or *UINT, or an expression which results in an integer value. The initial value is assigned to the loop control CL variable (VAR parameter) only once, prior to processing the group of CL commands between the DOFOR command and the corresponding ENDDO command.

This is a required parameter.

integer

Specify the constant integer value for initializing the VAR parameter.

CL-integer-variable-name

Specify the name of an integer variable to be used as initial value for the loop.

integer-expression

Specify an expression whose result will be treated as an integer value.

Top

To value (TO)

Specifies the final value to compare to the control variable (VAR parameter) to control the DOFOR loop. The value must be specified as an integer constant, a CL variable declared as type *INT or *UINT, or an expression which results in an integer value. The loop control CL variable (VAR parameter) will be compared to this final value before processing the group of CL commands between the DOFOR and corresponding ENDDO statement, and after each loop iteration.

- If the BY parameter value is negative, the loop ends when the loop control variable is less than the TO value.
- If the BY parameter value is positive (or zero), the loop ends when the loop control variable is greater than the TO value.

This is a required parameter.

integer

Specify the constant value to be used to be used as the terminating value for the loop.

CL-integer-variable-name

Specify the name of an integer variable to be used as the terminating value for the loop.

integer-expression

Specify an expression whose result will be treated as an integer value.

Top

By value (BY)

Specifies the amount to add to the loop control variable (VAR parameter) after each iteration of the loop. The value must be specified as an integer constant; the value can be positive or negative or zero.

1 Increments the control variable specified for the **CL variable name (VAR)** parameter by 1 each time through the loop.

integer

Specify the constant value to be added to the control variable specified for the VAR parameter.

Top

Examples

Example 1: DOFOR Command Group Fixed Number of Times

```
DCL VAR(&INT) TYPE(*INT) LEN(2)
:
DOFOR VAR(&INT) FROM(1) TO(10)
: (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
```

The group of commands between the DOFOR and ENDDO will be processed 10 times. CL variable &INT will be set to the initial value of 1 and compared to the loop termination value of 10. After each loop iteration, &INT will be incremented by 1 (the default for the BY parameter). After the tenth loop iteration, &INT will have a value of 11 and control will go the command that follows the ENDDO statement.

Note: If the value of CL variable &INT is changed within the group of CL commands in the DOFOR loop, the loop could be processed more or less than 10 times.

Example 2: DOFOR Using Variables for FROM and TO

```
DCL VAR(&INT) TYPE(*INT) LEN(2)
DCL VAR(&START) TYPE(*INT) LEN(2)
DCL VAR(&END) TYPE(*INT) LEN(2)
:
CHGVAR VAR(&START) VALUE(100)
CHGVAR VAR(&END) VALUE(0)
:
DOFOR VAR(&INT) FROM(&START) TO(&END) BY(-5)
: (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
```

The group of commands between the DOFOR and ENDDO will be processed 21 times. CL variable &INT will be set to the initial value of 100 and compared to the loop termination value of 0. Because the increment value is negative, the loop is processed until &INT is less than 0. After each loop iteration, &INT will be decremented by 5 and compared to the TO value. After the twenty-first loop iteration, &INT will have a value of -5 and control will go the command that follows the ENDDO statement.

Note: If the values of CL variables &INT or &END are changed within the group of CL commands in the DOFOR loop, the loop could be processed more or less than 21 times. Changing the value of CL variable &START inside the loop will not affect the loop behavior since &START is only used to set the loop control variable (&INT) prior to the first loop iteration.

Top

Error messages

None

Top

Do Until (DOUNTIL)

Where allowed to run:

- Batch program (*BPGM)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)

Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Do Until (DOUNTIL) command processes a group of CL commands one or more times. After the commands in the group have been processed, the logical condition is evaluated.

If the logical expression is false (a logical 0), the commands in this Do Until group are processed again for as long as the expression continues to evaluate to false. If the logical expression evaluates to true (a logical 1), control passes to the next command following the associated ENDDO command.

Restrictions:

- This command is valid only in CL procedures.
- Up to 25 levels of nested DO, DOWHILE, DOUNTIL and DOFOR commands are allowed.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
COND	Condition	<i>Logical value</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Condition (COND)

Specifies the logical expression that is evaluated to determine a condition in the program and whether the loop is processed again. Refer to "Logical Expressions" in the CL concepts and reference topic in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter> for a description of logical expressions. Note that variables, constants, and the %SUBSTRING, %SWITCH, and %BINARY built-in functions can be used within the expression.

This is a required parameter.

logical-value

Specify the name of a CL logical variable or a logical expression.

Top

Examples

Example 1: DOUNTIL Command Group

```
DCL  VAR(&INT)  TYPE(*INT)  LEN(2)  VALUE(10)
:
DOUNTIL  COND(&INT *GT 100)
:  (group of CL commands)
  CHGVAR  VAR(&INT)  VALUE(&INT + &VAL)
ENDDO
```

The group of commands between the DOUNTIL and ENDDO will be processed until the value of &INT is greater than 100 when the ENDDO command is processed. The contents of the DOUNTIL group will be processed at least once regardless of the value of &INT at the beginning of the group.

Example 2: DOUNTIL Forever Command Group

```
DOUNTIL  COND('0')
:  (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
```

The group of commands between the DOUNTIL and ENDDO will be processed until either a LEAVE or GOTO command is encountered.

[Top](#)

Error messages

None

[Top](#)

Do While (DOWHILE)

Where allowed to run:

- Batch program (*BPGM)
- Interactive program (*IPGM)

Threadsafe: Yes

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Do While (DOWHILE) command evaluates a logical expression and conditionally processes CL procedure commands according to the evaluation of the expression. If the logical expression is true (a logical 1), the commands in this Do While group are processed as long as the expression continues to evaluate to TRUE. If the logical expression evaluates to false (a logical 0), control passes to the next command following the associated ENDDO command.

Restrictions:

- This command is valid only within a CL procedure.
- Up to 25 levels of nested DO, DOWHILE, DOUNTIL, and DOFOR commands are allowed.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
COND	Condition	<i>Logical value</i>	Required, Positional 1

Top

Condition (COND)

Specifies the logical expression that is evaluated to determine a condition in the program and whether the loop is processed again. Refer to "Logical Expressions" in the CL concepts and reference topic in the iSeries Information Center at <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/series/infocenter> for a description of logical expressions. Note that variables, constants, and the %SUBSTRING, %SWITCH, and %BINARY built-in functions can be used within the expression.

This is a required parameter.

logical-value

Specify the name of a CL logical variable or a logical expression.

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Examples

Example 1: DOWHILE Command Group That is Never Processed

```
DCL  VAR(&LGL)  TYPE(*LGL)  VALUE('0')    /* False */
:
DOWHILE  COND(&LGL)
:  (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
:
```

The group of commands between the DOWHILE and ENDDO will not be processed because the initial value of &LGL is false. Control will pass to the command following the ENDDO.

Example 2: DOWHILE Forever Command Group

```
DCL  VAR(&LGL)  TYPE(*LGL)  VALUE('1') /* True */
:
DOWHILE &LGL
:  (group of CL commands)
ENDDO
:
```

The group of commands between the DOWHILE and ENDDO will be processed until the value of &LGL is set to false (a logical 0). This loop will continue until a LEAVE command or a GOTO command specifying a label outside the DOWHILE group is run.

[Top](#)

Error messages

None

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Disconnect Job (DSCJOB)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Disconnect Job (DSCJOB) command allows the interactive user to disconnect all interactive jobs at the workstation and return to the sign-on display.

Restrictions:

1. A job being disconnected must be an interactive job.
2. A job which is being held cannot be disconnected.
3. A pass-through job cannot be disconnected unless the user has used the system request function to return to the source system from the pass-through target system.
4. The command must be issued from within the job being disconnected, or the issuer of the command must be running under a user profile which is the same as the job user identity of the job being disconnected, or the issuer of the command must be running under a user profile which has job control (*JOBCTL) special authority. The job user identity is the name of the user profile by which a job is known to other jobs. It is described in more detail in the Work Management book.
5. A job cannot be disconnected if PC organizer is active.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
LOG	Job log	*NOLIST, *LIST	Optional, Positional 1
DROP	Drop line	*DEVLD, *YES, *NO	Optional, Positional 2
JOB	Job name	Single values: * Other values: <i>Qualified job name</i>	Optional, Positional 3
	Qualifier 1: Job name	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: User	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 3: Number	000000-999999	
DUPJOB OPT	Duplicate job option	*SELECT, *MSG	Optional

Top

Job log (LOG)

Specifies whether the job log for this interactive job is deleted or is included in the job's spooled output for printing. This entry takes precedence over the LOG parameter value specified for the job. This parameter has meaning only if the disconnected job is canceled due to the disconnect time interval being exceeded. The time interval is defined by system value QDSCJOBITV.

*NOLIST

The information in the job log is deleted.

*LIST The job log, and the rest of the job's spooled output, is spooled for printing.

Drop line (DROP)

Specifies whether the switched line attached to the work station is disconnected (dropped) if no other work stations on the same line are signed on. This parameter is ignored if the work station is attached to a nonswitched line.

*DEV

The value specified in the **Drop line at signoff (DROP)** parameter of the work station's device description is used.

***YES** The switched line is disconnected when the job is ended if no other work stations are signed on the line.

***NO** The switched line is not disconnected when the job is ended.

Job name (JOB)

Specifies the name of a job being disconnected from a work station. The job or jobs that are disconnected from a work station can be reconnected if the same user signs on the same work station.

Note: You must have job control (*JOBCTL) special authority to specify the name of an active or interactive job.

Single values

***** The jobs associated with the work station that issued this command are disconnected.

Qualifier 1: Job name

name Specify the name of the job. If no additional job qualifiers are given, all of the jobs currently in the system are searched for the name of the job. If duplicates of the specified name are found, a qualified job name must be specified.

Qualifier 2: User

name Specify the user name that identifies the user profile under which the job is started. Specifying the user as a qualifier is only necessary if a duplicate job name exists for different users. If a duplicate job name exists for the same user, the job must be qualified with the job number.

Qualifier 3: Number

000000-999999

Specify the system-assigned job number. Specifying the job number as a qualifier is only necessary if a duplicate job name exists for the same user.

Duplicate job option (DUPJOB OPT)

Specifies the action taken when duplicate jobs are found by this command.

*SELECT

The selection display is shown when duplicate jobs are found during an interactive session. Otherwise, a message is issued.

***MSG** A message is issued when duplicate jobs are found.

Top

Examples

Example 1: Disconnecting All Interactive Jobs

```
DSCJOB
```

This command enables the user of the work station to disconnect all the interactive jobs associated with the work station. The switched line is dropped only if that is specified in the work station device description of this work station and if no other work station on this line is active. If the job is disconnected when the disconnect interval in the QDSCJOBTV system value is reached, the job is ended and the job log is not included with the job's spooled output.

Example 2: Disconnecting Job Without Releasing Switched Line

```
DSCJOB LOG(*LIST) DROP(*NO)
```

This command disconnects the interactive job, but the switched line is not released. If the job is ended due to the QDSCJOBTV system value, the job log is included with the job's spooled output.

Example 3: Deleting Information in Job Log

```
DSCJOB LOG(*NOLIST) DROP(*DEVD) JOB(123497/DEPT1/DSP04)
```

This command disconnects the interactive job 123497/DEPT1/DSP04 and any other jobs on that work station, for example, secondary jobs or group jobs. If the job is disconnected when the disconnect interval in the QDSCJOBTV system value is reached, the job is ended and the job log is not included with the job's spooled output. The work station device description is checked to determine whether the switched line is disconnected.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF1317

No response from subsystem for job &3/&2/&1.

CPF1321

Job &1 user &2 job number &3 not found.

CPF1332

End of duplicate job names.

CPF1333

Disconnect Job (DSCJOB) command not allowed for this job at this time.

CPF1344

Not authorized to control job &3/&2/&1.

CPF1351

Function check occurred in subsystem for job &3/&2/&1.

CPF1353

DSCJOB command not allowed for this job now.

CPF1354

DSCJOB command not allowed for this job now.

CPF1355

DSCJOB command not allowed for this job.

CPF1358

DSCJOB not allowed.

CPF1385

Disconnect Job (DSCJOB) command not allowed for this job at this time.

CPF1386

DSCJOB is not valid.

CPF1387

DSCJOB is not valid.

CPF1388

DSCJOB command not allowed at this device.

CPF1389

Disconnect Job (DSCJOB) command not allowed for this job at this time.

CPF1391

DSCJOB command not allowed for this job now.

CPF1656

Disconnect job not allowed for test request jobs.

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Display Access Code (DSPACC)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Display Access Code (DSPACC) command shows the access codes currently defined on the system. The display shows both the access code number and the descriptive text associated with the access code. The entries on the display are shown in numeric order from the lowest number to the highest number.

Top

Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OUTPUT	Output	*, *PRINT _	Optional, Positional 1

Top

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies whether the output from the command is displayed at the requesting work station or printed with the job's spooled output.

* The output is displayed at the requesting work station if requested by an interactive job. If this is not an interactive job, the output is printed with the job's spooled output.

*PRINT The output is printed with the job's spooled output.

Top

Examples

DSPACC

This command, if entered interactively, displays all access codes currently on the system.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF9845

Error occurred while opening file &1.

CPF9846

Error while processing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9847

Error occurred while closing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9850

Override of printer file &1 not allowed.

CPF9851

Overflow value for file &1 in &2 too small.

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Display Access Code Authority (DSPACCAUT)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Display Access Code Authority (DSPACCAUT) command allows you to show access codes for which a user or group of users have authority. The display shows a list of user profile names, as well as the access codes to which each user is authorized. The access codes are in numeric sequence for each user.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
USER	User profile	Single values: *CURRENT, *ALL Other values (up to 300 repetitions): <i>Name</i>	Optional, Positional 1
OUTPUT	Output	*, *_PRINT	Optional, Positional 2

Top

User profile (USER)

Specifies the user profile name for which authorized access codes are displayed.

*CURRENT

Your access codes are displayed.

***ALL** All user profile names for users in the system distribution directory and their associated access code authority are displayed. Only the users that have associated access codes are displayed.

name Specify the name of the user profile for which the access codes are to be displayed.

Top

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies whether the output from the command is displayed at the requesting work station or printed with the job's spooled output.

_ The output is displayed at the requesting work station if requested by an interactive job. If this is not an interactive job, the output is printed with the job's spooled output.

***PRINT**

The output is printed with the job's spooled output.

Top

Examples

DSPACCAUT USER(*CURRENT) OUTPUT(*PRINT)

This command prints all access codes to which the current user is authorized.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF9022

Access code authority not displayed because error occurred.

CPF9845

Error occurred while opening file &1.

CPF9846

Error while processing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9847

Error occurred while closing file &1 in library &2.

CPF9850

Override of printer file &1 not allowed.

CPF9851

Overflow value for file &1 in &2 too small.

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Display Active Prestart Jobs (DSPACTPJ)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Display Active Prestart Jobs (DSPACTPJ) command displays statistics and performance information for active prestart jobs associated with a prestart job entry in an active subsystem.

Information on the display is collected from the time the reset key is pressed or from the time the prestart job entry is started. The prestart job entry is either started when the subsystem starts or when the Start Prestart Jobs (STRPJ) command is used. Values that are averages are based on calculations involving time intervals and become inaccurate if the system clock is changed.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
SBS	Subsystem	<i>Name</i>	Required, Positional 1
PGM	Program	<i>Qualified object name</i>	Required, Positional 2
	Qualifier 1: Program	<i>Name</i>	
	Qualifier 2: Library	<i>Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB</i>	
OUTPUT	Output	<i>*, *PRINT</i>	Optional

Top

Subsystem (SBS)

Specifies the name of the active subsystem that contains the prestart job entry.

This is a required parameter.

name Specify the name of the active subsystem that contains the active prestart job entry.

Top

Program (PGM)

Specifies the program that identifies the active prestart job entry.

This is a required parameter.

Qualifier 1: Program

name Specify the name of the program.

Qualifier 2: Library

*LIBL All libraries in the thread's library list are searched until a match is found.

***CURLIB**

The current library for the thread is used to locate the object. If no library is specified as the current library for the thread, the QGPL library is used.

name Specify the library where the program is located.

Top

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies whether the output from the command is displayed at the requesting work station or printed with the job's spooled output.

*
- The output is displayed for interactive jobs or printed with the job's spooled output for non-interactive jobs.

***PRINT**

The output is printed with the job's spooled output.

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Examples

Example 1: Displaying Job Information

```
DSPACTPJ  SBS(PJSBS)  PGM(QGPL/PGM1)
```

This command displays information for the prestart job entry in subsystem PJSBS with program PGM1 in the QGPL library.

Example 2: Printing Job Information

```
DSPACTPJ  SBS(PJSBS)  PGM(QGPL/PGM2)  OUTPUT(*PRINT)
```

This command prints active prestart job information for the prestart job entry in the active subsystem PJSBS with program PGM2 in the QGPL library.

Top

Error messages

***ESCAPE Messages**

CPF1317

No response from subsystem for job &3/&2/&1.

CPF1351

Function check occurred in subsystem for job &3/&2/&1.

CPF1833

Display Active Prestart Job command is not currently allowed.

CPF1834

Prestart job entry for program &1 in &2 does not exist.

CPF9801

Object &2 in library &3 not found.

CPF9810

Library &1 not found.

CPF9871

Error occurred while processing.

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Display Active Profile List (DSPACTPRFL)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

[Parameters](#)
[Examples](#)
[Error messages](#)

The Display Active Profile List (DSPACTPRFL) command displays the list of user profiles that will always be considered active and therefore will not be disabled by the Analyze Profile Activity (ANZPRFACT) command function. Those IBM user profiles which are never considered to be inactive will not be listed. This information was gathered from the Change Active Profile List (CHGACTPRFL) command. If the Display Active Profile List (DSPACTPRFL) command is issued before the CHGACTPRFL command, an empty report will be produced.

Restriction: You must have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority to run this command.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OUTPUT	Output	*, *_PRINT	Optional, Positional 1

[Top](#)

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies whether the output from the command is shown at the requesting work station or printed.

* Output requested by an interactive job is shown on the display. Output requested by a batch job is printed with the job's spooled output.

***PRINT**

The output is printed with the job's spooled output.

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Examples

```
DSPACTPRFL OUTPUT(*PRINT)
```

This command prints the list of profiles that are always considered active by the Analyze Profile Activity (ANZPRFACT) command.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPFEB304

User does not have required special authorities.

Display Activation Schedule (DSPACTSCD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)
Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Display Activation Schedule (DSPACTSCD) command displays user profiles with their enable and disable time, and the days the profiles will be activated. This information is in file QASECACT in library QUSRSYS and was gathered from the Change Activation Schedule Entry (CHGACTSCDE) command.

Restriction: You must have all object (*ALLOBJ) special authority to run this command.

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Parameters

Keyword	Description	Choices	Notes
OUTPUT	Output	*, *PRINT _	Optional, Positional 1

Top

Output (OUTPUT)

Specifies whether the output from the command is shown at the requesting work station or printed.

* Output requested by an interactive job is shown on the display. Output requested by a batch job
_ is printed with the job's spooled output.

***PRINT**

The output is printed with the job's spooled output.

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Examples

```
DSPACTSCD OUTPUT(*PRINT)
```

This command prints the activation schedule with the job's spooled output.

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Error messages

*ESCAPE Messages

CPF304

User does not have required special authorities.

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